**** WARNING ** WARNING ** WARNING ** WARNING ****
This document is intended for informational purposes only.

Users are cautioned that Caltrans does not assume any liability or responsibility based on these electronic files or for any defective or incomplete copying, exerpting, scanning, faxing or downloading of the contract documents. As always, for the official paper versions of the bidders and non-bidder packages, write to the California Department of Transportation, Plans and Bid Documents, Room 0200, P.O. Box 942874, Sacramento, CA 94272-0001, telephone (916) 654-4490 or fax (916) 654-7028. Office hours are 7:30 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. When ordering bidder or non-bidder packages it is important that you include a telephone and fax number, P.O. Box and street address so that you can receive addenda.

Note: Addenda information is NOT included with the electronic documents available via electronic file transfer. Only bidder or non-bidder package holders listed with the Caltrans Plans and Bid Documents section as described above will receive addenda information.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
AND
SPECIAL PROVISIONS

FOR CONSTRUCTION ON STATE HIGHWAY IN

ALAMEDA AND CONTRA COSTA COUNTIES IN OAKLAND AND ORINDA AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS FROM CLAREMONT AVENUE UNDERCROSSING TO 0.8 km EAST OF CAMINO PABLO ROAD

DISTRICT 04, ROUTE 24

For Use in Connection with Standard Specifications Dated JULY 1999, Standard Plans Dated JULY 1999, and Labor Surcharge and Equipment Rental Rates.

CONTRACT NO. 04-151754

04-Ala,CC-24-R5.3/10.1,R0.0/4.5

Bids Open: August 29, 2000
Dated: July 31, 2000

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IMPORTANT SPECIAL NOTICES

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- **SURETY 2000**
  Caltrans is conducting a pilot program in cooperation with Surety 2000, to test electronic bond verification systems. The purpose of the pilot program is to test the use of Surety 2000 for verifying a bidder's bond electronically.

  Surety 2000 is an Internet-based surety verification and security system, developed in conjunction with the surety industry. Surety agents may contact Surety 2000 at 1-800-660-3263.

  Bidders are encouraged to participate in the pilot program. To participate, the bidder is asked to provide the "Authorization Code" provided by Surety 2000, on a separate sheet, together with the standard bidder's bond required by the specifications. The bidder's surety agent may obtain the "Authorization Code" from Surety 2000.

  The Department will use the "Authorization Code" to access the Surety 2000 database, and independently verify the actual bidder's bond and document the functioning of the Surety 2000 system.

  "Authorization Codes" will be used only to verify bidder's bonds, and only as part of the pilot program. The use of "Authorization Codes" will not be accepted in lieu of the bidder's bond or other bidder's security required in the specifications during the pilot study.

  The function of the Surety 2000 system is to provide an easier way for Contractors to protect their bid security, and to discourage fraud. This system is available to all California admitted sureties and surety agents.

  The results of the pilot study will be tabulated, and at some time in the future, the Department may consider accepting electronic bidder's bond verification in lieu of the bidder's bond specified.

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STANDARD PLANS LIST

The Standard Plan sheets applicable to this contract include, but are not limited to those indicated below. The Revised Standard Plans (RSP) and New Standard Plans (NSP) which apply to this contract are included as individual sheets of the project plans.

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A10B	Symbols
A77A	Metal Beam Guard Railing – Typical Wood Post With Wood Block
A77B	Metal Beam Guard Railing - Standard Hardware
A77C	Metal Beam Guard Railing – Wood Post and Wood Block Details
A77D	Metal Beam Guard Railing – Typical Layouts
A77G	Metal Beam Guard Railing – End Treatment, Terminal Anchor Assembly (Type SFT)
A77H	Metal Beam Guard Railing - Anchor Cable and Anchor Plate Details
T1A	Temporary Crash Cushion, Sand Filled (Unidirectional)
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T2	Temporary Crash Cushion, Sand Filled (Shoulder Installations)
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ES-8	Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Pull Box Details
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ES-13A	Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Splicing Details
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State Project with DVBE Goals (06-14-00)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

CONTRACT NO. 04-151754

04-Ala,CC-24-R5.3/10.1,R0.0/4.5

Sealed proposals for the work shown on the plans entitled:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA; DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION; PROJECT PLANS FOR CONSTRUCTION ON STATE HIGHWAY IN ALAMEDA AND CONTRA COSTA COUNTIES IN OAKLAND AND ORINDA AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS FROM CLAREMONT AVENUE UNDERCROSSING TO 0.8 km EAST OF CAMINO PABLO ROAD

will be received at the Department of Transportation, 1120 N Street, Room 0200, MS #26, Sacramento, CA 95814, until 2 o'clock p.m. on August 29, 2000, at which time they will be publicly opened and read in Room 0100 at the same address.

Proposal forms for this work are included in a separate book entitled:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA; DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION; PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT FOR CONSTRUCTION ON STATE HIGHWAY IN ALAMEDA AND CONTRA COSTA COUNTIES IN OAKLAND AND ORINDA AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS FROM CLAREMONT AVENUE UNDERCROSSING TO 0.8 km EAST OF CAMINO PABLO ROAD

General work description: Traffic operations system.

This project has a goal of 3 percent disabled veteran business enterprise (DVBE) participation.

No prebid meeting is scheduled for this project.

Bids are required for the entire work described herein.

At the time this contract is awarded, the Contractor shall possess a Class A license, a Class C-7 license, a Class C-10 license or a Class C-51 license.

The Contractor must also be properly licensed at the time the bid is submitted, except that on a joint venture bid a joint venture license may be obtained by a combination of licenses after bid opening but before award in conformance with Business and Professions Code, Section 7029.1.

This contract is subject to state contract nondiscrimination and compliance requirements pursuant to Government Code, Section 12990.

Preference will be granted to bidders properly certified as a "Small Business" as determined by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business Certification and Resources at the time of bid opening in conformance with the provisions in Section 2-1.05, "Small Business Preference," of the special provisions, and Section 1896 et seq, Title 2, California Code of Regulations. A form for requesting a "Small Business" preference is included with the bid documents. Applications for status as a "Small Business" must be submitted to the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business Certification and Resources, 1531 "I" Street, Second Floor, Sacramento, CA 95814, Telephone No. (916) 322-5060.

A reciprocal preference will be granted to "California company" bidders in conformance with Section 6107 of the Public Contract Code. (See Sections 2 and 3 of the special provisions.) A form for indicating whether bidders are or are not a "California company" is included in the bid documents and is to be filled in and signed by all bidders.

Project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms for bidding this project can only be obtained at the Department of Transportation, Plans and Bid Documents, Room 0200, MS #26, Transportation Building, 1120 N Street, Sacramento, California 95814, FAX No. (916) 654-7028, Telephone No. (916) 654-4490. Use FAX orders to expedite orders for project plans, special provisions and proposal forms. FAX orders must include credit card charge number, card expiration date and authorizing signature. Project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms may be seen at the above Department of Transportation office and at the offices of the District Directors of Transportation at Irvine, Oakland, and the district in which the work is situated. Standard Specifications and Standard Plans are available through the State of California, Department of Transportation, Publications Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, CA 95815, Telephone No. (916) 445-3520.

Cross sections for this project are not available.

The successful bidder shall furnish a payment bond and a performance bond.

Pursuant to Section 1773 of the Labor Code, the general prevailing wage rates in the county, or counties, in which the work is to be done have been determined by the Director of the California Department of Industrial Relations. These wages are set forth in the General Prevailing Wage Rates for this project, available at the Labor Compliance Office at the offices of the District Director of Transportation for the district in which the work is situated, and available from the California Department of Industrial Relations' Internet Web Site at: http://www.dir.ca.gov. Future effective general prevailing wage rates which have been predetermined and are on file with the Department of Industrial Relations are referenced but not printed in the general prevailing wage rates.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Deputy Director Transportation Engineering

Dated July 31, 2000

RS

COPY OF ENGINEER'S ESTIMATE

(NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING PURPOSES)

04-151754

Item	Item Code	Item	Unit of Measure	Estimated Quantity
1	019228	LEAD SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS	LS	LUMP SUM
2	074018	HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN	LS	LUMP SUM
3	120090	CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS	LS	LUMP SUM
4	120100	TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM	LS	LUMP SUM
5 (F)	560218	FURNISH SIGN STRUCTURE (TRUSS)	KG	8148
6 (F)	560219	INSTALL SIGN STRUCTURE (TRUSS)	KG	8148
7	561012	1220 MM CAST-IN-DRILLED-HOLE CONCRETE PILE (SIGN FOUNDATION)	M	11
8 (S)	832001	METAL BEAM GUARD RAILING	M	10
9 (S)	019229	TERMINAL ANCHOR ASSEMBLY (TYPE SFT)	EA	1
10 (S)	839552	TERMINAL SECTION (TYPE C)	EA	1
11 (S)	839565	TERMINAL SYSTEM (TYPE SRT)	EA	1
12	019230	CAMERA UNIT	EA	2
13	019231	PAN AND TILT UNIT	EA	2
14	019232	CAMERA CONTROL UNIT	EA	2
15	019233	VIDEO ENCODER UNIT	EA	2
16	019234	INTEGRATED SERVICES DIGITAL NETWORK (ISDN) TERMINAL ADAPTER	EA	2
17	019235	TRAFFIC OPERATIONS SYSTEM	LS	LUMP SUM

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Annexed to Contract No. 04-151754

SECTION 1. SPECIFICATIONS AND PLANS

The work embraced herein shall conform to the provisions in the Standard Specifications dated July 1999, and the Standard Plans dated July 1999, of the Department of Transportation insofar as the same may apply, and these special provisions.

Amendments to the Standard Specifications set forth in these special provisions shall be considered as part of the Standard Specifications for the purposes set forth in Section 5-1.04, "Coordination and Interpretation of Plans, Standard Specifications and Special Provisions," of the Standard Specifications. Whenever either the term "Standard Specifications is amended" or the term "Standard Specifications are amended" is used in the special provisions, the indented text or table following the term shall be considered an amendment to the Standard Specifications. In case of conflict between such amendments and the Standard Specifications, the amendments shall take precedence over and be used in lieu of the conflicting portions.

In case of conflict between the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, the special provisions shall take precedence over and shall be used in lieu of the conflicting portions.

SECTION 2. PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

2-1.01 GENERAL

The bidder's attention is directed to the provisions in Section 2, "Proposal Requirements and Conditions," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions for the requirements and conditions which the bidder must observe in the preparation of the proposal form and the submission of the bid.

In addition to the subcontractors required to be listed in conformance with Section 2-1.054, "Required Listing of Proposed Subcontractors," of the Standard Specifications, each proposal shall have listed therein the name and address of each DVBE subcontractor to be used for credit in meeting the goal, and to whom the bidder proposes to directly subcontract portions of the work. The list of subcontractors shall also set forth the portion of work that will be performed by each subcontractor listed. A sheet for listing the subcontractors is included in the Proposal.

The Bidder's Bond form mentioned in the last paragraph in Section 2-1.07, "Proposal Guaranty," of the Standard Specifications will be found following the signature page of the Proposal.

In conformance with Public Contract Code Section 7106, a Noncollusion Affidavit is included in the Proposal. Signing the Proposal shall also constitute signature of the Noncollusion Affidavit.

Submit request for substitution of an "or equal" item, and the data substantiating the request to the Department of Transportation, Division Of Construction - Duty Senior, Mail Station: 3 - B, 111 Grand Avenue / P. O. Box 23660, Oakland, Ca 94623-0660, so that the request is received by the Department by close of business on the fourth day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening.

2-1.02 DISABLED VETERAN BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DVBE)

Section 10115 of the Public Contract Code requires the Department to implement provisions to establish a goal for Disabled Veterans Business Enterprise (DVBE) in contracts.

It is the policy of the Department that Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE) shall have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts financed solely with state funds. The Contractor shall ensure that DVBEs have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of this contract and shall take all necessary and reasonable steps for this assurance. The Contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the award and performance of subcontracts. Failure to carry out the requirements of this paragraph shall constitute a breach of contract and may result in termination of this contract or other remedy the Department may deem appropriate.

Bidder's attention is directed to the following:

A. "Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise" (DVBE) means a business concern certified as a DVBE by the Office of Small Business Certification and Resources, Department of General Services.
B. A DVBE may participate as a prime contractor, subcontractor, joint venture partner with a prime or subcontractor, or vendor of material or supplies.
C. Credit for DVBE prime contractors will be 100 percent.
D. A DVBE joint venture partner must be responsible for specific contract items of work, or portions thereof. Responsibility means actually performing, managing and supervising the work with its own forces. The DVBE joint venture partner must share in the ownership, control, management responsibilities, risks and profits of the joint venture. The DVBE joint venturer must submit the joint venture agreement with the Caltrans Bidder DVBE Information form required in Section 2-1.04, "Submission of DVBE Information," elsewhere in these special provisions.
E. A DVBE must perform a commercially useful function, i.e., must be responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work and must carry out its responsibility by actually performing, managing and supervising the work.
F. Credit for DVBE vendors of materials or supplies is limited to 60 percent of the amount to be paid to the vendor for the material unless the vendor manufactures or substantially alters the goods.
G. Credit for trucking by DVBEs will be as follows:

    1. One hundred percent of the amount to be paid when a DVBE trucker will perform the trucking with his/her own trucks, tractors and employees.
    2. Twenty percent of the amount to be paid to DVBE trucking brokers who do not have a "certified roster."
    3. One hundred percent of the amount to be paid to DVBE trucking brokers who have signed agreements that all trucking will be performed by DVBE truckers if credit is toward the DVBE goal, a "certified roster" showing that all trucks are owned by DVBEs, and a signed statement on the "certified roster" that indicates that 100 percent of revenue paid by the broker will be paid to the DVBEs listed on the "certified roster."
    4. Twenty percent of the amount to be paid to trucking brokers who are not a DVBE but who have signed agreements with DVBE truckers assuring that at least 20 percent of the trucking will be performed by DVBE truckers if credit is toward the DVBE goal, a "certified roster" showing that at least 20 percent of the number of trucks are owned by DVBE truckers, and a signed statement on the "certified roster" that indicates that at least 20 percent of the revenue paid by the broker will be paid to the DVBEs listed on the "certified roster."

    The "certified roster" referred to herein shall conform to the requirements in Section 2-1.04, "Submission Of DVBE Information," elsewhere in these special provisions.
H. DVBEs and DVBE joint venture partners must be certified DVBEs as determined by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business Certification and Resources, 1531 "I" Street, Second Floor, Sacramento, CA 95814, on the date bids for the project are opened before credit may be allowed toward the DVBE goal. It is the Contractor's responsibility to verify that DVBEs are certified.
I. Noncompliance by the Contractor with these requirements constitutes a breach of this contract and may result in termination of the contract or other appropriate remedy for a breach of this contract.

2-1.03 DVBE GOAL FOR THIS PROJECT

The Department has established the following goal for Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE) participation for this project:

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE): 3 percent.

It is the bidder's responsibility to make a sufficient portion of the work available to subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DVBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to assure meeting the goal for DVBE participation.

The Office of Small Business Certification and Resources, Department of General Services, may be contacted at (916) 322-5060 or visit their internet web site at http://www.osmb.dgs.ca.gov/ for program information and certification status. The Department's Business Enterprise Program may also be contacted at (916) 227-9599 or the internet web site at http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/bep/.

2-1.04 SUBMISSION OF DVBE INFORMATION

The required DVBE information shall be submitted on the "CALTRANS BIDDER - DVBE INFORMATION" form included in the Proposal. If this information is not submitted with the bid, the DVBE information forms shall be removed from the documents prior to submitting the bid.

It is the bidder's responsibility to make enough work available to DVBEs and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DVBEs to meet the goal for DVBE participation or to provide information to establish that, prior to bidding, the bidder made adequate good faith efforts to do so.

If the DVBE information is not submitted with the bid, the apparent successful bidder (low bidder), the second low bidder and the third low bidder shall submit the DVBE information to the Department of Transportation, 1120 N Street, Room 0200, MS #26, Sacramento, California 95814 so the information is received by the Department no later than 4:00 p.m. on the fourth day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening. DVBE information sent by U.S. Postal Service certified mail with return receipt and certificate of mailing and mailed on or before the third day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening will be accepted even if it is received after the fourth day following bid opening. Failure to submit the required DVBE information by the time specified will be grounds for finding the bid or proposal nonresponsive. Other bidders need not submit DVBE information unless requested to do so by the Department.

The bidder's DVBE information shall establish that good faith efforts to meet the DVBE goal have been made. To establish good faith efforts, the bidder shall demonstrate that the goal will be met or that, prior to bidding, adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal were made.

Bidders are cautioned that even though their submittal indicates they will meet the stated DVBE goal, their submittal should also include their adequate good faith efforts information along with their DVBE goal information to protect their eligibility for award of the contract in the event the Department, in its review, finds that the goal has not been met.

The bidder's DVBE information shall include the names of DVBE firms that will participate, with a complete description of work or supplies to be provided by each, the dollar value of each DVBE transaction, and a written confirmation from the DVBE that it is participating in the contract. A copy of the DVBE's quote will serve as written confirmation that the DVBE is participating in the contract. When 100 percent of a contract item of work is not to be performed or furnished by a DVBE, a description of the exact portion of that work to be performed or furnished by that DVBE shall be included in the DVBE information, including the planned location of that work. The work that a DVBE prime contractor has committed to performing with its own forces as well as the work that it has committed to be performed by DVBE subcontractors, suppliers and trucking companies will count toward the goal.

If credit for trucking by a DVBE trucking broker is shown on the bidder's information as 100 percent of the revenue to be paid by the broker is to be paid to DVBE truckers, a "certified roster" of the broker's trucks to be used must be included. The "certified roster" must indicate that all the trucks are owned by certified DVBEs and must show the DVBE truck numbers, owner's name, Public Utilities Commission Cal-T numbers, and the DVBE certification numbers. The roster must indicate that all revenue paid by the broker will be paid to DVBEs listed on the "certified roster".

If credit for trucking by a trucking broker who is not a DVBE is shown in the bidder's information, a "certified roster" of the broker's trucks to be used must be included. The "certified roster" must indicate that at least 20 percent of the broker's trucks are owned by certified DVBEs and must show the DVBE truck numbers, owner's name, Public Utilities Commission Cal-T numbers, and the DVBE certification number. The roster must indicate that at least 20 percent of the revenue paid by the broker will be paid to DVBEs listed on the "certified roster".

A bidder shall be deemed to have made good faith efforts upon submittal, within time limits specified by the Department, of documentary evidence that all of the following actions were taken:

A. Contact was made with the Office of Small Business Certification and Resources (OSBCR), Department of General Services or their web site at http://www.osmb.dgs.ca.gov/ to identify Disabled Veteran Business Enterprises.
B. Advertising was published in trade media and media focusing on Disabled Veteran Business Enterprises, unless time limits imposed by the Department do not permit that advertising.
C. Invitations to bid were submitted to potential Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise contractors.
D. Available Disabled Veteran Business Enterprises were considered.

2-1.05 SMALL BUSINESS PREFERENCE

Attention is directed to "Award and Execution of Contract" of these special provisions.

Attention is also directed to the Small Business Procurement and Contract Act, Government Code Section 14835, et seq and Title 2, California Code of Regulations, Section 1896, et seq.

Bidders who wish to be classified as a Small Business under the provisions of those laws and regulations, shall be certified as Small Business by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business Certification and Resources, 1531 "I" Street, Second Floor, Sacramento, CA 95814.

To request Small Business Preference, bidders shall fill out and sign the Request for Small Business Preference form in the Proposal and shall attach a copy of their Office of Small Business Certification and Resources (OSBCR) small business certification letter to the form. The bidder's signature on the Request for Small Business Preference certifies, under penalty of perjury, that the bidder is certified as Small Business at the time of bid opening and further certifies, under penalty of perjury, that under the following conditions, at least 50 percent of the subcontractors to be utilized on the project are either

certified Small Business or have applied for Small Business certification by bid opening date and are subsequently granted Small Business certification.

The conditions requiring the aforementioned 50 percent level of subcontracting by Small Business subcontractors apply if:

A. The lowest responsible bid for the project exceeds $100,000; and
B. The project work to be performed requires a Class A or a Class B contractor's license; and
C. Two or more subcontractors will be used.

If the above conditions apply and Small Business Preference is granted in the award of the contract, the 50 percent Small Business subcontractor utilization level shall be maintained throughout the life of the contract.

2-1.06 CALIFORNIA COMPANY PREFERENCE

Attention is directed to "Award and Execution of Contract" of these special provisions.

In conformance with the requirements of Section 6107 of the Public Contract Code, a "California company" will be granted a reciprocal preference for bid comparison purposes as against a nonresident contractor from any state that gives or requires a preference to be given contractors from that state on its public entity construction contracts.

A "California company" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, joint venture, corporation, or other business entity that was a licensed California contractor on the date when bids for the public contract were opened and meets one of the following:

A. Has its principal place of business in California.
B. Has its principal place of business in a state in which there is no local contractor preference on construction contracts.
C. Has its principal place of business in a state in which there is a local contractor construction preference and the contractor has paid not less than $5000 in sales or use taxes to California for construction related activity for each of the five years immediately preceding the submission of the bid.

To carry out the "California company" reciprocal preference requirements of Section 6107 of the Public Contract Code, all bidders shall fill out and sign the California Company Preference form in the Proposal. The bidder's signature on the California Company Preference form certifies, under penalty of perjury, that the bidder is or is not a "California company" and if not, the amount of the preference applied by the state of the nonresident Contractor.

A nonresident Contractor shall disclose any and all bid preferences provided to the nonresident Contractor by the state or country in which the nonresident Contractor has its principal place of business.

Proposals without the California Company Preference form filled out and signed may be rejected.

SECTION 3. AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

The bidder's attention is directed to the provisions in Section 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions for the requirements and conditions concerning award and execution of contract.

The award of the contract, if it be awarded, will be to the lowest responsible bidder whose proposal complies with all the requirements prescribed and who has met the goal for DVBE participation or has demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the Department, adequate good faith efforts to do so. Meeting the goal for DVBE participation or demonstrating, to the satisfaction of the Department, adequate good faith efforts to do so is a condition for being eligible for award of contract.

A "Payee Data Record" form will be included in the contract documents to be executed by the successful bidder. The purpose of the form is to facilitate the collection of taxpayer identification data. The form shall be completed and returned to the Department by the successful bidder with the executed contract and contract bonds. For the purposes of the form, payee shall be deemed to mean the successful bidder. The form is not to be completed for subcontractors or suppliers. Failure to complete and return the "Payee Data Record" form to the Department as provided herein will result in the retention of 20 percent of payments due the contractor and penalties of up to $20,000. This retention of payments for failure to complete the "Payee Data Record" form is in addition to any other retention of payments due the Contractor.

Attention is also directed to "Small Business Preference" of these special provisions. Any bidder who is certified as a Small Business by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business Certification and Resources will be allowed a preference in the award of this contract, if it be awarded, under the following conditions:

A. The apparent low bidder is not certified as a Small Business, or has not filled out and signed the Request for Small Business Preference included with the bid documents and attached a copy of their Office of Small Business Certification and Resources (OSBCR) small business certification letter to the form; and

B. The bidder filled out and signed the Request for Small Business Preference form included with the bid documents and attached a copy of their Office of Small Business Certification and Resources (OSBCR) small business certification letter to the form.

The small business preference will be a reduction in the bid submitted by the small business contractor, for bid comparison purposes, by an amount equal to 5 percent of the amount bid by the apparent low bidder, the amount not to exceed $50,000. If this reduction results in the small business contractor becoming the low bidder, then the contract will be awarded to the small business contractor on the basis of the actual bid of the small business contractor notwithstanding the reduced bid price used for bid comparison purposes.

Attention is also directed to "California Company Preference" of these special provisions.

The amount of the California company reciprocal preference shall be equal to the amount of the preference applied by the state of the nonresident contractor with the lowest responsive bid, except where the "California company" is eligible for a California Small Business Preference, in which case the preference applied shall be the greater of the two, but not both.

If the bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid is not a "California company" and with the benefit of the reciprocal preference, a "California company's" responsive bid is equal to or less than the original lowest responsive bid, the "California company" will be awarded the contract at its submitted bid price except as provided below.

Small business bidders shall have precedence over nonsmall business bidders in that the application of the "California company" preference for which nonsmall business bidders may be eligible shall not result in the denial of the award to a small business bidder.

SECTION 4. BEGINNING OF WORK, TIME OF COMPLETION AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 8-1.03, "Beginning of Work," in Section 8-1.06, "Time of Completion," and in Section 8-1.07, "Liquidated Damages," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with a statement from the vendor that the order for the electrical materials required for this contract has been received and accepted by the vendor; and the statement shall be furnished within 15 calendar days after the contract has been approved by the Attorney General, or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department of Transportation. The statement shall give the date that the electrical materials will be shipped. If the Contractor has the necessary materials on hand, the Contractor will not be required to furnish the vendor's statement.

The Contractor shall begin work within 90 calendar days after the contract has been approved by the Attorney General or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department of Transportation.

The work shall be diligently prosecuted to completion before the expiration of

120 WORKING DAYS

beginning on the date that work begins, or beginning on the ninetieth calendar day after approval of the contract, whichever occurs first.

The Contractor shall pay to the State of California the sum of $ «250» per day, for each and every calendar day's delay in finishing the work in excess of the number of working days prescribed above.

The 72 hours advance notice before beginning work specified in Section 8-1.03, "Beginning of Work," of the Standard Specifications is changed to 5 days advance notice for this project.

SECTION 5. GENERAL

SECTION 5-1. MISCELLANEOUS

5-1.01 PLANS AND WORKING DRAWINGS

When the specifications require working drawings to be submitted to the Division of Structure Design, the drawings shall be submitted to: Division of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Mail Station 9, 1801 30th Street, Sacramento, CA 95816, Telephone 916 227-8252.

5-1.015 LABORATORY

When a reference is made in the specifications to the "Laboratory," the reference shall mean the Division of Materials Engineering and Testing Services and the Division of Structural Foundations of the Department of Transportation, or established laboratories of the various Districts of the Department, or other laboratories authorized by the Department to test materials and work involved in the contract. When a reference is made in the specifications to the "Transportation Laboratory," the reference shall mean the Division of Materials Engineering and Testing Services and the Division of Structural Foundations, located at 5900 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, CA 95819, Telephone (916) 227-7000.

5-1.02 LABOR NONDISCRIMINATION

Attention is directed to the following Notice that is required by Chapter 5 of Division 4 of Title 2, California Code of Regulations.

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR NONDISCRIMINATION PROGRAM
(GOV. CODE, SECTION 12990)

Your attention is called to the "Nondiscrimination Clause", set forth in Section 7-1.01A(4), "Labor Nondiscrimination," of the Standard Specifications, which is applicable to all nonexempt State contracts and subcontracts, and to the "Standard California Nondiscrimination Construction Contract Specifications" set forth therein. The specifications are applicable to all nonexempt State construction contracts and subcontracts of $5000 or more.

5-1.03 INTEREST ON PAYMENTS

Interest shall be payable on progress payments, payments after acceptance, final payments, extra work payments, and claim payments as follows:

A. Unpaid progress payments, payment after acceptance, and final payments shall begin to accrue interest 30 days after the Engineer prepares the payment estimate.
B. Unpaid extra work bills shall begin to accrue interest 30 days after preparation of the first pay estimate following receipt of a properly submitted and undisputed extra work bill. To be properly submitted, the bill must be submitted within 7 days of the performance of the extra work and in conformance with the provisions in Section 9-1.03C, "Records," and Section 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," of the Standard Specifications. An undisputed extra work bill not submitted within 7 days of performance of the extra work will begin to accrue interest 30 days after the preparation of the second pay estimate following submittal of the bill.
C. The rate of interest payable for unpaid progress payments, payments after acceptance, final payments, and extra work payments shall be 10 percent per annum.
D. The rate of interest payable on a claim, protest or dispute ultimately allowed under this contract shall be 6 percent per annum. Interest shall begin to accrue 61 days after the Contractor submits to the Engineer information in sufficient detail to enable the Engineer to ascertain the basis and amount of said claim, protest or dispute.

The rate of interest payable on any award in arbitration shall be 6 percent per annum if allowed under the provisions of Civil Code Section 3289.

5-1.04 PUBLIC SAFETY

The Contractor shall provide for the safety of traffic and the public in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall install temporary railing (Type K) between a lane open to public traffic and an excavation, obstacle or storage area when the following conditions exist:

A. Excavations**.—**The near edge of the excavation is 3.6 m or less from the edge of the lane, except:

    1. Excavations covered with sheet steel or concrete covers of adequate thickness to prevent accidental entry by traffic or the public.
    2. Excavations less than 0.3-m deep.
    3. Trenches less than 0.3-m wide for irrigation pipe or electrical conduit, or excavations less than 0.3-m in diameter.
    4. Excavations parallel to the lane for the purpose of pavement widening or reconstruction.
    5. Excavations in side slopes, where the slope is steeper than 1:4 (vertical:horizontal).
    6. Excavations protected by existing barrier or railing.

B. Temporarily Unprotected Permanent Obstacles**.—**The work includes the installation of a fixed obstacle together with a protective system, such as a sign structure together with protective railing, and the Contractor elects to install the obstacle prior to installing the protective system; or the Contractor, for the Contractor's convenience and with permission of the Engineer, removes a portion of an existing protective railing at an obstacle and does not replace such railing complete in place during the same day.
C. Storage Areas.—Material or equipment is stored within 3.6 m of the lane and the storage is not otherwise prohibited by the provisions of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The approach end of temporary railing (Type K), installed in conformance with the provisions in this section "Public Safety" and in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety," of the Standard Specifications, shall be offset a minimum of 4.6 m from the edge of the traffic lane open to public traffic. The temporary railing shall be installed on a skew toward the edge of the traffic lane of not more than 0.3-m transversely to 3 m longitudinally with respect to the edge of the traffic lane. If the 4.6-m minimum offset cannot be achieved, the temporary railing shall be installed on the 10 to 1 skew to obtain the maximum available offset between the approach end of the railing and the edge of the traffic lane, and an array of temporary crash cushion modules shall be installed at the approach end of the temporary railing.

Temporary railing (Type K) shall conform to the provisions in Section 12-3.08, "Temporary Railing (Type K)," of the Standard Specifications. Temporary railing (Type K), conforming to the details shown on 1999 Standard Plan T3, may be used. Temporary railing (Type K) fabricated prior to January 1, 1993, and conforming to 1988 Standard Plan B11-30 may be used, provided the fabrication date is printed on the required Certificate of Compliance.

Temporary crash cushion modules shall conform to the provisions in "Temporary Crash Cushion Module" of these special provisions.

Except for installing, maintaining and removing traffic control devices, whenever work is performed or equipment is operated in the following work areas, the Contractor shall close the adjacent traffic lane unless otherwise provided in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions:

Approach Speed of Public Traffic (Posted Limit) (Kilometers Per Hour)	Work Areas
Over 72 (45 Miles Per Hour)	Within 1.8 m of a traffic lane but not on a traffic lane
56 to 72 (35 to 45 Miles Per Hour)	Within 0.9-m of a traffic lane but not on a traffic lane

The lane closure provisions of this section shall not apply if the work area is protected by permanent or temporary railing or barrier.

When traffic cones or delineators are used to delineate a temporary edge of a traffic lane, the line of cones or delineators shall be considered to be the edge of the traffic lane, however, the Contractor shall not reduce the width of an existing lane to less than 3 m without written approval from the Engineer.

When work is not in progress on a trench or other excavation that required closure of an adjacent lane, the traffic cones or portable delineators used for the lane closure shall be placed off of and adjacent to the edge of the traveled way. The spacing of the cones or delineators shall be not more than the spacing used for the lane closure.

Suspended loads or equipment shall not be moved nor positioned over public traffic or pedestrians.

Full compensation for conforming to the provisions in this section "Public Safety," including furnishing and installing temporary railing (Type K) and temporary crash cushion modules, shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

5-1.05 SURFACE MINING AND RECLAMATION ACT

Attention is directed to the Surface Mining and Reclamation Act of 1975, commencing in Public Resources Code, Mining and Geology, Section 2710, which establishes regulations pertinent to surface mining operations.

Material from mining operations furnished for this project shall only come from permitted sites in compliance with the Surface Mining and Reclamation Act of 1975.

The requirements of this section shall apply to materials furnished for the project, except for acquisition of materials in conformance with the provisions in Section 4-1.05, "Use of Materials Found on the Work," of the Standard Specifications.

5-1.06 REMOVAL OF ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

When the presence of asbestos or hazardous substances are not shown on the plans or indicated in the specifications and the Contractor encounters materials which the Contractor reasonably believes to be asbestos or a hazardous substance as defined in Section 25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, and the asbestos or hazardous substance has not been rendered harmless, the Contractor may continue work in unaffected areas reasonably believed to be safe. The Contractor shall immediately cease work in the affected area and report the condition to the Engineer in writing.

In conformance with Section 25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, removal of asbestos or hazardous substances including exploratory work to identify and determine the extent of the asbestos or hazardous substance will be performed by separate contract.

If delay of work in the area delays the current controlling operation, the delay will be considered a right of way delay and the Contractor will be compensated for the delay in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," of the Standard Specifications.

5-1.07 YEAR 2000 COMPLIANCE

This contract is subject to Year 2000 Compliance for automated devices in the State of California.

Year 2000 compliance for automated devices in the State of California is achieved when embedded functions have or create no logical or mathematical inconsistencies when dealing with dates prior to and beyond 1999. The year 2000 is recognized and processed as a leap year. The product shall operate accurately in the manner in which the product was intended for date operation without requiring manual intervention.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer a Certificate of Compliance from the manufacturer in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for all automated devices furnished for the project.

5-1.08 SUBCONTRACTOR AND DVBE RECORDS

The Contractor shall maintain records of all subcontracts entered into with certified DVBE subcontractors and records of materials purchased from certified DVBE suppliers. The records shall show the name and business address of each DVBE subcontractor or vendor and the total dollar amount actually paid each DVBE subcontractor or vendor.

Upon completion of the contract, a summary of these records shall be prepared on Form CEM-2402 (S) and certified correct by the Contractor or the Contractor's authorized representative, and shall be furnished to the Engineer.

5-1.086 PERFORMANCE OF DVBE SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS

The DVBEs listed by the Contractor in response to the provisions in Section 2-1.04, "Submission of DVBE Information," and Section 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of these special provisions, which are determined by the Department to be certified DVBEs, shall perform the work and supply the materials for which they are listed, unless the Contractor has received prior written authorization to perform the work with other forces or to obtain the materials from other sources.

Authorization to utilize other forces or sources of materials may be requested for the following reasons:

A. The listed DVBE, after having had a reasonable opportunity to do so, fails or refuses to execute a written contract, when the written contract, based upon the general terms, conditions, plans and specifications for the project, or on the terms of the subcontractor's or supplier's written bid, is presented by the Contractor.
B. The listed DVBE becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
C. The listed DVBE fails or refuses to perform the subcontract or furnish the listed materials.
D. The Contractor stipulated that a bond was a condition of executing a subcontract and the listed DVBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the bond requirements of the Contractor.
E. The work performed by the listed subcontractor is substantially unsatisfactory and is not in substantial conformance with the plans and specifications or the subcontractor is substantially delaying or disrupting the progress of the work.
F. The listed DVBE subcontractor is not licensed pursuant to the Contractor's License Law.
G. It would be in the best interest of the State.

The Contractor shall not be entitled to payment for the work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DVBE or by other forces (including those of the Contractor) pursuant to prior written authorization of the Engineer.

5-1.09 SUBCONTRACTING

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 8-1.01, "Subcontracting," of the Standard Specifications, Section 2, "Proposal Requirements and Conditions," Section 2-1.04, "Submission of DVBE Information," and Section 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of these special provisions and these special provisions.

Pursuant to the provisions in Section 1777.1 of the Labor Code, the Labor Commissioner publishes and distributes a list of contractors ineligible to perform work as a subcontractor on a public works project. This list of debarred contractors is available from the Department of Industrial Relations web site at:

http://www.dir.ca.gov/DLSE/Debar.html.

The first sentence in the third paragraph of Section 8-1.01, "Subcontracting," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

The Contractor shall perform with the Contractor's own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent of the original total contract price, except that any designated "Specialty Items" may be performed by subcontract and the amount of "Specialty Items" so performed may be deducted from the original total contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the Contractor with the Contractor's own organization.

The DVBE information furnished under Section 3-1.01A, "DVBE Information," of these special provisions is in addition to the subcontractor information required to be furnished in Section 8-1.01, "Subcontracting," and Section 2-1.054, "Required Listing of Proposed Subcontractors," of the Standard Specifications.

Section 10115 of the Public Contract Code requires the Department to implement provisions to establish a goal for Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE) participation in highway contracts that are State funded. As a part of this requirement:

A. No substitution of a DVBE subcontractor shall be made at any time without the written consent of the Department, and
B. If a DVBE subcontractor is unable to perform successfully and is to be replaced, the Contractor shall make good faith efforts to replace the original DVBE subcontractor with another DVBE subcontractor.

The provisions in Section 2-1.02, "Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE)," of these special provisions that DVBEs shall be certified on the date bids are opened does not apply to DVBE substitutions after award of the contract.

5-1.10 PROMPT PROGRESS PAYMENT TO SUBCONTRACTORS

Attention is directed to the provisions in Sections 10262 and 10262.5 of the Public Contract Code and Section 7108.5 of the Business and Professions Code concerning prompt payment to subcontractors.

5-1.11 AREAS FOR CONTRACTOR'S USE

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 7-1.19, "Rights in Land and Improvements," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The highway right of way shall be used only for purposes that are necessary to perform the required work. The Contractor shall not occupy the right of way, or allow others to occupy the right of way, for purposes which are not necessary to perform the required work.

No State-owned parcels adjacent to the right of way are available for the exclusive use of the Contractor within the contract limits. The Contractor shall secure, at the Contractor's own expense, areas required for plant sites, storage of equipment or materials, or for other purposes.

No area is available within the contract limits for the exclusive use of the Contractor. However, temporary storage of equipment and materials on State property may be arranged with the Engineer, subject to the prior demands of State maintenance forces and to other contract requirements. Use of the Contractor's work areas and other State-owned property shall be at the Contractor's own risk, and the State shall not be held liable for damage to or loss of materials or equipment located within such areas.

5-1.12 PAYMENTS

Attention is directed to Sections 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," and 9-1.07, "Payment After Acceptance," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

No partial payment will be made for any materials on hand which are furnished but not incorporated in the work.

5-1.13 AERIALLY DEPOSITED LEAD

Aerially deposited lead is defined as lead deposited within the Department of Transportation (Caltrans) Right of Way primarily due to vehicle emissions. Material in the unpaved areas within the Contractor's work zone has not been tested, but the Department expects it contains lead due to vehicle emissions. The aerially deposited lead is typically found within the top 0.6 m of material in unpaved areas within the highway right of way. Levels of lead found near the project limits range from less than ND to 3000 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) total lead, as analyzed by EPA Test Method 6010. The material containing lead are typically below 5 mg/l, as analyzed by the Federal Toxicity Leaching Characteristic Procedure (TCLP), and are not regulated under the Federal Resource Conservation Recovery Act (RCRA).

Attention is directed to "Health and Safety Plan, Lead Sampling and Analysis, Clearing and Grubbing, and Earthwork" elsewhere in these special provisions regarding the handling of material with aerially deposited lead.

Once the Contractor has completed the placement of materials containing aerially deposited lead, in accordance with the provisions of this contract, the Contractor shall have no responsibility for such materials in place and shall not be obligated for further cleanup, removal or remedial actions for such materials.

Excavation, reuse, and disposal of material with aerially deposited lead shall be in accordance with all rules and regulations of agencies including, but not limited to, the following:

United Stated Department of Transportation (USDOT)
United Stated Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA)
California Department of Health Services

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal-EPA)
Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), Region 2
Integrated Waste Management Board
Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), Region 2
State Air Resources Control Board
Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD)
California Division of Occupational Safety and Health Administration (CAL-OSHA)

The Contractor shall procure all permits and licenses, pay all charges and fees, except as otherwise specifically provided in these special provisions, and give all notices necessary and incidental to the due and lawful prosecution of the work.

Full compensation for conforming to the requirements of this section, shall be considered as included in the prices paid for various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

5-1.14 SOUND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

Sound control shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.01I, "Sound Control Requirements," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The noise level from the Contractor's operations, between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., shall not exceed 86 dbA at a distance of 15 m. This requirement shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for complying with local ordinances regulating noise level.

The noise level requirement shall apply to the equipment on the job or related to the job, including but not limited to trucks, transit mixers or transient equipment that may or may not be owned by the Contractor. The use of loud sound signals shall be avoided in favor of light warnings except those required by safety laws for the protection of personnel.

Full compensation for conforming to the requirements of this section shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

SECTION 6. (BLANK)

SECTION 7. (BLANK)

SECTION 8. MATERIALS

SECTION 8-1. MISCELLANEOUS

8-1.01 SUBSTITUTION OF NON-METRIC MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS

Only materials and products conforming to the requirements of the specifications shall be incorporated in the work. When metric materials and products are not available, and when approved by the Engineer, and at no cost to the State, materials and products in the inch-pound (Imperial) system which are of equal quality and of the required properties and characteristics for the purpose intended, may be substituted for the equivalent metric materials and products, subject to the following provisions:

A. Materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent may be substituted for the metric materials and products specified or detailed on the plans.
B. Before other non-metric materials and products will be considered for use the Contractor shall furnish, at the Contractor's expense, evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that the materials and products proposed for use are equal to or better than the materials and products specified or detailed on the plans. The burden of proof as to the quality and suitability of substitutions shall be upon the Contractor and the Contractor shall furnish necessary information as required by the Engineer. The Engineer will be the sole judge as to the quality and suitability of the substituted materials and products and the Engineer's decision will be final.
C. When the Contractor elects to substitute non-metric materials and products, including materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent, the list of sources of material as specified in Section 6-1.01, "Source of Supply and Quality of Materials," of the Standard Specification shall include a list of substitutions to be made and contract items involved. In addition, for a change in design or details the Contractor shall submit plans and working drawings in conformance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications.

Unless otherwise specified, the following substitutions of materials and products will be allowed:

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR SIZES OF HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS
ASTM Designation: A 325M

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x thread pitch	IMPERIAL SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch
M16 x 2	5/8
M20 x 2.5	3/4
M22 x 2.5	7/8
M24 x 3	1
M27 x 3	1-1/8
M30 x 3.5	1-1/4
M36 x 4	1-1/2

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR PLAIN WIRE REINFORCEMENT, ASTM Designation: A 82

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm^2	US CUSTOMARY UNITS SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED $inch^2$ x 100
MW9	W1.4
MW10	W1.6
MW13	W2.0
MW15	W2.3
MW19	W2.9
MW20	W3.1
MW22	W3.5
MW25	W3.9, except W3.5 in piles only
MW26	W4.0
MW30	W4.7
MW32	W5.0
MW35	W5.4
MW40	W6.2
MW45	W6.5
MW50	W7.8
MW55	W8.5, except W8.0 in piles only
MW60	W9.3
MW70	W10.9, except W11.0 in piles only
MW80	W12.4
MW90	W14.0
MW100	W15.5

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR BAR REINFORCEMENT

METRIC BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER SHOWN ON THE PLANS	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER TO BE SUBSTITUTED
13	4
16	5
19	6
22	7
25	8
29	9
32	10
36	11
43	14
57	18

No adjustment will be required in spacing or total number of reinforcing bars due to a difference in minimum yield strength between metric and non-metric bars.

The sizes in the following tables of materials and products are exact conversions of metric sizes of materials and products and are listed as acceptable equivalents:

CONVERSION TABLE FOR SIZES OF:

(1) STEEL FASTENERS FOR GENERAL APPLICATIONS, ASTM Designation: A 307 or AASHTO Designation: M 314, Grade 36 or 55, and

(2) HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS, ASTM Designation: A 325 or A 449

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch
6, or 6.35	1/4
8 or 7.94	5/16
10, or 9.52	3/8
11, or 11.11	7/16
13 or 12.70	1/2
14, or 14.29	9/16
16, or 15.88	5/8
19, or 19.05	3/4
22, or 22.22	7/8
24, 25, or 25.40	1
29, or 28.58	1-1/8
32, or 31.75	1-1/4
35, or 34.93	1-3/8
38 or 38.10	1-1/2
44, or 44.45	1-3/4
51, or 50.80	2
57, or 57.15	2-1/4
64, or 63.50	2-1/2
70 or 69.85	2-3/4
76, or 76.20	3
83, or 82.55	3-1/4
89 or 88.90	3-1/2
95, or 95.25	3-3/4
102, or 101.60	4

CONVERSION TABLE FOR NOMINAL THICKNESS OF SHEET METAL

UNCOATED HOT AND COLD ROLLED SHEETS		HOT-DIPPED ZINC COATED SHEETS (GALVANIZED)	
METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT US STANDARD GAGE inch	METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT GALVANIZED SHEET GAGE inch
7.94	0.3125	4.270	0.1681
6.07	0.2391	3.891	0.1532
5.69	0.2242	3.510	0.1382
5.31	0.2092	3.132	0.1233
4.94	0.1943	2.753	0.1084
4.55	0.1793	2.372	0.0934
4.18	0.1644	1.994	0.0785
3.80	0.1495	1.803	0.0710
3.42	0.1345	1.613	0.0635
3.04	0.1196	1.461	0.0575
2.66	0.1046	1.311	0.0516
2.28	0.0897	1.158	0.0456
1.90	0.0747	1.006 or 1.016	0.0396
1.71	0.0673	0.930	0.0366
1.52	0.0598	0.853	0.0336
1.37	0.0538	0.777	0.0306
1.21	0.0478	0.701	0.0276
1.06	0.0418	0.627	0.0247
0.91	0.0359	0.551	0.0217
0.84	0.0329	0.513	0.0202
0.76	0.0299	0.475	0.0187
0.68	0.0269	--------	--------
0.61	0.0239	--------	--------
0.53	0.0209	--------	--------
0.45	0.0179	--------	--------
0.42	0.0164	--------	--------
0.38	0.0149	--------	--------

CONVERSION TABLE FOR WIRE

METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT USA STEEL WIRE THICKNESS inch	GAGE NO.
6.20	0.244	3
5.72	0.225	4
5.26	0.207	5
4.88	0.192	6
4.50	0.177	7
4.11	0.162	8
3.76	0.148	9
3.43	0.135	10
3.05	0.120	11
2.69	0.106	12
2.34	0.092	13
2.03	0.080	14
1.83	0.072	15
1.57	0.062	16
1.37	0.054	17
1.22	0.048	18
1.04	0.041	19
0.89	0.035	20

CONVERSION TABLE FOR PIPE PILES

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch x inch
PP 360 x 4.55	NPS 14 x 0.179
PP 360 x 6.35	NPS 14 x 0.250
PP 360 x 9.53	NPS 14 x 0.375
PP 360 x 11.12	NPS 14 x 0.438
PP 406 x 12.70	NPS 16 x 0.500
PP 460 x T	NPS 18 x T"
PP 508 x T	NPS 20 x T"
PP 559 x T	NPS 22 x T"
PP 610 x T	NPS 24 x T"
PP 660 x T	NPS 26 x T"
PP 711 x T	NPS 28 x T"
PP 762 x T	NPS 30 x T"
PP 813 x T	NPS 32 x T"
PP 864 x T	NPS 34 x T"
PP 914 x T	NPS 36 x T"
PP 965 x T	NPS 38 x T"
PP 1016 x T	NPS 40 x T"
PP 1067 x T	NPS 42 x T"
PP 1118 x T	NPS 44 x T"
PP 1219 x T	NPS 48 x T"
PP 1524 x T	NPS 60 x T"

The thickness in inches (T") represents an exact conversion of the metric thickness in millimeters (T).

CONVERSION TABLE FOR STRUCTURAL TIMBER AND LUMBER

METRIC MINIMUM DRESSED DRY, SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	METRIC MINIMUM DRESSED GREEN, SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	EQUIVALENT NOMINAL US SIZE inch x inch
19x89	20x90	1x4
38x89	40x90	2x4
64x89	65x90	3x4
89x89	90x90	4x4
140x140	143x143	6x6
140x184	143x190	6x8
184x184	190x190	8x8
235x235	241x241	10x10
286x286	292x292	12x12

CONVERSION TABLE FOR NAILS AND SPIKES

METRIC COMMON NAIL, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm	METRIC BOX NAIL, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm	METRIC SPIKE, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE Penny-weight
50.80 2.87	50.80 2.51	_____	6d
63.50 3.33	63.50 2.87	_____	8d
76.20 3.76	76.20 3.25	76.20 4.88	10d
82.55 3.76	82.55 3.25	82.55 4.88	12d
88.90 4.11	88.90 3.43	88.90 5.26	16d
101.60 4.88	101.60 3.76	101.60 5.72	20d
114.30 5.26	114.30 3.76	114.30 6.20	30d
127.00 5.72	127.00 4.11	127.00 6.68	40d
_____	_____	139.70 7.19	50d
_____	_____	152.40 7.19	60d

CONVERSION TABLE FOR IRRIGATION COMPONENTS

METRIC WATER METERS, TRUCK LOADING STANDPIPES, VALVES, BACKFLOW PREVENTERS, FLOW SENSORS, WYE STRAINERS, FILTER ASSEMBLY UNITS, PIPE SUPPLY LINES, AND PIPE IRRIGATION SUPPLY LINES SHOWN ON THE PLANS DIAMETER NOMINAL (DN) mm	EQUIVALENT NOMINAL US SIZE inch
15	1/2
20	3/4
25	1
32	1-1/4
40	1-1/2
50	2
65	2-1/2
75	3
100	4
150	6
200	8
250	10
300	12
350	14
400	16

8-1.02 APPROVED TRAFFIC PRODUCTS

The Department maintains the following list of Approved Traffic Products. The Engineer shall not be precluded from sampling and testing products on the list of Approved Traffic Products.

The manufacturer of products on the list of Approved Traffic Products shall furnish the Engineer a Certificate of Compliance in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for each type of traffic product supplied.

Signing and delineation materials and products shall not be used in the work unless the material or product is on the list of Approved Traffic Products.

Materials and products may be added to the list of Approved Traffic Products if the manufacturer submits a New Product Information Form to the New Product Coordinator at the Transportation Laboratory. Upon a Departmental request for samples, sufficient samples shall be submitted to permit performance of required tests. Approval of materials or products will depend upon compliance with the specifications and tests the Department may elect to perform.

PAVEMENT MARKERS, PERMANENT TYPE

Retroreflective

A. Apex, Model 921 (100 mm x 100 mm)
B. Ray-O-Lite, Models SS (100 mm x 100 mm), RS (100 mm x 100 mm) and AA (100 mm x 100 mm)
C. Stimsonite, Models 88 (100 mm x 100 mm), 911 (100 mm x 100 mm), 953 (70 mm x 114 mm)
D. 3M Series 290 (89 mm x 100 mm)

Retroreflective With Abrasion Resistant Surface (ARS)

A. Ray-O-Lite "AA" ARS (100 mm x 100 mm)
B. Stimsonite, Models 911 (100 mm x 100 mm), 953 (70 mm x 114 mm)
C. 3M Series 290 (89 mm x 100 mm)

Retroreflective With Abrasion Resistant Surface (ARS)

(Used for recessed applications)

A. Stimsonite, Model 948 (58 mm x 119 mm)
B. Ray-O-Lite, Model 2002 (58 mm x 117 mm)
C. Stimsonite, Model 944SB (51 mm x 100 mm)*
D. Ray-O-Lite, Model 2004 ARS (51 mm x 100 mm)*

*For use only in 114 mm wide (older) recessed slots

Non-Reflective For Use With Epoxy Adhesive, 100 mm Round

A. Apex Universal (Ceramic)
B. Highway Ceramics, Inc. (Ceramic)

Non-Reflective For Use With Bitumen Adhesive, 100 mm Round

A. Apex Universal (Ceramic)
B. Apex Universal, Model 929 (ABS)
C. Elgin Molded Plastics, "Empco-Lite" Model 900 (ABS)
D. Highway Ceramics, Inc. (Ceramic)
E. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Models P20-2000W and 2001Y (ABS)
F. Interstate Sales, "Diamond Back" (ABS) and (Polypropylene)
G. Alpine Products, D-Dot (ABS)
H. Road Creations, Model RCB4NR (Acrylic)

PAVEMENT MARKERS, TEMPORARY TYPE

Temporary Markers For Long Term Day/Night Use (6 months or less)

A. Apex Universal, Model 924 (100 mm x 100 mm)
B. Davidson Plastics Corp., Model 3.0 (100 mm x 100 mm)
C. Elgin Molded Plastics, "Empco-Lite" Model 901 (100 mm x 100 mm)
D. Road Creations, Model R41C (100 mm x 100 mm)
E. Vega Molded Products "Temporary Road Marker" (75 mm x 100 mm)

Temporary Markers For Short Term Day/Night Use (14 days or less)

(For seal coat or chip seal applications, clear protective covers are required)

A. Apex Universal, Model 932
B. Davidson Plastics, Models T.O.M., T.R.P.M., and "HH" (High Heat)
C. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Model 1280/1281

STRIPING AND PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIALS

Permanent Traffic Striping and Pavement Marking Tape

A. Advanced Traffic Marking, Series 300 and 400
B. Brite-Line, Series 1000
C. Swarco Industries, "Director 35" (For transverse application only)
D. Swarco Industries, "Director 60"
E. 3M, "Stamark" Series 380 and 5730
F. 3M, "Stamark" Series 420 (For transverse application only)

Temporary (Removable) Striping and Pavement Marking Tape (6 months or less)

A. Brite-Line, Series 100
B. P.B. Laminations, Aztec, Grade 102
C. Swarco Industries, "Director-2"
D. 3M, "Stamark," Series 620
E. 3M Series A145 Removable Black Line Mask
(Black Tape: For use only on Asphalt Concrete Surfaces)
F. Advanced Traffic Marking Black "Hide-A-Line"
(Black Tape: For use only on Asphalt Concrete Surfaces)

Preformed Thermoplastic (Heated in place)

A. Flint Trading, "Premark" and "Premark 20/20 Flex"
B. Pavemark, "Hotape"

Removable Traffic Paint

A. Belpro, Series 250/252 and No. 93 Remover

CLASS 1 DELINEATORS

One Piece Driveable Flexible Type, 1700 mm

A. Carsonite, Curve-Flex CFRM-400
B. Carsonite, Roadmarker CRM-375
C. Davidson Plastics, "Flexi-Guide Models 400 and 566"
D. FlexStake, Model 654TM
E. GreenLine Models HWD1-66 and CGD1-66
F. J. Miller Industries, Model JMI-375 (with soil anchor)

Special Use Flexible Type, 1700 mm

A. Carsonite, "Survivor" (with 450 mm U-Channel base)
B. FlexStake, Model 604
C. GreenLine Models HWD and CGD (with 450 mm U-Channel base)
D. Safe-Hit with 200 mm pavement anchor (SH248-GP1)
E. Safe-Hit with 380 mm soil anchor (SH248-GP2) and with 450 mm soil anchor (SH248-GP3)

Surface Mount Flexible Type, 1200 mm

A. Bent Manufacturing Company, "Masterflex" Model MF-180EX-48
B. Carsonite, "Super Duck II"
C. FlexStake, Surface Mount, Models 704 and 754TM

CHANNELIZERS

Surface Mount Type, 900 mm

A. Bent Manufacturing Company, "Masterflex" Models MF-360-36 (Round) and MF-180-36 (Flat)

B. Carsonite, "Super Duck" (Flat SDF-436, Round SDR-336)
C. Carsonite, "Super Duck II" Model SDCF203601MB "The Channelizer"
D. Davidson Plastics, Flex-Guide Models FG300LD and FG300UR
E. FlexStake, Surface Mount, Models 703 and 753TM
F. GreenLine, Model SMD-36
G. Hi-Way Safety, Inc. "Channel Gudie Channelizer" Model CGC36
H. The Line Connection, "Dura-Post" Model DP36-3 (Permanent)
I. The Line Connection, "Dura-Post" Model DP36-3C (Temporary)
J. Repo, Models 300 and 400
K. Safe-Hit, Guide Post, Model SH236SMA

CONICAL DELINEATORS, 1070 mm

(For 700 mm Traffic Cones, see Standard Specifications)
A. Bent Manufacturing Company "T-Top"
B. Plastic Safety Systems "Navigator-42"
C. Roadmaker Company "Stacker"
D. TrafFix Devices "Grabber"

OBJECT MARKERS

Type "K", 450 mm

A. Carsonite, Model SMD-615
B. FlexStake, Model 701KM
C. Repo, Models 300 and 400
D. Safe-Hit, Model SH718SMA
E. The Line Connection, Model DP21-4K

Type "K-4" / "Q", 600 mm

(Shown as Type "Q" in the Traffic Manual)
A. Bent Manufacturing "Masterflex" Model MF-360-24
B. Carsonite, Super Duck II
C. FlexStake, Model 701KM
D. Repo, Models 300 and 400
E. Safe-Hit, Models SH8 24SMA_WA and SH8 24GP3_WA
F. The Line Connection, Model DP21-4Q

TEMPORARY RAILING (TYPE K) REFLECTORS AND CONCRETE BARRIER MARKERS

Impactable Type

A. ARTUK, "FB"
B. Davidson Plastics, Model PCBM-12
C. Duraflex Corp., "Flexx 2020" and "Electriflexx"
D. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Model GMKRM100

Non-Impactable Type

A. ARTUK, JD Series
B. Stimsonite, Model 967 (with 83 mm Acrylic cube corner reflector)
C. Stimsonite, Model 967LS
D. Vega Molded Products, Models GBM and JD

THRIE BEAM BARRIER MARKERS

(For use to the left of traffic)
A. Duraflex Corp., "Railrider"
B. Davidson Plastics, "Mini" (75 mm x 254 mm)

CONCRETE BARRIER DELINEATORS, 400 mm

(For use to the right of traffic. When mounted on top of barrier, places top of reflective element at 1200 mm)
A. Davidson Plastics, Model PCBM T-16
B. Safe-Hit, Model SH216RBM

CONCRETE BARRIER-MOUNTED MINI-DRUM (260 mm x 360 mm x 570 mm)

A. Stinson Equipment Company "SaddleMarker"

SOUND WALL DELINEATOR

(Applied to a vertical surface. Top of reflective element at 1200 mm)

A. Davidson Plastics, PCBM S-36

GUARD RAILING DELINEATOR

(Top of reflective element at 1200 mm above plane of roadway)

Wood Post Type, 686 mm

A. Carsonite, Model 427
B. Davidson Plastics FG 427 and FG 527
C. FlexStake, Model 102 GR
D. GreenLine GRD 27
E. J.Miller Model JMI-375G
F. Safe-Hit, Model SH227GRD

Steel Post Type

A. Carsonite, Model CFGR-327 with CFGRBK300 Mounting Bracket

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

Channelizers, Barrier Markers, and Delineators

A. 3M, High Intensity
B. Reflexite, PC-1000 Metalized Polycarbonate
C. Reflexite, AC-1000 Acrylic
D. Reflexite, AP-1000 Metalized Polyester
E. Reflexite, AR-1000 Abrasion Resistant Coating
F. Stimsonite, Series 6200 (For rigid substrate devices only)

Traffic Cones, 330 mm Sleeves

A. Reflexite SB (Polyester), Vinyl or "TR" (Semi-transparent)

Traffic Cones, 100 mm and 150 mm Sleeves

A. 3M Series 3840
B. Reflexite Vinyl, "TR" (Semi-transparent) or "Conformalite"

Barrels and Drums

A. Reflexite, "Super High Intensity" or "High Impact Drum Sheeting"
B. 3M Series 3810

Barricades: Type I, Engineer Grade

A. American Decal, Adcolite
B. Avery Dennison, 1500 and 1600
C. 3M, Scotchlite, Series CW

Barricades: Type II, Super Engineer Grade

A. Avery Dennison, "Fasign" 2500 Series
B. Kiwalite Type II
C. Nikkalite 1800 Series

Signs: Type II, Super Engineer Grade

A. Avery Dennison, "Fasign" 2500 Series
B. Kiwalite, Type II
C. Nikkalite 1800 Series

Signs: Type III, High-Intensity Grade

A. 3M Series 3800
B. Nippon Carbide, Nikkalite Brand Ultralite Grade II

Signs: Type IV, High-Intensity Prismatic Grade

A. Stimsonite Series 6200

Signs: Type VII, High-Intensity Prismatic Grade

A. 3M Series 3900

Signs: Type VI, Roll-Up Signs

A. Reflexite, Vinyl (Orange), Reflexite "SuperBright" (Fluorescent orange)
B. 3M Series RS34 (Orange) and RS20 (Fluorescent orange)

SIGN SUBSTRATE FOR CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS

Aluminum

Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP)

A. Sequentia, "Polyplate"
B. Fiber-Brite

8-1.03 STATE-FURNISHED MATERIALS

Attention is directed to Section 6-1.02, "State-Furnished Materials," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The following materials will be furnished to the Contractor:

Model 170 controller assemblies, including controller unit, completely wired controller cabinet.
Model 500 changeable message sign system with controller isolation assembly (CIA).

Completely wired controller cabinets, with auxiliary equipment but without controller unit, will be furnished to the Contractor at the Caltrans Maintenance Station, 30 Rickard Street, San Francisco, CA 94134.

Model 500 changeable message sign, wiring harness, and controller assembly, including the controller unit and completely wired cabinet, will be furnished to the Contractor at Caltrans Maintenance Station, 30 Rickard Street, San Francisco, CA 94134.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer not less than 48 hours before State-furnished material is to be picked up by the Contractor. A full description of the material and the time the material will be picked up shall be provided.

SECTION 8-2. CONCRETE

8-2.01 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

Portland cement concrete shall conform to the provisions in Section 90, "Portland Cement Concrete," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Unless the use of a mineral admixture is prohibited, whenever the word "cement" is used in the Standard Specifications or the special provisions, it shall be understood to mean "cementitious material" when both of the following conditions are met:

A. The cement content of portland cement concrete is specified, and
B. Section 90, "Portland Cement Concrete," of the Standard Specifications is referenced.

Section 90-1.01, "Description," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-1.01 DESCRIPTION

· Portland cement concrete shall be composed of cementitious material, fine aggregate, coarse aggregate, admixtures if used, and water, proportioned and mixed as specified in these specifications.

· Unless otherwise specified, cementitious material to be used in portland cement concrete shall conform to the provisions for cement and mineral admixtures in Section 90-2, "Materials," and shall be either: 1) "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement or 2) a combination of "Type II Modified" portland cement and mineral admixture.

· Concrete for each portion of the work shall comply with the provisions for the Class, cementitious material content in kilograms per cubic meter, 28-day compressive strength, minor concrete or commercial quality concrete, as shown on the plans or specified in these specifications or the special provisions.

· Class 1 concrete shall contain not less than 400 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.

· Class 2 concrete shall contain not less than 350 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.

· Class 3 concrete shall contain not less than 300 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.

· Class 4 concrete shall contain not less than 250 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.

· Minor concrete shall contain not less than 325 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter unless otherwise specified in these specifications or the special provisions.

· Unless otherwise designated on the plans or specified in these specifications or the special provisions, the amount of cementitious material used per cubic meter of concrete in structures or portions of structures shall conform to the following:

Use	Cementitious Material Content (kg/m^3)
Concrete which is designated by compressive strength:	
Deck slabs and slab spans of bridges	400 min., 475 max.
Roof sections of exposed top box culverts	400 min., 475 max.
Other portions of structures	350 min., 475 max.
Concrete not designated by compressive strength:	
Deck slabs and slab spans of bridges	400 min.
Roof sections of exposed top box culverts	400 min.
Prestressed members	400 min.
Seal courses	400 min.
Other portions of structures	350 min.
Concrete for precast members	350 min., 550 max.

· Whenever the 28-day compressive strength shown on the plans is greater than 25 MPa, the concrete shall be considered to be designated by compressive strength. If the plans show a 28-day compressive strength which is 31 MPa or greater, an additional 7 days will be allowed to obtain the specified strength. The 28-day compressive strengths shown on the plans which are 25 MPa or less are shown for design information only and are not to be considered a requirement for acceptance of the concrete.

· Concrete designated by compressive strength shall be proportioned such that the concrete will conform to the strength shown on the plans or specified in the special provisions.

· The Contractor shall determine the mix proportions for all concrete except pavement concrete. The Engineer will determine the mix proportions for pavement concrete.

· Before using concrete for which the mix proportions have been determined by the Contractor, or in advance of revising those mix proportions, the Contractor shall submit in writing to the Engineer a copy of the mix design.

· Compliance with cementitious material content requirements will be verified in conformance with procedures described in California Test 518 for cement content. For testing purposes, mineral admixture shall be considered to be cement. Batch proportions shall be adjusted as necessary to produce concrete having the specified cementitious material content.

· If any concrete used in the work has a cementitious material content, consisting of cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture, which is less than the minimum required for the work, the concrete shall be removed. However, if the Engineer determines that the concrete is structurally adequate, the concrete may remain in place and the Contractor shall pay to the State $0.55 for each kilogram of cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture which is less than the minimum required for the work. The Department may deduct the amount from moneys due, or that may become due, the Contractor under the contract. The deductions will not be made unless the difference between the contents required and those actually provided exceeds the batching tolerances permitted by Section 90-5, "Proportioning." No deductions for cementitious material content will be made based on the results of California Test 518.

· The requirements of the preceding paragraph shall not apply to minor concrete or commercial quality concrete.

· Concrete for which the mix proportions are determined either by the Contractor or the Engineer shall conform to the requirements of this Section 90.

The first paragraph in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-2.01 PORTLAND CEMENT

· Unless otherwise specified, portland cement shall be either "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement or "Type II Modified" portland cement.

· "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement shall conform to the specifications for Type IP (MS) cement in ASTM Designation: C 595, and shall be comprised of an intimate mixture of Type II cement and not more than 25 percent of a mineral admixture. The type and minimum amount of mineral admixture used in the manufacture of "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement shall be in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.08, "Required Use of Mineral Admixtures."

· "Type II Modified" portland cement shall conform to the requirements for Type II portland cement in ASTM Designation: C 150.

· In addition, "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement and "Type II Modified" portland cement shall conform to the following requirements:

A. The cement shall not contain more than 0.60 percent by mass of alkalies, calculated as the percentage of Na2O plus 0.658 times the percentage of K2O, when determined by either direct intensity flame photometry or by the atomic absorption method. The instrument and procedure used shall be qualified as to precision and accuracy in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 114.
B. The autoclave expansion shall not exceed 0.50 percent.
C. Mortar, containing the cement to be used and Ottawa sand, when tested in conformance with California Test 527, shall not expand in water more than 0.010 percent and shall not contract in air more than 0.048 percent except that when cement is to be used for precast prestressed concrete piling, precast prestressed concrete members or steam cured concrete products, the mortar shall not contract in air more than 0.053 percent.

The second paragraph in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

· Type III and Type V portland cements shall conform to the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 150, and the additional requirements listed above for Type II Modified portland cement, except that when tested in conformance with California Test 527, mortar containing Type III portland cement shall not contract in air more than 0.075 percent.

The third paragraph in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.
The twelfth paragraph in Section 90-2.02, "Aggregates," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.
The first paragraph in Section 90-2.03, "Water," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:.

90-2.03 WATER

· In conventionally reinforced concrete work, the water for curing, for washing aggregates, and for mixing shall be free from oil and shall not contain more than 1,000 parts per million of chlorides as Cl, nor more than 1,300 parts per million of sulfates as SO4. In prestressed concrete work, the water for curing, for washing aggregates, and for mixing shall be free from oil and shall not contain more than 650 parts per million of chlorides as Cl, nor more than 1,300 parts per million of sulfates as SO4. In no case shall the water contain an amount of impurities that will cause either: 1) a change in the setting time of cement of more than 25 percent when tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 191 or ASTM Designation: C 266 or 2) a reduction in the compressive strength of mortar at 14 days of more than 5 percent, when tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 109, when compared to the results obtained with distilled water or deionized water, tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 109.

The following section is added to Section 90-2, "Materials," of the Standard Specifications:

90-2.04 ADMIXTURE MATERIALS

· Admixture materials shall conform to the requirements in the following ASTM Designations:

A. Chemical Admixtures—ASTM Designation: C 494.
B. Air-entraining Admixtures—ASTM Designation: C 260.
C. Calcium Chloride—ASTM Designation: D 98.
D. Mineral Admixtures—Coal fly ash, raw or calcined natural pozzolan as specified in ASTM Designation: C618. Silica fume conforming to the requirements in ASTM Designation: C1240, with reduction of mortar expansion of 80 percent, minimum, using the cement from the proposed mix design.

· Mineral admixtures shall be used in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.08, "Required Use of Mineral Admixtures."

Section 90-4.02, "Materials," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-4.02 MATERIALS

· Admixture materials shall conform to the provisions in Section 90–2.04, "Admixture Materials."

Section 90-4.05, "Optional Use of Chemical Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-4.05 OPTIONAL USE OF CHEMICAL ADMIXTURES

· The Contractor will be permitted to use Type A or F, water-reducing; Type B, retarding; or Type D or G, water-reducing and retarding admixtures as described in ASTM Designation: C 494 to conserve cementitious material or to facilitate concrete construction application subject to the following conditions:

A. When a water-reducing admixture or a water-reducing and retarding admixture is used, the cementitious material content specified or ordered may be reduced by a maximum of 5 percent by mass except that the resultant cementitious material content shall be not less than 300 kilograms per cubic meter.
B. When a reduction in cementitious material content is made, the dosage of admixture used shall be the dosage used in determining approval of the admixture.

Section 90-4.07, "Optional Use of Air-entraining Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-4.07 OPTIONAL USE OF AIR-ENTRAINING ADMIXTURES

· When air-entrainment has not been specified or ordered by the Engineer, the Contractor will be permitted to use an air-entraining admixture to facilitate the use of any construction procedure or equipment provided that the average air content, as determined by California Test 504, of 3 successive tests does not exceed 4 percent and no single test value exceeds 5.5 percent. If the Contractor elects to use an air-entraining admixture in concrete for pavement, the Contractor shall so indicate at the time the Contractor designates the source of aggregate as provided in Section 40-1.015, "Cement Content."

Section 90-4.08, "Required Use of Mineral Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-4.08 REQUIRED USE OF MINERAL ADMIXTURES

· Unless otherwise specified, mineral admixture shall be combined with cement to make cementitious material for use in portland cement concrete.

· The calcium oxide content of mineral admixtures shall not exceed 10 percent and the available alkali, as sodium oxide equivalent, shall not exceed 1.5 percent when determined in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C618.

· The amounts of cement and mineral admixture used in cementitious material for portland cement concrete shall be sufficient to satisfy the minimum cementitious material content requirements specified in Section 90-1.01, "Description," or Section 90-4.05, "Optional Use of Chemical Admixtures," and shall conform to the following:

A. The minimum amount of cement shall not be less than 75 percent by mass of the specified minimum cementitious material content.
B. The minimum amount of mineral admixture to be combined with cement shall be determined using one of the following criteria:

    1. When the calcium oxide content of a mineral admixture, as determined in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C618 and the provisions in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," is equal to or less than 2 percent by mass, the amount of mineral admixture shall not be less than 15 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix.
    2. When the calcium oxide content of a mineral admixture, as determined in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C618 and the provisions in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," is greater than 2 percent, the amount of mineral admixture shall not be less than 25 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix.
    3. When a mineral admixture is used, which conforms to the provisions for silica fume in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," the amount of mineral admixture shall not be less than 10 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix.

C. If more than the required amount of cementitious material is used, the additional cementitious material in the mix may be either cement, a mineral admixture conforming to the provisions in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," or a combination of both; however, the maximum total amount of mineral admixture shall not exceed 35 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix. Where Section 90-1.01, "Description," specifies a maximum cementitious content in kilograms per cubic meter, the total mass of cement and mineral admixture per cubic meter shall not exceed the specified maximum cementitious material content.

Section 90-4.09, "Optional Use of Mineral Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

Section 90-4.11, "Storage, Proportioning, and Dispensing of Mineral Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-4.11 STORAGE, PROPORTIONING, AND DISPENSING OF MINERAL ADMIXTURES

· Mineral admixtures shall be protected from exposure to moisture until used. Sacked material shall be piled to permit access for tally, inspection, and identification for each shipment.

· Adequate facilities shall be provided to assure that mineral admixtures meeting the specified requirements are kept separate from other mineral admixtures in order to prevent any but the specified mineral admixtures from entering the work. Safe and suitable facilities for sampling mineral admixtures shall be provided at the weigh hopper or in the feed line immediately in advance of the hopper.

· Mineral admixtures shall be incorporated into concrete using equipment conforming to the requirements for cement weigh hoppers, and charging and discharging mechanisms in ASTM Designation: C 94, in Section 90-5.03, "Proportioning," and in this Section 90-4.11.

· When interlocks are required for cement and mineral admixture charging mechanisms by Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement," and cement and mineral admixtures are weighed cumulatively, their charging mechanisms shall be interlocked to prevent the introduction of mineral admixture until the mass of cement in the cement weigh hopper is within the tolerances specified in Section 90-5.02, "Proportioning Devices."

· Mineral admixture used in concrete for exposed surfaces of like elements of a structure shall be from the same source and of the same percentage.

Section 90-5.02, "Proportioning Devices," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-5.02 PROPORTIONING DEVICES

· Weighing, measuring or metering devices used for proportioning materials shall conform to the provisions in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement of Quantities," and this Section 90-5.02. In addition, automatic weighing systems used shall comply with the provisions for automatic proportioning devices in Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement." These automatic devices shall be automatic to the extent that the only manual operation required for proportioning the aggregates, cement, and mineral admixture for one batch of concrete is a single operation of a switch or starter.

· Proportioning devices shall be tested at the expense of the Contractor as frequently as the Engineer may deem necessary to insure their accuracy.

· Weighing equipment shall be insulated against vibration or movement of other operating equipment in the plant. When the plant is in operation, the mass of each batch of material shall not vary from the mass designated by the Engineer by more than the tolerances specified herein.

· Equipment for cumulative weighing of aggregate shall have a zero tolerance of ±0.5 percent of the designated total batch mass of the aggregate. For systems with individual weigh hoppers for the various sizes of aggregate, the zero tolerance shall be ±0.5 percent of the individual batch mass designated for each size of aggregate. Equipment for cumulative weighing of cement and mineral admixtures shall have a zero tolerance of ±0.5 percent of the designated total batch mass of the cement and mineral admixture. Equipment for weighing cement or mineral admixture separately shall have a zero tolerance of ±0.5 percent of their designated individual batch masses. Equipment for measuring water shall have a zero tolerance of ±0.5 percent of its designated mass or volume.

· The mass indicated for a batch of material shall not vary from the preselected scale setting by more than the following:

A. Aggregate weighed cumulatively shall be within 1.0 percent of the designated total batch mass of the aggregate. Aggregates weighed individually shall be within 1.5 percent of their respective designated batch masses.
B. Cement shall be within 1.0 percent of its designated batch mass. When weighed individually, mineral admixture shall be within 1.0 percent of its designated batch mass. When mineral admixture and cement are permitted to be weighed cumulatively, cement shall be weighed first to within 1.0 percent of its designated batch mass, and the total for cement and mineral admixture shall be within 1.0 percent of the sum of their designated batch masses.
C. Water shall be within 1.5 percent of its designated mass or volume.

· Each scale graduation shall be approximately 0.001 of the total capacity of the scale. The capacity of scales for weighing cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture and aggregates shall not exceed that of commercially available scales having single graduations indicating a mass not exceeding the maximum permissible mass variation above, except that no scale shall be required having a capacity of less than 500 kg, with 0.5 kg graduations.

Section 90-5.03, "Proportioning," excluding Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-5.03 PROPORTIONING

· Proportioning shall consist of dividing the aggregates into the specified sizes, each stored in a separate bin, and combining them with cement, mineral admixture, and water as provided in these specifications. Aggregates shall be proportioned by mass.

· At the time of batching, aggregates shall have been dried or drained sufficiently to result in a stable moisture content such that no visible separation of water from aggregate will take place during transportation from the proportioning plant to the point of mixing. In no event shall the free moisture content of the fine aggregate at the time of batching exceed 8 percent of its saturated, surface-dry mass.

· Should separate supplies of aggregate material of the same size group, but of different moisture content or specific gravity or surface characteristics affecting workability, be available at the proportioning plant, withdrawals shall be made from one supply exclusively and the materials therein completely exhausted before starting upon another.

· Bulk "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement that conforms to the provisions in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," shall be weighed in an individual hopper and shall be kept separate from the aggregates until the ingredients are released for discharge into the mixer.

· Bulk cement to be blended with mineral admixture for use in portland cement concrete for pavement and structures may be weighed in separate, individual weigh hoppers or may be weighed in the same weigh hopper with mineral admixture and shall be kept separate from the aggregates until the ingredients are released for discharge into the mixer. If the cement and mineral admixture are weighed cumulatively, the cement shall be weighed first.

· When cement and mineral admixtures are weighed in separate weigh hoppers, the weigh systems for the proportioning of the aggregate, the cement, and the mineral admixture shall be individual and distinct from other weigh systems. Each weigh system shall be equipped with a hopper, a lever system, and an indicator to constitute an individual and independent material weighing device. The cement and the mineral admixture shall be discharged into the mixer simultaneously with the aggregate.

· The scale and weigh hopper for bulk weighing cement, mineral admixture, and cement plus mineral admixture shall be separate and distinct from the aggregate weighing equipment.

· When the source of an aggregate is changed for concrete structures, the Contractor shall adjust the mix proportions and submit in writing to the Engineer a copy of the mix design before using such aggregates. When the source of an aggregate is changed for other concrete, the Engineer shall be allowed sufficient time to adjust the mix and such aggregates shall not be used until necessary adjustments are made.

· For batches with a volume of one cubic meter or more, the batching equipment shall conform to one of the following combinations:

A. Separate boxes and separate scale and indicator for weighing each size of aggregate.
B. Single box and scale indicator for all aggregates.
C. Single box or separate boxes and automatic weighing mechanism for all aggregates.

· In order to check the accuracy of batch masses, the gross mass and tare mass of batch trucks, truck mixers, truck agitators, and non-agitating hauling equipment shall be determined when ordered by the Engineer. The equipment shall be weighed at the Contractor's expense on scales designated by the Engineer.

Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-5.03A PROPORTIONING FOR PAVEMENT

· Aggregates and bulk cement, mineral admixture, and cement plus mineral admixture for use in pavement shall be proportioned by mass by means of automatic proportioning devices of approved type conforming to the provisions in this Section 90-5.03A.

· The Contractor shall install and maintain in operating condition an electrically actuated moisture meter that will indicate, on a readily visible scale, changes in the moisture content of the fine aggregate as it is batched within a sensitivity of 0.5 percent by mass of the fine aggregate.

· The batching of cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture and aggregate shall be interlocked so that a new batch cannot be started until all weigh hoppers are empty, the proportioning devices are within zero tolerance, and the discharge gates are closed. The interlock shall permit no part of the batch to be discharged until all aggregate hoppers and the cement and mineral admixture hoppers or the cement plus mineral admixture hopper are charged with masses which are within the tolerances specified in Section 90-5.02, "Proportioning Devices."

· The discharge gate on the cement and mineral admixture hoppers or the cement plus mineral admixture hopper shall be designed to permit regulating the flow of cement, mineral admixture or cement plus mineral admixture into the aggregate as directed by the Engineer.

· When separate weigh boxes are used for each size of aggregate, the discharge gates shall permit regulating the flow of each size of aggregate as directed by the Engineer.

· Material discharged from the several bins shall be controlled by gates or by mechanical conveyors. The means of withdrawal from the several bins, and of discharge from the weigh box, shall be interlocked so that not more than one bin can discharge at a time, and that the weigh box cannot be tripped until the required quantity from each of the several bins has been deposited therein. Should a separate weigh box be used for each size of aggregate, all may be operated and discharged simultaneously.

· When the discharge from the several bins is controlled by gates, each gate shall be actuated automatically so that the required mass is discharged into the weigh box, after which the gate shall automatically close and lock.

· The automatic weighing system shall be designed so that all proportions required may be set on the weighing controller at the same time.

The third paragraph in Section 90-6.01, "General," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

· Concrete shall be homogeneous and thoroughly mixed. There shall be no lumps or evidence of undispersed cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture.

The third and fourth paragraphs in Section 90-6.02, "Machine Mixing," of the Standard Specifications are amended to read:

· The batch shall be so charged into the mixer that some water will enter in advance of cementitious materials and aggregates. All water shall be in the drum by the end of the first one-fourth of the specified mixing time.

· Cementitious materials shall be batched and charged into the mixer by means that will not result either in loss of cementitious materials due to the effect of wind, or in accumulation of cementitious materials on surfaces of conveyors or hoppers, or in other conditions which reduce or vary the required quantity of cementitious material in the concrete mixture.

The sixth paragraph in Section 90-6.02, "Machine Mixing," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

· The total elapsed time between the intermingling of damp aggregates and all cementitious materials and the start of mixing shall not exceed 30 minutes.

The seventh through tenth paragraphs in Section 90-6.03, "Transporting Mixed Concrete," of the Standard Specifications are amended to read:

· When a truck mixer or agitator is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be completed within 1.5 hours, or before 250 revolutions of the drum or blades, whichever comes first, after the introduction of the cement to the aggregates. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C, or above, a time less than 1.5 hours may be required.

· When non-agitating hauling equipment is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be completed within one hour after the addition of the cement to the aggregates. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C, or above, the time between the introduction of cement to the aggregates and discharge shall not exceed 45 minutes.

· Each load of concrete delivered at the job site shall be accompanied by a weight certificate showing the mix identification number, non-repeating load number, date and time at which the materials were batched, the total amount of water added to the load and for transit-mixed concrete, the reading of the revolution counter at the time the truck mixer is charged with cement. This weight certificate shall also show the actual scale masses (kilograms) for the ingredients batched. Theoretical or target batch masses shall not be used as a substitute for actual scale masses.

· Weight certificates shall be provided in printed form, or if approved by the Engineer, the data may be submitted in electronic media. Electronic media shall be presented in a tab-delimited format on 90 mm diskette with a capacity of at least 1.4 megabytes. Captured data, for the ingredients represented by each batch shall be LFCR (one line, separate record) with allowances for sufficient fields to satisfy the amount of data required by these specifications.

· The Contractor may furnish a weight certificate that is accompanied by a separate certificate which lists the actual batch masses or measurements for a load of concrete provided that both certificates are 1) imprinted with the same non-repeating load number that is unique to the contract and 2) delivered to the job site with the load.

· Weight certificates furnished by the Contractor shall conform to the provisions in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement of Quantities," of the Standard Specifications.

Section 90-6.05, "Hand-Mixing," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-6.05 HAND-MIXING

· Hand-mixed concrete shall be made in batches not more than one-fourth cubic meter and shall be mixed on a watertight, level platform. The proper amount of coarse aggregate shall be measured in measuring boxes and spread on the platform and the fine aggregate shall be spread on this layer, the 2 layers being not more than 0.3 meters in total depth. On this mixture shall be spread the dry cement and mineral admixture and the whole mass turned no fewer than 2 times dry; then sufficient clean water shall be added, evenly distributed, and the whole mass again turned no fewer than 3 times, not including placing in the carriers or forms.

The table in the first paragraph in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration," of the Standard Specifications is replaced with the following table:

Type of Work	Nominal Penetration (mm)	Maximum Penetration (mm)
Concrete pavement	0-25	40
Non-reinforced concrete facilities	0-35	50
Reinforced concrete structures:		
Sections over 300 mm thick	0-35	65
Sections 300 mm thick or less	0-50	75
Concrete placed under water	75-100	115
Cast-in-place concrete piles	65-90	100

The first paragraph following the table of penetration ranges in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

· The amount of free water used in concrete shall not exceed 183 kg/m3, plus 20 kg for each required 100 kg of cementitious material in excess of 325 kg/m3.

The fourth paragraph in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

· Where there are adverse or difficult conditions which affect the placing of concrete, the above specified penetration and free water content limitations may be exceeded providing the Contractor is granted permission by the Engineer in writing to increase the cementitious material content per cubic meter of concrete. The increase in water and cementitious material shall be at a ratio not to exceed 30 kg of water per added 100 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter. The cost of additional cementitious material and water added under these conditions shall be at the Contractor's expense and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Section 90-9.01, "General," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-9.01 GENERAL

· Concrete compressive strength requirements consist of a minimum strength which must be attained before various loads or stresses are applied to the concrete and, for concrete designated by strength, a minimum strength at the age of 28 days or at the age otherwise allowed in Section 90-1.01, "Description." The various strengths required are specified in these specifications or are shown on the plans.

· The compressive strength of concrete will be determined from test cylinders which have been fabricated from concrete sampled in conformance with California Test 539. Test cylinders will be molded and initial field cured in

conformance with California Test 540. Test cylinders will be cured and tested after receipt at the testing laboratory in conformance with California Test 521. A strength test shall consist of the average strength of 2 cylinders fabricated from material taken from a single load of concrete, except that, if any cylinder should show evidence of improper sampling, molding, or testing, that cylinder shall be discarded and the strength test shall consist of the strength of the remaining cylinder.

· When concrete compressive strength is specified as a prerequisite to applying loads or stresses to a concrete structure or member, test cylinders for other than steam cured concrete will be cured in conformance with Method 1 of California Test 540. The compressive strength of concrete determined for these purposes will be evaluated on the basis of individual tests.

· When concrete is designated by 28-day compressive strength rather than by cementitious material content, the concrete strength to be used as a basis for acceptance of other than steam cured concrete will be determined from cylinders cured in conformance with Method 1 of California Test 540. If the result of a single compressive strength test at the maximum age specified or allowed is below the specified strength but is 95 percent or more of the specified strength, the Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, make corrective changes, subject to approval by the Engineer, in the mix proportions or in the concrete fabrication procedures, before placing additional concrete, and shall pay to the State $14 for each in-place cubic meter of concrete represented by the deficient test. If the result of a single compressive strength test at the maximum age specified or allowed is below 95 percent of the specified strength, but is 85 percent or more of the specified strength, the Contractor shall make the corrective changes specified above, and shall pay to the State $20 for each in place cubic meter of concrete represented by the deficient test. In addition, such corrective changes shall be made when the compressive strength of concrete tested at 7 days indicates, in the judgment of the Engineer, that the concrete will not attain the required compressive strength at the maximum age specified or allowed. Concrete represented by a single test which indicates a compressive strength of less than 85 percent of the specified 28-day compressive strength will be rejected in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.04, "Defective Materials."

· If the test result indicates that the compressive strength at the maximum curing age specified or allowed is below the specified strength, but 85 percent or more of the specified strength, payments to the State as required above shall be made, unless the Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, obtains and submits evidence acceptable to the Engineer that the strength of the concrete placed in the work meets or exceeds the specified 28-day compressive strength. If the test result indicates a compressive strength at the maximum curing age specified or allowed below 85 percent, the concrete represented by that test will be rejected, unless the Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, obtains and submits evidence acceptable to the Engineer that the strength and quality of the concrete placed in the work are acceptable. If the evidence consists of tests made on cores taken from the work, the cores shall be obtained and tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 42.

· No single compressive strength test shall represent more than 250 cubic meters.

· When a precast concrete member is steam cured, the compressive strength of the concrete will be determined from test cylinders which have been handled and stored in conformance with Method 3 of California Test 540. The compressive strength of steam cured concrete will be evaluated on the basis of individual tests representing specific portions of production. When the concrete is designated by 28-day compressive strength rather than by cementitious material content, the concrete shall be considered to be acceptable whenever its compressive strength reaches the specified 28-day compressive strength provided that strength is reached in not more than the maximum number of days specified or allowed after the member is cast.

· If concrete is specified by compressive strength, then materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, and procedures proposed for use shall be prequalified prior to placement of the concrete. Prequalification shall be accomplished by the submission of acceptable certified test data or trial batch reports by the Contractor. Prequalification data shall be based on the use of materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, procedures, and size of batch proposed for use in the work.

· Certified test data, in order to be acceptable, must indicate that not less than 90 percent of at least 20 consecutive tests exceed the specified strength at the maximum number of cure days specified or allowed, and none of those tests are less than 95 percent of specified strength. Strength tests included in the data shall be the most recent tests made on concrete of the proposed mix design and all shall have been made within one year of the proposed use of the concrete.

· Trial batch test reports, in order to be acceptable, must indicate that the average compressive strength of 5 consecutive concrete cylinders, taken from a single batch, at not more than 28 days (or the maximum age allowed) after molding shall be at least 4 MPa greater than the specified 28-day compressive strength, and no individual cylinder shall have a strength less than the specified strength at the maximum age specified or allowed. Data contained in the report shall be from trial batches which were produced within one year of the proposed use of specified strength concrete in the project. Whenever air-entrainment is required, the air content of trial batches shall be equal to or greater than the air content specified for the concrete without reduction due to tolerances.

· Tests shall be performed in conformance with either the appropriate California Test methods or the comparable ASTM test methods. Equipment employed in testing shall be in good condition and shall be properly calibrated. If the tests are performed during the life of the contract, the Engineer shall be notified sufficiently in advance of performing the tests in order to witness the test procedures.

· The certified test data and trial batch test reports shall include the following information:

A. Date of mixing.
B. Mixing equipment and procedures used.
C. The size of batch in cubic meters and the mass, type and source of ingredients used.
D. Penetration of the concrete.
E. The air content of the concrete if an air-entraining admixture is used.
F. The age at time of testing and strength of concrete cylinders tested.

· Certified test data and trial batch test reports shall be signed by an official of the firm which performed the tests.

· When approved by the Engineer, concrete from trial batches may be used in the work at locations where concrete of a lower quality is required and the concrete will be paid for as the type or class of concrete required at that location.

· After materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, and procedures for concrete have been prequalified for use, additional prequalification by testing of trial batches will be required prior to making changes which, in the judgment of the Engineer, could result in a lowering of the strength of the concrete below that specified.

· The Contractor's attention is directed to the time required to test trial batches. The Contractor shall be responsible for production of trial batches at a sufficiently early date so that the progress of the work is not delayed.

· When precast concrete members are manufactured at the plant of an established manufacturer of precast concrete members, the mix proportions of the concrete shall be determined by the Contractor, and a trial batch and prequalification of the materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, and procedures will not be required.

Section 90-10.02A, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is renamed "Cementitious Material" and is amended to read:

90-10.02A CEMENTITIOUS MATERIAL

· Cementitious material shall conform to the provisions in Section 90-1.01, "Description." Compressive strength requirements consist of a minimum strength which must be attained before various loads or stresses are applied to the concrete and, for concrete designated by strength, a minimum strength at the age of 28 days or at the age otherwise allowed in Section 90-1.01, "Description." The various strengths required are specified in these specifications or are shown on the plans.

The fifth paragraph in Section 90-10.02B, "Aggregate," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

Section 90-10.03, "Production," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-10.03 PRODUCTION

· Cementitious material, water, aggregate, and admixtures shall be stored, proportioned, mixed, transported, and discharged in conformance with recognized standards of good practice, which will result in concrete that is thoroughly and uniformly mixed, which is suitable for the use intended, and which conforms to provisions specified herein. Recognized standards of good practice are outlined in various industry publications such as those issued by American Concrete Institute, AASHTO, or California Department of Transportation.

· The cementitious material content of minor concrete shall conform to the provisions in Section 90-1.01, "Description."

· The amount of water used shall result in a consistency of concrete conforming to the provisions in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration." Additional mixing water shall not be incorporated into the concrete during hauling or after arrival at the delivery point, unless authorized by the Engineer.

· Discharge of ready-mixed concrete from the transporting vehicle shall be made while the concrete is still plastic and before stiffening occurs. An elapsed time of 1.5 hours (one hour in non-agitating hauling equipment), or more than 250 revolutions of the drum or blades, after the introduction of the cementitious material to the aggregates, or a temperature of concrete of more than 32°C will be considered as conditions contributing to the quick stiffening of concrete. The Contractor shall take whatever action is necessary to eliminate quick stiffening, except that the addition of water will not be permitted.

· The required mixing time in stationary mixers shall be not less than 50 seconds or more than 5 minutes.

· The minimum required revolutions at mixing speed for transit-mixed concrete shall be not less than that recommended by the mixer manufacturer, and shall be increased, if necessary, to produce thoroughly and uniformly mixed concrete.

· Each load of ready-mixed concrete shall be accompanied by a weight certificate which shall be delivered to the Engineer at the discharge location of the concrete, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. The weight certificate shall be clearly marked with the date and time of day when the load left the batching plant and, if hauled in truck mixers or agitators, the time the mixing cycle started.

· A Certificate of Compliance conforming to the provisions in Section 6–1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," shall be furnished to the Engineer, prior to placing minor concrete from a source not previously used on the contract, stating that minor concrete to be furnished meets contract requirements, including minimum cementitious material content specified.

The third and fourth paragraphs in Section 90-11.02, "Payment," of the Standard Specifications are amended to read:

· Should the Engineer order the Contractor to incorporate admixtures into the concrete when their use is not required by these specifications or the special provisions, furnishing the admixtures and adding them to the concrete will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D.

· Should the Contractor use admixtures in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.05, "Optional Use of Chemical Admixtures," or Section 90-4.07, "Optional Use of Air-entraining Admixtures," or should the Contractor request and obtain permission to use other admixtures for the Contractor's benefit, the Contractor shall furnish those admixtures and incorporate them in the concrete at the Contractor's expense and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

SECTION 8-3. WELDING

8-3.01 WELDING ELECTRODES

Flux core welding electrodes conforming to the requirements of AWS A5.20 E6XT-4 or E7XT-4 shall not be used to perform any type of welding for this project.

8-3.02 WELDING QUALITY CONTROL

Welding quality control shall conform to the requirements in the AWS welding codes, the Standard Specifications, and these special provisions.

Welding quality control shall apply when any work is welded in conformance with the provisions in Section 49, "Piling," Section 52, "Reinforcement," Section 55, "Steel Structures," Section 56-1, "Overhead Sign Structures," Section 75-1.035, "Bridge Joint Restrainer Units," or Section 86-2.04, "Standards, Steel Pedestals and Posts," of the Standard Specifications.

Wherever reference is made to the following AWS welding codes in the Standard Specifications, on the plans or in these special provisions, the year of adoption for these codes shall be as listed:

AWS Code	Year of Adoption
D1.1	1998
D1.4	1992
D1.5	1995
D1.5 (metric only)	1996

All requirements of the AWS welding codes shall apply unless specified otherwise in the Standard Specifications, on the plans or in these special provisions. Wherever the abbreviation AWS is used, it shall be equivalent to the abbreviations ANSI/AWS or ANSI/AASHTO/AWS.

The welding of all fracture critical members (FCMs) shall conform to the provisions specified in the Fracture Control Plan (FCP) and herein.

The Contractor shall designate in writing a welding Quality Control Manager (QCM). The QCM shall be responsible directly to the Contractor for the quality of welding, including materials and workmanship, performed by the Contractor and all subcontractors.

The QCM shall be the sole individual responsible to the Contractor for submitting, receiving, and approving all correspondence, required submittals, and reports to and from the Engineer.

The QCM shall not be employed or compensated by any subcontractor, or by other persons or entities hired by subcontractors, who will provide other services or materials for the project. The QCM may be an employee of the Contractor.

Welding inspection personnel or nondestructive testing (NDT) firms to be used in the work shall not be employed or compensated by any subcontractor, or by other persons or entities hired by subcontractors, who will provide other services or materials for the project, except for the following conditions:

A. The welding is performed at a permanent fabrication facility which is certified under the AISC Quality Certification Program, Category Cbr, Major Steel Bridges.
B. The welding is performed at a permanent fabrication facility which is certified under the AISC Quality Certification Program, Category Sbd, Conventional Steel Building Structures. This condition shall apply only for work welded in conformance with the provisions in Section 56-1, "Overhead Sign Structures" or Section 86-2.04, "Standards, Steel Pedestals and Posts," of the Standard Specifications.

For welding performed at such certified facilities, the inspection personnel or NDT firms may be employed or compensated by the fabrication facility performing the welding.

Prior to submitting the Welding Quality Control Plan (WQCP) required herein, a pre-welding meeting between the Engineer, Contractor and any welding subcontractors or entities hired by these subcontractors to be used in the work, shall be held to discuss the requirements for the WQCP.

Prior to performing any welding, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer, in conformance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications, 3 copies of a separate WQCP for each item of work for which welding is to be performed. As a minimum, each WQCP shall include the following:

A. The name of the welding firm and the NDT firm to be used;
B. A manual prepared by the NDT firm that shall include equipment, testing procedures, code of safe practices, the Written Practice of the NDT firm, and the names, qualifications and documentation of certifications for all personnel to be used;
C. The name of the QCM and the names, qualifications and documentation of certifications for all Quality Control (QC) Inspectors and Assistant Quality Control Inspectors to be used;
D. An organizational chart showing all QC personnel and their assigned QC responsibilities;
E. The methods and frequencies for performing all required quality control procedures, including QC inspection forms to be used, as required by the specifications including:

    1. all visual inspections;
    2. all NDT including radiographic geometry, penetrameter and shim selection, film quality, film processing, radiograph identification and marking system, and film interpretation and reports; and
    3. calibration procedures and calibration frequency for all NDT equipment;

F. A system for the identification and tracking of all welds, NDT and any required repairs, and a procedure for the reinspection of any repaired welds. The system shall have provisions for 1) permanently identifying each weld and the person who performed the weld, 2) placing all identification and tracking information on each radiograph and 3) a method of reporting nonconforming welds to the Engineer;
G. Standard procedures for performing noncritical repair welds. Noncritical repair welds are defined as welds to deposit additional weld beads or layers to compensate for insufficient weld size and to fill limited excavations that were performed to remove unacceptable edge or surface discontinuities, rollover or undercut. The depth of these excavations shall not exceed 65 percent of the specified weld size;
H. The welding procedure specification (WPS), including documentation of all supporting Procedure Qualification Record (PQR) tests performed, and the name of the testing laboratory who performed the tests, to verify the acceptability of the WPS. The submitted WPS shall be within the allowable period of effectiveness;
I. Documentation of all certifications for welders for each weld process and position that will be used. Certifications shall list the electrodes used, test position, base metal and thickness, tests performed, and the witnessing authority. All certifications shall be within the allowable period of effectiveness; and
J. One copy each of all AWS welding codes and the FCP which are applicable to the welding to be performed. These codes and the FCP shall become the permanent property of the Department.
K. Example forms to be used for Certificates of Compliance, daily production logs, and daily reports.

The Engineer shall have 10 working days to review the WQCP submittal after a complete plan has been received. No welding shall be performed until the WQCP is approved in writing by the Engineer. Should the Engineer fail to complete the review within this time allowance and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of the delay in reviewing the WQCP, the delay will be considered a right of way delay in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," of the Standard Specifications.

An amended WQCP or addendum shall be submitted to, and approved in writing by the Engineer, for any proposed revisions to the approved WQCP. An amended WQCP or addendum will be required for any revisions to the WQCP, including but not limited to a revised WPS, additional welders, changes in NDT firms or procedures, QC or NDT personnel, or updated systems for tracking and identifying welds. The Engineer shall have 3 working days to complete the review of the amended WQCP or addendum. Work that is affected by any of the proposed revisions shall not be performed until the

amended WQCP or addendum has been approved. Should the Engineer fail to complete the review within this time allowance and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of the delay in reviewing the amended WQCP or addendum, the delay will be considered a right of way delay in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," of the Standard Specifications.

After final approval of the WQCP, amended WQCP, or addendum, the Contractor shall submit 7 copies to the Engineer of each of these approved documents.

It is expressly understood that the Engineer's approval of the Contractor's WQCP shall not relieve the Contractor of any responsibility under the contract for the successful completion of the work in conformity with the requirements of the plans and specifications. The Engineer's approval shall not constitute a waiver of any of the requirements of the plans and specifications nor relieve the Contractor of any obligation thereunder, and defective work, materials and equipment may be rejected notwithstanding approval of the WQCP.

A daily production log for welding shall be kept by the QCM for each day that welding is performed. The log shall clearly indicate the locations of all welding, and shall include the welders' names, amount of welding performed, any problems or deficiencies discovered, and any testing or repair work performed, at each location. The daily report from each Quality Control Inspector shall also be included in the log.

The following items shall be included in a Welding Report that is to be submitted to the Engineer within 7 days following the performance of any welding:

A. Reports of all visual weld inspections and NDT;
B. Radiographs and radiographic reports, and other required NDT reports;
C. Documentation that the Contractor has evaluated all radiographs and other nondestructive tests, corrected all rejectable deficiencies, and all repaired welds have been reexamined by the required NDT and found acceptable; and
D. Daily production log.

All radiographic envelopes shall have clearly written on the outside of the envelope the following information: name of the QCM, name of the nondestructive testing firm, name of the radiographer, date, contract number, complete part description, and all included weld numbers or a report number, as detailed in the WQCP. In addition, all innerleaves shall have clearly written on them the part description and all included weld numbers, as detailed in the WQCP.

All reports regarding NDT, including radiographs, shall be signed by both the NDT technician and the person that performed the review, and then submitted directly to the QCM for review and signature prior to submittal to the Engineer. Corresponding names shall be clearly printed or typewritten next to all signatures.

The Engineer will review the Welding Report to determine if the Contractor is in conformance with the WQCP. Except for steel piling, the Engineer shall be allowed 7 days to review the report and respond in writing after a complete Welding Report has been received. The review time for steel piling shall be as specified in "Piling" of these special provisions. Prior to receiving notification from the Engineer of the Contractor's conformance with the WQCP, the Contractor may encase in concrete or cover any welds for which a Welding Report has been submitted. However, should the Contractor elect to encase or cover those welds prior to receiving notification from the Engineer, it is expressly understood that the Contractor shall not be relieved of the responsibility for incorporating material in the work that conforms to the requirements of the plans and specifications. Any material not conforming to these requirements will be subject to rejection. Should the Contractor elect to wait to encase or cover any welds pending notification by the Engineer, and should the Engineer fail to complete the review and provide notification within this time allowance, and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of the delay in notification, the delay will be considered a right of way delay in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," of the Standard Specifications.

Sections 6.1.2 through 6.1.4.3 of AWS D 1.1, Sections 7.1.1 and 7.1.2 of AWS D 1.4, and Sections 6.1.1.1 through 6.1.3.3 of AWS D 1.5 are replaced with the following:

Quality Control (QC) shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. As a minimum, the Contractor shall perform inspection and testing prior to welding, during welding and after welding as specified in this section and additionally as necessary to ensure that materials and workmanship conform to the requirements of the contract documents.

The Quality Control (QC) Inspector shall be the duly designated person who performs inspection, testing, and quality matters for all welding.

Quality Assurance (QA) is the prerogative of the Engineer. The QA Inspector is the duly designated person who acts for and on behalf of the Engineer.

All QC Inspectors shall be responsible for quality control acceptance or rejection of materials and workmanship, and shall be currently certified as AWS Certified Welding Inspectors (CWI) in conformance with the requirements in AWS QC1, "Standard and Guide for Qualification of Welding Inspectors."

The QC Inspector may be assisted by an Assistant QC Inspector provided that this individual is currently certified as an AWS Certified Associate Welding Inspector (CAWI) in conformance with the requirements in AWS QC1, "Standard and Guide for Qualification of Welding Inspectors," or has equivalent qualifications. The QC Inspector shall monitor the Assistant QC Inspector's work, and shall be responsible for signing all reports.

When the term "Inspector" is used without further qualification, it shall refer to the QC Inspector.

Section 6.14.6, "Personnel Qualification," of AWS D 1.1, Section 7.7.6, "Personnel Qualification," of AWS D 1.4, and Section 6.1.3.4, "Personnel Qualification," of AWS D 1.5 are replaced with the following:

Personnel performing NDT shall be qualified in conformance with the requirements in the current edition of the American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT) Recommended Practice No. SNT-TC-1A and the Written Practice of the NDT firm. The Written Practice of the NDT firm shall meet or exceed the requirements of the current edition of the ASNT Recommended Practice No. SNT-TC-1A. Only individuals who are 1) qualified for NDT Level II, or 2) Level III technicians who have been directly certified by the ASNT and are authorized to perform the work of Level II technicians, shall perform NDT, review the results, and prepare the written reports.

Section 6.5.4, "Scope of Examination," of AWS D 1.1 and Section 7.5.4 of AWS D 1.4 are replaced with the following:

The QC Inspector shall inspect and approve the joint preparation, assembly practice, welding techniques, and performance of each welder, welding operator, and tack welder to make certain that the applicable requirements of this code and the approved WPS are met.

Section 6.5.4 of AWS D 1.5 is replaced with the following:

The QC Inspector shall inspect and approve the joint preparation, assembly practice, welding techniques, and performance of each welder, welding operator, and tack welder to make certain that the applicable requirements of this code and the approved WPS are met. The QC Inspector shall examine the work to make certain that it meets the requirements of section 3 and 9.21. The size and contour of welds shall be measured using suitable gages. Visual inspection for cracks in welds and base metal, and for other discontinuities should be aided by strong light magnifiers, or such other devices as may be helpful. Acceptance criteria different from those specified in this code may be used when approved by the Engineer.

The Engineer shall have the authority to verify the qualifications or certifications of any welder, Quality Control Inspector, or NDT personnel to specified levels by retests or other means.

A sufficient number of QC Inspectors shall be provided to ensure continuous inspection when any welding is being performed. Continuous inspection, as a minimum, shall include (1) having QC Inspectors continually present on all shifts when any welding is being performed, or (2) having a QC Inspector within such close proximity of all welding operations that inspections by the QC Inspector of each operation, at each welding location, shall not lapse for a period exceeding 30 minutes.

Inspection and approval of the joint preparation, assembly practice, welding techniques, and performance of each welder, welding operator, and tack welder shall be documented by the QC Inspector on a daily basis for each day that welding is performed.

The QC Inspector shall provide reports to the QCM on a daily basis for each day that welding is performed.

Except for noncritical weld repairs, base metal repairs, or any other type of repairs not submitted in the WQCP, the Engineer shall be notified immediately in writing when any welding problems or deficiencies are discovered and also of the proposed repair procedures to correct them. The Engineer shall have 5working days to review these procedures. No remedial work shall begin until the repair procedures are approved in writing by the Engineer. Should the Engineer fail to complete the review within this time allowance and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of the delay in reviewing the proposed repair procedures, the delay will be considered a right of way delay in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," of the Standard Specifications.

When joint details that are not prequalified by the applicable AWS codes are proposed for use in the work, all welders using these details shall perform a qualification test plate using the approved WPS variables and the joint detail to be used in production. The test plate shall be the maximum thickness to be used in production. The test plate shall be mechanically or radiographically tested as directed by the Engineer. Mechanical and radiographic testing and acceptance criteria shall be as specified in the applicable AWS codes.

The period of effectiveness for a welder's or welding operator's qualification shall be a maximum of 3 years for the same weld process, welding position, and weld type. A valid qualification at the beginning of work on a contract will be acceptable for the entire period of the contract, as long as the welder's work remains satisfactory.

All qualification tests for welders, welding operators, and WPSs used in welding operations will be witnessed by the Engineer.

Section 6.6.5, "Nonspecified Nondestructive Testing Other Than Visual," of AWS D 1.1, Section 6.6.5 of AWS D 1.4 and Section 6.6.5 of AWS D 1.5 shall not apply.

For any welding, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to perform NDT that is in addition to the visual inspection or NDT specified in the AWS welding codes, in the Standard Specifications or in these special provisions. Additional NDT required by the Engineer, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications. Should any welding deficiencies be discovered by this additional NDT, the cost of the testing will not be paid for as extra work and shall be at the Contractor's expense.

All required repair work to correct welding deficiencies, whether discovered by the required visual inspection or NDT, or by additional NDT directed by the Engineer, and any associated delays or expenses caused to the Contractor by performing these repairs, shall be at the Contractor's expense.

At the completion of all welding, the QCM shall sign and furnish to the Engineer, a Certificate of Compliance in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for each item of work for which welding was performed. The certificate shall state that all of the materials and workmanship incorporated in the work, and all required tests and inspections of this work, have been performed in conformance with the details shown on the plans and the provisions of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Full compensation for conforming to of the requirements of this section shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

SECTION 9. (BLANK)

SECTION 10. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

SECTION 10-1. GENERAL

10-1.01 ORDER OF WORK

Order of work shall conform to the provisions in Section 5-1.05, "Order of Work," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The first order of work shall be to place the order for the traffic operations system. The Engineer shall be furnished a statement from the vendor that the order for the traffic signal equipment has been received and accepted by the vendor.

No above ground electrical work shall be performed on any system within the project site until all Contractor-furnished electrical materials for that individual system have been tested and delivered to Contractor.

At those locations exposed to public traffic where guard railings or barriers are to be constructed, reconstructed, or removed and replaced, the Contractor shall schedule operations so that at the end of each working day there shall be no post holes open nor shall there be any railing or barrier posts installed without the blocks and rail elements assembled and mounted thereon.

10-1.02 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

The Contractor shall prepare a project specific Health and Safety Plan to prevent or minimize exposure to potentially hazardous levels of lead. The Contractor shall assume that lead concentrations in the work zone are as stated previously in this section "Aerially Deposited Lead." The Contractor's attention is directed to Title 8, California Code of Regulations, Section 5192 (b) (4) (B) and the Occupational Safety and Health Guidance Manual published by National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and USEPA for elements of the site safety plan. The Health and Safety Plan shall contain as a minimum but not be limited to: identification of key personnel for the project, job hazard analysis for work assignments, summary of risk assessment, air monitoring plan, personal protective equipment, delineation of work zones on-site, decontamination procedures, general safe work practices, security measures, emergency response plans and worker training.

The Health and Safety Plan shall utilize monitoring and exposure standards based on Construction Standards of Title 8, California Code of Regulations Section 1532.1 and as a minimum shall contain a description of activities, specific means employed to achieve compliance, report of the technology considered, air monitoring, schedule for implementation of the program, a work practice program, administrative control schedule, description of arrangements for information transfer between contractors concerning potential exposure to lead and other relevant information. The Health and Safety plan shall be approved by the Contractor's Certified Industrial Hygienist before submission to the Engineer. The plan shall be submitted to the Engineer at least 5 days prior to beginning any work in areas containing aerially deposit lead.

Prior to performing any work in areas containing lead, personnel who have no prior training or are not current in their training status, including State personnel, shall complete a safety training program provided by the Contractor, which meets the requirements of Title 8, California Code of regulations, Section 1532.1.

Personal protective equipment, training, and medical surveillance required by the Contractor's Health and Safety Plan shall be supplied to State personnel by the Contractor. The number of State personnel will be 2.

The contract lump sum price for Health and Safety Plan shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work involved in preparing the health and safety plan, and for providing personal protective equipment, training and medical surveillance, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

Any additional Health and Safety requirements needed to complete the work, as determined by the lead sampling and analysis results, will be paid as extra work in accordance with the Section 4-1.03D, "Extra Work," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.03 LEAD SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS

The Contractor shall take samples and obtain analyses for lead before beginning any work on the project. A minimum of 2 borings, centered in the location of the CIDH piles, shall be completed in the unpaved areas of Contractor's work zone. Each boring location shall be sampled at the surface (after clearing away gravel, vegetation and similar debris), 0.3, 0.76, and 1.7 meters below ground surface. Samples shall be analyzed for total lead concentration by a laboratory certified by the Department of Health Services using EPA Method 6010 or EPA Method 7000. Analytical results shall be made available within 48 hours. Laboratory results shall be sent by facsimile or hand delivered to the Engineers as soon as they are available. A summary report of sampling protocols, chain of custody, analysis and laboratory data sheets shall be supplied to the Engineer within 30 days of completion of sampling.

Materials with total levels of lead greater that the Total Threshold Limit Concentration (TTLC) of 1000 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) or solubility levels, as established by the California Waste Extraction Test (WET), greater than the Solubility Threshold Limit Concentration (STLC) of 5 milligrams per liter (mg/l) shall be considered hazardous pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Title 22.

The contract lump sum price for lead sampling and analysis shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work involved in collecting and analyzing materials for lead as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.04 WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

Water pollution control work shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.01G, "Water Pollution," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Water pollution control work shall conform to the requirements in the Construction Contractor's Guide and Specifications of the Caltrans Storm Water Quality Handbooks, dated April 1997, and addenda thereto issued up to and including the date of advertisement of the project, hereafter referred to as the "Handbook." Copies of the Handbook may be obtained from the Department of Transportation, Material Operations Branch, Publication Distribution Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, California 95815, Telephone: (916) 445-3520.

Copies of the Handbook are also available for review at 111 Grand Avenue Oakland, California 94601. Please call the Construction office Duty Senior, telephone number (510) 286-5209 to reserve a copy of the documents at least 24 hours in advance.

The Contractor shall know and fully comply with the applicable provisions of the Handbook and Federal, State, and local regulations that govern the Contractor's operations and storm water discharges from both the project site and areas of disturbance outside the project limits during construction.

Unless arrangements for disturbance of areas outside the project limits are made by the Department and made part of the contract, it is expressly agreed that the Department assumes no responsibility whatsoever to the Contractor or property owner with respect to any arrangements made between the Contractor and property owner to allow disturbance of areas outside the project limits.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the costs and for liabilities imposed by law as a result of the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements set forth in this section "Water Pollution Control" including, but not limited to, compliance with the applicable provisions of the Handbook and Federal, State, and local regulations. For the purposes of this paragraph, costs and liabilities include, but are not limited to, fines, penalties, and damages whether assessed against the State or the Contractor, including those levied under the Federal Clean Water Act and the State Porter Cologne Water Quality Act.

In addition to the remedies authorized by law, an amount of the money due the Contractor under the contract, as determined by the Department, may be retained by the State of California until disposition has been made of the costs and liabilities.

The retention of money due the Contractor shall be subject to the following:

A. The Department will give the Contractor 30 days notice of the Department's intention to retain funds from partial payments which may become due to the Contractor prior to acceptance of the contract. Retention of funds from payments made after acceptance of the contract may be made without prior notice to the Contractor.

B. No retention of additional amounts out of partial payments will be made if the amount to be retained does not exceed the amount being withheld from partial payments pursuant to Section 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," of the Standard Specifications.
C. If the Department has retained funds and it is subsequently determined that the State is not subject to the costs and liabilities in connection with the matter for which the retention was made, the Department shall be liable for interest on the amount retained at the legal rate of interest for the period of the retention.

Conformance with the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" shall not relieve the Contractor from the Contractor's responsibilities as provided in Section 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibilities," of the Standard Specifications.

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM PREPARATION, APPROVAL AND UPDATES

As part of the water pollution control work, a Water Pollution Control Program, hereafter referred to as the "WPCP," is required for this contract. The WPCP shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.01G, "Water Pollution," of the Standard Specifications, the requirements in the Handbook, and these special provisions.

No work having potential to cause water pollution, as determined by the Engineer, shall be performed until the WPCP has been approved by the Engineer.

Within 15 days after the approval of the contract, the Contractor shall submit 3 copies of the WPCP to the Engineer. The Engineer will have 5 days to review the WPCP. If revisions are required, as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall revise and resubmit the WPCP within 5 days of receipt of the Engineer's comments. The Engineer will have 5 days to review the revisions. Upon the Engineer's approval of the WPCP, 3 additional copies of the WPCP incorporating the required changes shall be submitted to the Engineer. Minor changes or clarifications to the initial submittal may be made and attached as amendments to the WPCP. In order to allow construction activities to proceed, the Engineer may conditionally approve the WPCP while minor revisions or amendments are being completed.

The WPCP shall identify pollution sources that may adversely affect the quality of storm water discharges associated with the project and shall identify water pollution control measures, hereafter referred to as control measures, to be constructed, implemented, and maintained in order to reduce to the extent feasible pollutants in storm water discharges from the construction site during construction under this contract.

The WPCP shall incorporate control measures in the following categories:

A. Soil stabilization practices;
B. Sediment control practices;
C. Sediment tracking control practices;
D. Wind erosion control practices; and
E. Nonstorm water management and waste management and disposal control practices.

Specific objectives and minimum requirements for each category of control measures are contained in the Handbook.

The Contractor shall consider the objectives and minimum requirements presented in the Handbook for each of the above categories. The special minimum requirements listed below supersede the minimum requirements listed in the Handbook for the same category. When minimum requirements are listed for any category, the Contractor shall incorporate into the WPCP, and implement on the project, the listed minimum controls. In addition, the Contractor shall consider other control measures presented in the Handbook and shall incorporate into the WPCP and implement on the project the control measures necessary to meet the objectives of the WPCP. The Contractor shall document the selection process in conformance with the procedure specified in the Handbook. The following special minimum requirements are established:

Category	Minimum Requirement(s)
Soil stabilization practices	CD43 Fiber Rolls
Sediment Control Practices	CD36 Silt Fences CD38 Sand Bag Barrier CD40 Storm Drain Inlet Protection
Sediment tracking control	CD29B Stabilized Construction Roadway
Wind erosion control practices	CD26B Geotextiles, Mats/Plastic Covers
Non-Storm Water Management & Waste Management & Disposal	CD8 Paving Operations, CD9 Structure Construction and Painting CD10 Material Delivery & Storage, CD11 Material Use CD12 Spill Prevention and Control, CD13 Solid Waste Management, CD15 Contaminated Soil Management CD16 Concrete Waste Management CD17 Sanitary/Septic Waste Management CD18 Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning CD19 Vehicle and Equipment Fueling CD22 Scheduling CD44 Illicit Discharge/Illegal Dumping Reporting

The WPCP shall include, but not be limited to, the following items as described in the Handbook:

A. Project description and Contractor's certification;
B. Project information;
C. Pollution sources, control measures, and water pollution control drawings; and
D. Amendments, if any.

The Contractor shall amend the WPCP, graphically and in narrative form, whenever there is a change in construction activities or operations which may affect the discharge of significant quantities of pollutants to surface waters, ground waters, municipal storm drain systems or when deemed necessary by the Engineer. The WPCP shall be amended if the WPCP has not achieved the objective of reducing pollutants in storm water discharges. Amendments shall show additional control measures or revised operations, including those in areas not shown in the initially approved WPCP, which are required on the project to control water pollution effectively. Amendments to the WPCP shall be submitted for review and approval by the Engineer in the same manner specified for the initially approved WPCP. Amendments shall be dated and attached to the on-site WPCP document.

The Contractor shall keep a copy of the WPCP, together with updates, revisions and amendments at the project site.

WPCP IMPLEMENTATION

Upon approval of the WPCP, the Contractor shall be responsible throughout the duration of the project for installing, constructing, inspecting, and maintaining the control measures included in the WPCP and any amendments thereto and for removing and disposing of temporary control measures. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer or specified in these special provisions, the Contractor's responsibility for WPCP implementation shall continue throughout any temporary suspension of work ordered in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.05, "Temporary Suspension of Work," of the Standard Specifications. Requirements for installation, construction, inspection, maintenance, removal, and disposal of control measures are specified in the Handbook and these special provisions.

Soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures, including minimum requirements, shall be provided throughout the winter season, defined as between October 1 and May 1.

Implementation of soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures for soil-disturbed areas on the project site shall be completed, except as provided for below, not later than 20 days prior to the beginning of the winter season or upon start of applicable construction activities for projects which begin either during or within 20 days of the winter season.

Throughout the winter season, the active, soil-disturbed area of the project site shall be not more than 1.0 hectares. The Engineer may approve, on a case-by-case basis, expansions of the active, soil-disturbed area limit. The Contractor shall demonstrate the ability and preparedness to fully deploy soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures to protect soil-disturbed areas on the project site before the onset of precipitation. A quantity of soil stabilization and sediment control materials shall be maintained on site equal to 125 percent of that sufficient to protect unprotected, soil-disturbed areas on the

project site. A detailed plan for the mobilization of sufficient labor and equipment shall be maintained to fully deploy control measures required to protect unprotected, soil-disturbed areas on the project site prior to the onset of precipitation. A current inventory of control measure materials and the detailed mobilization plan shall be included as part of the WPCP.

Throughout the winter season, soil-disturbed areas on the project site shall be considered to be nonactive whenever soil disturbing activities are expected to be discontinued for a period of 20 or more days and the areas are fully protected. Areas that will become nonactive either during the winter season or within 20 days thereof shall be fully protected with soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures within 10 days of the discontinuance of soil disturbing activities or prior to the onset of precipitation, whichever is first to occur.

Throughout the winter season, active soil-disturbed areas of the project site shall be fully protected at the end of each day with soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures unless fair weather is predicted through the following work day. The weather forecast shall be monitored by the Contractor on a daily basis. The National Weather Service forecast shall be used. An alternative weather forecast proposed by the Contractor may be used if approved by the Engineer. If precipitation is predicted prior to the end of the following work day, construction scheduling shall be modified, as required, and functioning control measures shall be deployed prior to the onset of the precipitation.

The Contractor shall implement, year-round and throughout the duration of the project, control measures included in the WPCP for sediment tracking, wind erosion, nonstorm water management, and waste management and disposal.

The Engineer may order the suspension of construction operations which create water pollution if the Contractor fails to conform to the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" as determined by the Engineer.

MAINTENANCE

To ensure the proper implementation and functioning of control measures, the Contractor shall regularly inspect and maintain the construction site for the control measures identified in the WPCP. The Contractor shall identify corrective actions and time needed to address any deficient measures or reinitiate any measures that have been discontinued.

The construction site inspection checklist provided in the Handbook shall be used to ensure that the necessary measures are being properly implemented, and to ensure that the control measures are functioning adequately. One copy of each site inspection record shall be submitted to the Engineer.

During the winter season, inspections of the construction site shall be conducted by the Contractor to identify deficient measures, as follows:

A. Prior to a forecast storm;
B. After all precipitation which causes runoff capable of carrying sediment from the construction site;
C. At 24-hour intervals during extended precipitation events; and
D. Routinely, at a minimum of once every 2 weeks.

If the Contractor or the Engineer identifies a deficiency in the deployment or functioning of an identified control measure, the deficiency shall be corrected immediately. The deficiency may be corrected at a later date and time if requested by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer in writing, but not later than the onset of subsequent precipitation events. The correction of deficiencies shall be at no additional cost to the State.

PAYMENT

Full compensation for conforming to the provisions in this section shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Those control measures which are shown on the plans and for which there is a contract item of work will be measured and paid for as that contract item of work.

The Engineer will retain an amount equal to 25 percent of the estimated value of the contract work performed during estimate periods in which the Contractor fails to conform to the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" as determined by the Engineer.

Retentions for failure to conform to the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" shall be in addition to the other retentions provided for in the contract. The amounts retained for failure of the Contractor to conform to the provisions in this section will be released for payment on the next monthly estimate for partial payment following the date that a WPCP has been implemented and maintained and water pollution is adequately controlled, as determined by the Engineer.

10-1.05 COOPERATION

Attention is directed to Section 7-1.14, "Cooperation," and Section 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

It is anticipated that work will be in progress by other contractors within or adjacent to the project limits of this contract. The Contractor shall coordinate his operations with other contractors performing work within or in the vicinity of these contract limits.

Contracts which are presently anticipated to occur within or in the vicinity of the project limits during the working period of this contract include, but not limited to, the following:

Contract 04-163644, Ala 24, Install tunnel lighting.

Progress schedules for the contracts that involve work affecting the Contractor's operations, when available, may be inspected by the Contractor at the Engineer's office, provided a request for inspection is made at least 48 hours in advance. Such progress schedules are tentative and no warranty is made by the State that such work will actually be performed as indicated by the schedules.

Maintenance work by State forces may be underway within or adjacent to the project limits during the progress of work under this Contract.

The Contractor shall attend joint weekly meetings as necessary, to be organized by the Engineer with other contractors on adjacent projects, State Maintenance forces, and other agencies involved, for the purpose of coordination and minimization of conflicts.

The Contractor shall incorporate in the planning of his progress schedule any regularly scheduled conflicting occurrences or highly publicized public special events that may affect his operation.

Full compensation for cooperation, coordinating operations, and for conforming to the requirements of this section shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the various contract items of work affected by this section and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.06 OBSTRUCTIONS

Attention is directed to Section 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities," and Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the appropriate regional notification center for operators of subsurface installations at least 2 working days, but not more than 14 calendar days, prior to performing any excavation or other work close to any underground pipeline, conduit, duct, wire or other structure. Regional notification centers include, but are not limited to, the following:

Notification Center	Telephone Number
Underground Service Alert-Northern California (USA)	1-800-642-2444 1-800-227-2600
Underground Service Alert-Southern California (USA)	1-800-422-4133 1-800-227-2600

10-1.07 CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS

Construction area signs shall be furnished, installed, maintained, and removed when no longer required in conformance with the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to the provisions in "Approved Traffic Products" of these special provisions. Type II retroreflective sheeting shall not be used on construction area sign panels.

The Contractor shall notify the appropriate regional notification center for operators of subsurface installations at least 2 working days, but not more than 14 calendar days, prior to commencing excavation for construction area sign posts. The regional notification centers include, but are not limited to, the following:

Notification Center	Telephone Number
Underground Service Alert-Northern California (USA)	1-800-642-2444 1-800-227-2600
Underground Service Alert-Southern California (USA)	1-800-422-4133 1-800-227-2600

Excavations required to install construction area signs shall be performed by hand methods without the use of power equipment, except that power equipment may be used if it is determined there are no utility facilities in the area of the proposed post holes.

Sign substrates for stationary mounted construction area signs may be fabricated from fiberglass reinforced plastic as specified under "Approved Traffic Products" of these special provisions.

10-1.08 MAINTAINING TRAFFIC

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.08, "Public Convenience," 7-1.09, "Public Safety," and 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and to the provisions in "Public Safety" of these special provisions and these special provisions. Nothing in these special provisions shall be construed as relieving the Contractor from the responsibilities specified in Section 7-1.09.

Lane closures shall conform to the provisions in section "Traffic Control System for Lane Closure" of these special provisions.

Personal vehicles of the Contractor's employees shall not be parked within the right of way.

Whenever vehicles or equipment are parked on the shoulder within 1.8 m of a traffic lane, the shoulder area shall be closed as shown on the plans.

Lanes shall be closed only during the hours shown on the charts included in this section "Maintaining Traffic." Except work required under Sections 7-1.08 and 7-1.09, work that interferes with public traffic shall be performed only during the hours shown for lane closures.

Designated legal holidays are: January 1st, the third Monday in February, the last Monday in May, July 4th, the first Monday in September, November 11th, Thanksgiving Day, and December 25th. When a designated legal holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be a designated legal holiday. When November 11th falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be a designated legal holiday.

Minor deviations from the requirements of this section concerning hours of work which do not significantly change the cost of the work may be permitted upon the written request of the Contractor, if in the opinion of the Engineer, public traffic will be better served and the work expedited. These deviations shall not be adopted by the Contractor until the Engineer has approved the deviations in writing. All other modifications will be made by contract change order.

Chart No. 1
Multilane Lane Requirements

Location: Eastbound Rte. 24 from Claremont Ave. UC to Broadway

	a.m.												p.m.												
FROM HOUR TO HOUR	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Mondays through Thursdays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3							3	3	3	3	
Fridays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3							3	3	3	3	
Saturdays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Sundays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Day before designated legal holiday	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3							3	3	3	3	
Designated legal holidays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	

Legend:

3	Three adjacent lanes open in direction of travel
	No lane closure allowed

REMARKS:

Chart No. 2
Multilane Lane Requirements

Location: Eastbound Rte. 24 from Frontage Rd. to Caldecott Tunnel

	a.m.												p.m.											
FROM HOUR TO HOUR	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Mondays through Thursdays	1	1	1	1	1																				1
Fridays	1	1	1	1	1																				1
Saturdays	1	1	1	1	1	1																			1
Sundays	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																		1
Day before designated legal holiday	1	1	1	1	1																				1
Designated legal holidays	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																		1

Legend:

1	One lane open in direction of travel
	No lane closure allowed

REMARKS:

Chart No. 3
Ramp Lane Requirements

Location: Westbound Rte. 24 on the Caldecott Lane Off-Ramp

	a.m.												p.m.											
FROM HOUR TO HOUR	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Mondays through Thursdays	x	x	x	x	x	x	x														x	x	x	x	x
Fridays	x	x	x	x	x	x															x	x	x	x	x
Saturdays	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x									x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sundays	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x								x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Day before designated legal holiday	x	x	x	x	x	x															x	x	x	x	x
Designated legal holidays	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x								x	x	x	x	x	x	x

Legend:

X	Ramp may be closed
	No work that interferes with public traffic will be allowed

REMARKS:

Chart No. 4
Ramp Lane Requirements

Location: Westbound Rte. 24 on the Fish Ranch Rd Off-Ramp

	a.m.												p.m.											
FROM HOUR TO HOUR	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Mondays through Thursdays	x	x	x	x	x	x														x	x	x	x	x	
Fridays	x	x	x	x	x	x	x													x	x	x	x	x	
Saturdays	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x											x	x	x	x	
Sundays	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x									x	x	x	x	x	
Day before designated legal holiday	x	x	x	x	x	x	x													x	x	x	x	x	
Designated legal holidays	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x									x	x	x	x	x	

Legend:

X	Ramp may be closed
	No work that interferes with public traffic will be allowed

REMARKS:

Chart No. 5
Multilane Lane Requirements

Location: Eastbound Rte. 24 from Gateway Blvd. to east of Camino Pablo

	a.m.												p.m.											
FROM HOUR TO HOUR	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Mondays through Thursdays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3								3	3	3	3	
Fridays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3									3	3	3	3	
Saturdays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3							3	3	3	3	3	
Sundays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Day before designated legal holiday	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3									3	3	3	3	
Designated legal holidays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	

Legend:

3	Three adjacent lanes open in direction of travel
	No lane closure allowed

REMARKS:

Chart No. 6
Multilane Lane Requirements

Location: Westbound Rte. 24 from Pleasant Hill Rd. to Gateway Blvd.

FROM HOUR TO HOUR	a.m. 12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	p.m. 12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Mondays through Thursdays	3	3	3	3	3								3	3	3					3	3	3	3	3	
Fridays	3	3	3	3	3								3	3	3					3	3	3	3	3	
Saturdays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3					3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Sundays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Day before designated legal holiday	3	3	3	3	3								3	3	3					3	3	3	3	3	
Designated legal holidays	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	

Legend:

3	Three adjacent lanes open in direction of travel
	No lane closure allowed

REMARKS:

10-1.09 CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

Lane closures shall conform to the provisions in "Maintaining Traffic" of these special provisions and these special provisions.

The term closure, as used herein, is defined as the closure of a traffic lane or lanes, including ramp or connector lanes, within a single traffic control system.

CLOSURE SCHEDULE

By Noon Monday, the Contractor shall submit a written schedule of planned closures for the following week period, defined as Friday Noon through the following Friday Noon.

The Closure Schedule shall show the locations and times when the proposed closures are to be in effect. The Contractor shall use the Closure Schedule request forms furnished by the Engineer. Closure Schedules submitted to the Engineer with incomplete, unintelligible or inaccurate information will be returned for correction and resubmittal. The Contractor will be notified of disapproved closures or closures that require coordination with other parties as a condition of approval.

Amendments to the Closure Schedule, including adding additional closures, shall be submitted to the Engineer, in writing, at least 3 working days in advance of a planned closure. Approval of amendments to the Closure Schedule will be at the discretion of the Engineer.

The Contractor shall confirm, in writing, all scheduled closures by no later than 8:00 a.m. 3 working days prior to the date on which the closure is to be made. Approval or denial of scheduled closures will be made no later than 4:00 p.m. 2 working days prior to the date on which the closure is to be made. Closures not confirmed or approved will not be allowed.

Confirmed closures that are cancelled due to unsuitable weather may be rescheduled at the discretion of the Engineer for the following working day.

CONTINGENCY PLAN

The Contractor shall prepare a contingency plan for reopening closures to public traffic. The Contractor shall submit the contingency plan for a given operation to the Engineer within one working day of the Engineer's request.

LATE REOPENING OF CLOSURES

If a closure is not reopened to public traffic by the specified time, work shall be suspended in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.05, "Temporary Suspension of Work," of the Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall not make any further closures until the Engineer has accepted a work plan, submitted by the Contractor, that will insure that future closures will be reopened to public traffic at the specified time. The Engineer will have 2 working days to accept or reject the Contractor's proposed work plan. The Contractor will not be entitled to any compensation for the suspension of work resulting from the late reopening of closures.

For each 10-minute interval, or fraction thereof past the time specified to reopen the closure, the Department will deduct $6,800.00 per interval from moneys due or that may become due the Contractor under the contract. Deductions will not be assessed against any ramp closures associated with this project.

COMPENSATION

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer of any delay in the Contractor's operations due to the following conditions, and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of those conditions, and the Contractor's loss due to that delay could not have been avoided by rescheduling the affected closure or by judicious handling of forces, equipment and plant, the delay will be considered a right of way delay within the meaning of Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," and compensation for the delay will be determined in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09:

A. The Contractor's proposed Closure Schedule is denied and his planned closures are within the time frame allowed for closures in "Maintaining Traffic" of these special provisions, except that the Contractor will not be entitled to any compensation for amendments to the Closure Schedule that are not approved.
B. The Contractor is denied a confirmed closure.

Should the Engineer direct the Contractor to remove a closure prior to the time designated in the approved Closure Schedule, any delay to the Contractor's schedule due to removal of the closure will be considered a right of way delay within the meaning of Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," and compensation for the delay will be determined in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09.

10-1.10 TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM FOR LANE CLOSURE

A traffic control system shall consist of closing traffic lanes and ramps in conformance with the details shown on the plans, the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications, the provisions under "Maintaining Traffic" and "Construction Area Signs" of these special provisions, and these special provisions. The provisions in this section will not relieve the Contractor from the responsibility to provide additional devices or take measures as may be necessary to comply with the provisions in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety," of the Standard Specifications.

Each vehicle used to place, maintain and remove components of a traffic control system on multilane highways shall be equipped with a Type II flashing arrow sign which shall be in operation when the vehicle is being used for placing, maintaining or removing components. Vehicles equipped with Type II flashing arrow sign not involved in placing, maintaining or removing components when operated within a stationary lane closure shall only display the caution display mode. The sign shall be controllable by the operator of the vehicle while the vehicle is in motion. The flashing arrow sign shown on the plans shall not be used on vehicles which are being used to place, maintain and remove components of a traffic control system and shall be in place before a lane closure requiring its use is completed.

If components in the traffic control system are displaced or cease to operate or function as specified, from any cause, during the progress of the work, the Contractor shall immediately repair the components to the original condition or replace the components and shall restore the components to the original location.

When lane and ramp closures are made for work periods only, at the end of each work period, components of the traffic control system, except portable delineators placed along open trenches or excavation adjacent to the traveled way, shall be removed from the traveled way and shoulder. If the Contractor so elects, the components may be stored at selected central locations designated by the Engineer within the limits of the highway right of way.

The contract lump sum price paid for traffic control system shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials (including signs), tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in placing, removing, storing, maintaining, moving to new locations, replacing, and disposing of the components of the traffic control system shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

The adjustment provisions in Section 4-1.03, "Changes," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply to the item of traffic control system. Adjustments in compensation for traffic control system will be made only for increased or decreased traffic control system required by changes ordered by the Engineer and will be made on the basis of the cost of the increased or decreased traffic control necessary. The adjustment will be made on a force account basis as provided in Section 9-1.03, "Force Account Payment," of the Standard Specifications for increased work and estimated on the same basis in the case of decreased work.

Traffic control system required by work which is classed as extra work, as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications, will be paid for as a part of the extra work.

10-1.11 TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION MODULE

This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, and maintaining sand filled temporary crash cushion modules in groupings or arrays at each location shown on the plans, as specified in these special provisions or where designated by the Engineer. The grouping or array of sand filled modules shall form a complete sand filled temporary crash cushion in conformance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to "Public Safety" of these special provisions.

GENERAL

Whenever the work or the Contractor's operations establishes a fixed obstacle, the exposed fixed obstacle shall be protected with a sand filled temporary crash cushion. The sand filled temporary crash cushion shall be in place prior to opening the lanes adjacent to the fixed obstacle to public traffic.

Sand filled temporary crash cushions shall be maintained in place at each location, including times when work is not actively in progress. Sand filled temporary crash cushions may be removed during a work period for access to the work provided that the exposed fixed obstacle is 4.6 m or more from a lane carrying public traffic and the temporary crash cushion is reset to protect the obstacle prior to the end of the work period in which the fixed obstacle was exposed. When no longer required, as determined by the Engineer, sand filled temporary crash cushions shall be removed from the site of the work.

MATERIALS

At the Contractor's option, the modules for use in sand filled temporary crash cushions shall be either Energite III Inertial Modules, Fitch Inertial Modules or TrafFix Sand Barrels manufactured after March 31, 1997, or equal:

A. Energite III Inertial Modules, manufactured by Energy Absorption Systems, Inc., One East Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL 60601-2076, Telephone 1-312-467-6750, FAX 1-800-770-6755.

   1. Distributor (Northern): Traffic Control Service, Inc., 8585 Thys Court, Sacramento, CA 95828, Telephone 1-800-884-8274, FAX 1-916-387-9734
   2. Distributor (Southern): Traffic Control Service, Inc., 1881 Betmor Lane, Anaheim, CA 92805, Telephone 1-800-222-8274, FAX 1-714-937-1070.

B. Fitch Inertial Modules, manufactured by Roadway Safety Service, Inc., 1050 North Rand Road, Wauconda, IL 60084, Telephone 1-800-426-0839, FAX 1-847-487-9820.

   1. Distributor (Northern): Traffic Control Service, Inc., 8585 Thys Court, Sacramento, CA 95828, Telephone 1-800-884-8274, FAX 1-916-387-9734
   2. Distributor (Southern): Traffic Control Service, Inc., 1881 Betmor Lane, Anaheim, CA 92805, Telephone 1-800-222-8274, FAX 1-714-937-1070.

C. TrafFix Sand Barrels, manufactured by TrafFix Devices, Inc., 220 Calle Pintoresco, San Clemente, CA 92672, Telephone 1-949-361-5663, FAX 1-949-361-9205.

   1. Russ Enterprises, Inc., 1533 Berger Drive, San Jose, CA 95112, Telephone 1-408-287-4303, FAX 1-408-287-1929.
   2. Statewide Safety, P.O. Box 1440, Pismo Beach, CA 93448, Telephone 1-800-559-7080, FAX 1-805-929-5786.

Modules contained in each temporary crash cushion shall be of the same type at each location. The color of the modules shall be the standard yellow color, as furnished by the vendor, with black lids. The modules shall exhibit good workmanship free from structural flaws and objectionable surface defects. The modules need not be new. Good used undamaged modules conforming to color and quality of the types specified herein may be utilized. If used Fitch modules requiring a seal are furnished, the top edge of the seal shall be securely fastened to the wall of the module by a continuous strip of heavy duty tape.

Modules shall be filled with sand in conformance with the manufacturer's directions, and to the sand capacity in kilograms for each module shown on the plans. Sand for filling the modules shall be clean washed concrete sand of commercial quality. At the time of placing in the modules, the sand shall contain not more than 7 percent water as determined by California Test 226.

Modules damaged due to the Contractor's operations shall be repaired immediately by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. Modules damaged beyond repair, as determined by the Engineer, due to the Contractor's operations shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

INSTALLATION

Temporary crash cushion modules shall be placed on movable pallets or frames conforming to the dimensions shown on the plans. The pallets or frames shall provide a full bearing base beneath the modules. The modules and supporting pallets or frames shall not be moved by sliding or skidding along the pavement or bridge deck.

A Type R or P marker panel shall be attached to the front of the crash cushion as shown on the plans, when the closest point of the crash cushion array is within 3.6 m of the traveled way. The marker panel, when required, shall be firmly fastened to the crash cushion with commercial quality hardware or by other methods determined by the Engineer.

At the completion of the project, temporary crash cushion modules, sand filling, pallets or frames, and marker panels shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site of the work. Temporary crash cushion modules shall not be installed in the permanent work.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Temporary crash cushion modules placed in conformance with the provisions in "Public Safety" of these special provisions will not be measured nor paid for.

10-1.12 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

Clearing and grubbing shall conform to the provisions in Section 16, "Clearing and Grubbing," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to "Aerially Deposited Lead" elsewhere in these specifications.

Clearing and grubbing operations shall result in no visible dust. No material containing lead shall be deposited on public roads. The Contractor shall indemnify the State from any costs due to spillage of material containing lead during transport.

The Contractor shall separate soil from vegetation, and the soils will remain on the site.

Activities controlled by the Contractor, except cleanup or other required work, shall be confined within the graded areas of the roadway.

Nothing herein shall be construed as relieving the Contractor of the Contractor's responsibility for final cleanup of the highway as provided in Section 4-1.02, "Final Cleaning Up," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.13 EARTHWORK

Earthwork shall conform to the provisions in Section 19, "Earthwork," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to "Aerially Deposited Lead" elsewhere in these special provisions.

All material excavated from areas containing aerially deposited lead shall be used as backfill or dispersed within the project limits in accordance with Section 19-2.06, "Surplus Material," of the Standard Specifications. None of these materials shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way.

Excavation, transportation, placement and handling of soils contaminating aerially deposited lead shall result in no visible dust. The Contractor shall have a water truck available at all times while performing earthwork, excavation or grubbing activities in work areas containing aerially deposited lead.

Full compensation for conforming to the requirements of this section involving materials containing aerially deposited lead, except as otherwise specifically provided in these special provisions, shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Any additional requirements needed to complete the work, as determined by the lead sampling and analysis results, will be paid as extra work in accordance with Section4-1.03D, "Extra Work," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.14 SIGN STRUCTURES

Sign structures and foundations for overhead signs shall conform to the provisions in Section 56-1, "Overhead Sign Structures," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Before commencing fabrication of sign structures, the Contractor shall submit 2 sets of working drawings to the Engineer in conformance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings." The working drawings shall include sign panel dimensions, span lengths, post heights, anchorage layouts, proposed splice locations, a snugging and tensioning pattern for anchor bolts and high strength bolted connections, and details for permanent steel anchor bolt templates. The working drawings shall be supplemented with a written quality control program that includes methods, equipment, and personnel necessary to satisfy the requirements specified herein and in the special provisions.

Working drawings shall be 559 mm x 864 mm or 279 mm x 432 mm in size and each drawing and calculation sheet shall include the State assigned designations for the contract number, sign structure type and reference as shown on the contract plans, District-County-Route-Kilometer Post, and contract number.

The Engineer shall have 20 working days to review the sign structure working drawings after a complete submittal has been received. No fabrication or installation of sign structures shall be performed until the working drawings are approved in writing by the Engineer.

Should the Engineer fail to complete the review within the time allowance and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of the delay in reviewing the sign structure working drawings, the delay will be considered a right of way delay in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays."

The third paragraph of Section 56-1.01, "Description," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

A permanent steel template shall be used to maintain the proper anchor bolt spacing.

One top nut, one leveling nut, and 2 washers shall be provided for the upper threaded portion of each anchor bolt.

Surfaces of base plates which are to come in contact with concrete, grout, or washers and leveling nuts shall be flat to within 3 mm tolerance in 305 mm, and to within 5 mm tolerance overall. Faying surfaces of plates in high-strength bolted connections including flange surfaces of field splices, chord joints, and frame junctures, and contact surfaces of plates used for breakaway slip base assemblies shall be flat to within 2 mm tolerance in 305 mm, and within 3 mm tolerance overall.

Thermally cut holes made in tubular members of sign supports, other than holes in base and flange plates, shall initially be made a minimum of 2 mm undersized, and then be mechanically enlarged by reaming or grinding to the final required size and shape. All edges shall have a surface roughness of not greater than 6.35 μm. Round holes may be drilled to the exact final diameter. No holes shall be made in members unless the holes are shown on the plans or are approved in writing by the Engineer.

The sixth through the thirteenth paragraphs in Section 56-1.03, "Fabrication," of the Standard Specifications are amended to read:

- High-strength bolted connections, where shown on the plans, shall conform to the provisions in Section 55-3.14, "Bolted Connections," except that only fastener assemblies consisting of a high-strength bolt, nut, hardened washer and direct tension indicator shall be used.
- High-strength fastener assemblies, and any other bolts, nuts, and washers attached to sign structures shall be zinc-coated by the mechanical deposition process.
- An alternating snugging and tensioning pattern for anchor bolts and high-strength bolted splices shall be used. Once tensioned, high-strength fastener components and direct tension indicators shall not be reused.
- For bolt diameters less than 10 mm, the diameter of the bolt hole shall be not more than 0.80-mm larger than the nominal bolt diameter. For bolt diameters greater than or equal to 10 mm, the diameter of the bolt hole shall be not more than 1.6 mm larger than the nominal bolt diameter.
- Sign structures shall be fabricated into the largest practical sections prior to galvanizing.
- Ribbed sheet metal panels for box beam closed truss sign structures shall be fastened to the truss members by cap screws or bolts as shown on the plans, or by 4.76 mm stainless steel blind rivets conforming to Industrial Fasteners Institute, Standard IFI-114, Grade 51. The outside diameter of the large flange rivet head shall be not less than 15.88 mm in diameter. Web splices in ribbed sheet metal panels may be made with similar type blind rivets of a size suitable for the thickness of material being connected.
- Spalling or chipping of concrete structures shall be repaired by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.
- Overhead sign supports shall have an aluminum identification plate permanently attached near the base, adjacent to the traffic side on one of the vertical posts, using either stainless steel rivets or stainless steel screws. As a minimum, the information on the plate shall include the name of the manufacturer, the date of manufacture and the contract number.

Steel members used for overhead sign structures shall receive nondestructive testing (NDT) in conformance with AWS D1.1 and the following:

A.

Weld Location	Weld Type	Minimum Required NDT
Welds for butt joint welds in tubular sections, nontubular sections, and posts	CJP groove weld with backing ring	100% UT or RT
Longitudinal seam welds*	PJP groove weld	25% MT
	CJP groove weld	100% UT or RT
Welds for base plate, flange plate, or end cap to post or mast arm	CJP groove weld	25% UT or RT
	Fillet weld	25% MT
* Longitudinal seam welds shall have 60% minimum penetration, except that within 150 mm of any circumferential weld, longitudinal seam welds shall be CJP groove welds.		

B. A written procedure approved by the engineer shall be used when performing UT on material less than 8 mm thick. Contoured shoes shall be used when performing UT on round tubular sections under 1270 mm in diameter.

C. When less than 100 percent of a weld is specified for NDT, and if defects are found during this inspection, additional NDT shall be performed. This additional NDT shall be performed on 25 percent of the total weld for all similar welds, as determined by the Engineer, produced for sign structures in the project. If any portion of the additional weld inspected is found defective, 100 percent of all similar welds produced for sign structures in the project, as determined by the Engineer, shall be tested.

Circumferential welds and base plate to post welds may be repaired only one time without written permission from the Engineer.

All ferrous metal parts of tubular sign structures shall be galvanized and shall not be painted.

Full compensation for furnishing anchor bolt templates and for testing of welds shall be considered as included in the contract price paid per kilogram for furnish sign structure and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.15 METAL BEAM GUARD RAILING

Metal beam guard railing shall be constructed in conformance with the provisions in Section 83-1, "Railings," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to "Order of Work" of these special provisions.

Line posts and blocks shall be wood.

Delete the ninth and eleventh paragraphs in Section 83-1.02B, "Metal Beam Guard Railing," of the Standard Specifications.

The grades and species of wood posts and blocks shall be No. 1 timbers (also known as No. 1 structural) Douglas fir or No. 1 timbers Southern yellow pine. Wood posts and blocks shall be graded in conformance with the provisions in Section 57-2, "Structural Timber," of the Standard Specifications, except allowances for shrinkage after mill cutting shall in no case exceed 5 percent of the American Lumber Standards minimum sizes, at the time of installation.

Wood posts and blocks shall be pressure treated after fabrication in conformance with the provisions in Section 58, "Preservative Treatment of Lumber, Timber and Piling," of the Standard Specifications with creosote, creosote coal tar solution, creosote petroleum solution (50-50), pentachlorophenol in hydrocarbon solvent, copper naphthenate, ammoniacal copper arsenate, or ammoniacal copper zinc arsenate. In addition to the preservatives listed above, Southern yellow pine may also be pressure treated with chromated copper arsenate. When other than one of the creosote processes is used, blocks shall have a minimum retention of 6.4 Kg/m^3, and need not be incised.

TERMINAL SYSTEM (TYPE SRT)

Terminal system (Type SRT) shall be furnished and installed as shown on the plans and in conformance with these special provisions.

Terminal system (Type SRT) shall be a SRT-350 Slotted Rail Terminal as manufactured by Syro, Inc., a Trinity Industries Company, and shall include all the items detailed for terminal system (Type SRT) shown on the plans.

Arrangements have been made to insure that any successful bidder can obtain the SRT-350 Slotted Rail Terminal from the manufacturer, Syro, Inc., a Trinity Industries Company, P.O. Box 99, 950 West 400S, Centerville, UT 84014, Telephone 1-800-772-7976. The price quoted by the manufacturer for the SRT-350 Slotted Rail Terminal, FOB Centerville, Utah is $865.00, not including sales tax.

The above price will be firm for orders placed on or before December 31, 2000, provided delivery is accepted within 90 days after the order is placed.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a Certificate of Compliance from the manufacturer in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications. The Certificate of Compliance

shall certify that terminal systems (Type SRT) conform to the contract plans and specifications, conform to the prequalified design and material requirements and were manufactured in conformance with the approved quality control program.

The terminal system (Type SRT) shall be installed in conformance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and these requirements. At the Contractor's option, steel foundation tubes with soil plates attached, shall be either driven, with or without pilot holes, or placed in drilled holes. Space around the steel foundation tubes shall be backfilled with selected earth, free of rock, placed in layers approximately 100 mm thick and each layer shall be moistened and thoroughly compacted. Wood terminal posts shall be inserted into the steel foundation tubes by hand. Before the wood terminal posts are inserted, the inside surfaces of the steel foundation tubes to receive the wood posts shall be coated with a grease which will not melt or run at a temperature of 65°C or less. The edges of the wood terminal posts may be slightly rounded to facilitate insertion of the post into the steel foundation tubes.

Surplus excavated material remaining after the terminal system (Type SRT) has been constructed shall be disposed of in a uniform manner along the adjacent roadway where designated by the Engineer.

SECTION 10-2. (BLANK)

SECTION 10-3. ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

10-3.01 DESCRIPTION

Traffic operations system (TOS) shall conform to the provisions in Section 86, "Signals, Lighting and Electrical Systems," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Traffic operatoins system (TOS) shall consist of the following systems:

1. Changeable message sign system.
2. Extinguishable message sign system.
3. Camera station.

10-3.02 COST BREAK-DOWN

Cost break-downs shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-1.03, "Cost Break-Down," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Engineer shall be furnished a cost break-down for each contract lump sum item of work described in this Section 10-3.

The cost break-down shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval within 20 days after the contract has been approved. The cost break-down shall be approved, in writing, by the Engineer before any partial payment for the items of electrical work will be made.

The cost breakdown shall include the following items in addition to those listed in the Standard Specifications:

A. cables - each size and type
B. extinguishable message sign
C. telephone demarcation cabinet

10-3.03 CONDUIT

Conduit to be installed underground shall be Type 1 or Type 3 unless otherwise specified. The conduit in a foundation and between a foundation and the nearest pull box shall be Type 1.

Conduit sizes shown on the plans and specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions are referenced to metallic type conduit. When rigid non-metallic conduit is required or allowed, the nominal equivalent industry size shall be used as shown in the following table:

Size Designation for Metallic Type Conduit	Equivalent Size for Rigid Non-metallic Conduit
21	20
27	25
41	40
53	50
63	65
78	75
103	100

When a standard coupling cannot be used for joining Type 1 conduit, a UL listed threaded union coupling conforming to the provisions in Section 86-2.05C, "Installation," of the Standard Specifications, or a concrete-tight split coupling, or concrete-tight set screw coupling shall be used.

When Type 3 conduit is placed in a trench (not in pavement or under portland cement concrete sidewalk), after the bedding material is placed and the conduit is installed, the trench shall be backfilled with commercial quality concrete, containing not less than 250 kg of portland cement per cubic meter, to not less than 100 mm above the conduit before additional backfill material is placed.

Conduit runs shown on the plans to be located behind curbs may be installed in the street, within 0.9-m of, and parallel with the face of the curb, by the "Trenching in Pavement Method" in conformance with the provisions in Section 86-2.05C, "Installation," of the Standard Specifications. Pull boxes shall be located behind the curb or at the locations shown on the plans.

After conductors have been installed, the ends of conduits terminating in pull boxes, service equipment enclosures, and controller cabinets shall be sealed with an approved type of sealing compound.

At locations where conduit is required to be installed under pavement and if a delay to vehicles will not exceed 5 minutes, conduit may be installed by the "Trenching in Pavement Method."

At the option of the Contractor, the final 0.6-m of conduit entering a pull box in a reinforced concrete structure may be Type 4.

10-3.04 PULL BOXES

Grout shall not be placed in the bottom of new or existing pull boxes.

10-3.05 CONDUCTORS AND WIRING

Splices shall be insulated by "Method B".

The minimum insulation thickness, at any point, for Type USE, RHH or RHW wire shall be 1.0 mm for conductor sizes No. 14 to No. 10, inclusive, and 1.3 mm for No. 8 to No. 2, inclusive. The minimum insulation thickness, at any point, for Type THW and TW wires shall be 0.69 mm for conductor sizes No. 14 to No. 10, inclusive, 1.02 mm for No. 8, and 1.37 mm for No. 6 to No. 2, inclusive.

Type TW insulation shall not be used for the CMS service feeder, nor for the CMS branch circuit conductors between the service pedestal and the CMS.

CLOSED CIRCUIT TELEVISION CABLES

Television control (TVC) cable shall consist of 15 No. 18 conductors, unshielded and with an outer jacket. Each conductor shall have a minimum of 16 tinned copper stands with a minimum of 400 µm insulation. Individual conductor insulation shall be chrome PVC with a nominal thickness of 1 mm. The outside diameter of the jacket shall not exceed 14 mm.

Color code for TVC cable shall be:

1. Black
2. White
3. Red
4. Green
5. Orange
6. Blue
7. White/ Black
8. Red/ Black
9. Green/ Black
10. Orange/ Black
11. Blue/ Black
12. Black/ White
13. Red/ White
14. Green/ White
15. Blue/ White

Television power (TVP) conductors shall be 3 No. 14 (120 VAC, AC-, equipment ground) individually insulated, stranded copper conductors in conformance with Section 86-2.08, "Conductors" of the Standard Specifications. The conductors shall be color coded black, white, and green respectively.

Television control power (TVCP) cable shall consist of 12 No. 18 conductors, unshielded and with an outer jacket. Each conductor shall have a minimum of 16 tinned copper strands with a minimum of 400 µm insulation. Individual conductor

insulation shall be polyvinyl chloride (PVC), rated for 300 V (see color code below). The jacket shall be chrome PVC with a nominal thickness of 1 mm. The outside diameter of the jacket shall not exceed 12 mm.

Color code for TVCP cable shall be:

1. Black
2. White
3. Red
4. Green
5. Orange
6. Blue
7. White/ Black
8. Red/ Black
9. Green/ Black
10. Orange/ Black
11. Blue/ Black
12. Black/ White

Television video (TVL) cable shall consist of an RG-6/U coaxial cable. Each cable shall be provided with a solid No. 18 copper clad steel center conductor and shall conform to the following requirements:

Electrical	TVL
Capacitance (picofarads/m nominal)	54.1
Impedance (ohms-nominal)	75
Velocity of propagation (nominal)	84%
D.C. loop resistance (ohms/100 m)	11.7

Attenuation at 20˚C:

Frequency (MHz)	TVL (Nominal dB/ 100 m)
5.0	1.90
30	3.64
108	6.40

Physical Specifications	TVL Nominal O.D. (mm)
Copper-clad steel center conductor	1.00
Foam polyethylene dielectric	4.57
Sealed APA tape with 1.6 mm overlap	4.75
Woven aluminum braid	5.39
Sealed APA tape with 1.6 mm overlap	5.49
Woven aluminum braid	6.12
Flooding compound	
PVC outer jacket	7.55

(APA = Aluminum polyolefin and aluminum with adhesive)

TVL cable shall be terminated with BNC plug connector at both ends.

COAXIAL CABLE CONNECTORS (TVL COAXIAL CABLES)

Coaxial cable connectors for attaching Type TVL coaxial cable shall meet the following requirements:

1. **Electrical:**

Impedance	75 Ω nominal
Return loss	30 dB minimum (5 MHz to 300 MHz)
Rated working voltage	500 V rms

2. **Mechanical:**

Type of construction	Integral sleeve BNC
Method of attachment	Crimp-crimp
Composition	Bodies - alloy Finish - chromate conversion, silver plating, or other corrosion resistant metal

3. **Environmental:**

Temperature	-10˚C to +50˚C
Moisture	Weather resistance design

The mating connector for TVL cable in junction box shall be provided. The center contact of this jack shall be beryllium copper.

TESTING

Testing of TVL cables and connectors shall be performed in accordance with provisions in Section 86-2.14B, "Field Testing" of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Cable lengths found to have faults shall be replaced and retested. The removed faulty cable shall be disposed of by the Contractor.

Prior to the beginning of work, each length of coaxial cable shall be tested for attenuation and faults to ensure compliance with specifications contained herein using a time domain reflectometer (TDR). For the purpose of these special provisions, a fault in a long length of cable is defined by one or more of the following:

a. Return loss measurements indicating that attenuation exceeds 3 dB at 5 MHz to 30 MHz in a portion of cable less than 3 m long.
b. A return loss measurement indicating that there is a short in the cable.
c. A return loss measurement indicating a cut or open circuit in the cable.
d. A visual inspection which reveals exposure of or damage to the cable shielding.

TELEPHONE CABLE

The telephone cable (TC) shall consist of 6 pairs of No. 19 solid copper conductors. Conductors shall be twisted in pairs. Each conductor shall be insulated with a high molecular weight, heat stabilized, color coded polyethylene material. The insulation shall be 440 µm nominal.

Color code for TC cable shall be as follows:

1. White/Blue
2. White/Orange
3. White/Green
4. White/Brown
5. White/Gray
6. Red/Blue

The core shall be protected by a non-hygroscopic polyester film with a single longitudinally applied 120 µm thick corrugated copper shield (or 190 µm thick plastic coated aluminum shield). A moisture barrier of petrolatum-polyethylene compound shall be applied over the core tape and over and under the cable shield to fill all cable interstices.

The cable shall be provided with an outer jacket of extruded, black, high molecular weight, heat stabilized polyethylene material. The outer jacket shall have a thickness of 1.5 mm nominal. The outer diameter of the cable shall be 15.25 mm maximum.

Splices will not be allowed, except where shown on the plans.

All conductors shall be terminated inside the telephone demarcation cabinet and the controller cabinet as shown on the plans. All connections from the TBO terminal block to the 8-position connecting block shall be via a cable consisting of 2 pairs of No. 22 solid conductors and shall meet the same specifications as the TC cable.

10-3.06 SERVICE

Type III service equipment enclosures shall be the aluminum type.

Circuit breakers shall be the cable-in/cable-out type, mounted on non-energized clips. All circuit breakers shall be mounted vertically with the up position of the handle being the "ON" position.

Circuits with Model 500 changeable message signs shall have service equipment enclosures which have main busses and terminal lugs rated with amperage rating as shown on plans.

Type H service shall consist of a conduit and conductors with length and size as required by the serving utility company.

The neutral conductor shall run from the service equipment enclosure to the controller cabinet without splicing to any other neutral conductor.

The bottom of the lowest circuit breaker shall be 600 mm minimum above the bottom of the service equipment enclosure.

10-3.07 NUMBERING ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

The placement of numbers on electrical equipment will be done by others.

10-3.08 STATE-FURNISHED CONTROLLER ASSEMBLIES

The Model 170 controller assemblies, including controller unit, completely wired controller cabinet, but without anchor bolts, will be State-furnished as provided under "Materials" of these special provisions.

The Contractor shall construct each controller cabinet foundation as shown on the plans for Model 332 and 334 cabinets (including furnishing and installing anchor bolts), shall install the controller cabinet on the foundation, and shall make field wiring connections to the terminal blocks in the controller cabinet.

A listing of field conductor terminations, in each State-furnished controller cabinet, will be furnished free of charge to the Contractor at the site of the work.

State forces will maintain controller assemblies. The Contractor's responsibility for controller assemblies shall be limited to conforming to the provisions in Section 6-1.02, "State-Furnished Materials," of the Standard Specifications.

10-3.09 TELEPHONE DEMARCATION CABINET

The Contractor shall furnish and install all cable assemblies, punch block, and connecting blocks inside the TDC, except those that are provided by the telephone company (TELCO), as shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Ground rod shall meet the requirements of NEC Article 250-84.

Padlockable drawer latch shall be padlock hasp.

Backboard C shall be secured by a retaining screw.

Duplex outlet and GFCI duplex outlet shall be separately connected to the main circuit breaker.

The bottom plate for TDC shall be 3.2 mm aluminum.

10-3.10 EXTINGUISHABLE MESSAGE SIGN (LED)

Each extinguishable message sign (EMS) shall use the technologies of Light Emitting Diodes (LED) in clusters (pixels), the clusters forming a module, and the modules forming legends in nominal 250 mm size letters. The LED messages shall automatically adjust its light output by means of one or more photosensors installed in the housing. All EMSs may be controlled from the same photosensor. The light output shall be proportional to the ambient light (more light / more output and less light / less output). There shall be at least three (3) adjustable levels of luminance: 100 percent, 30 percent and other levels between 30 percent and 100 percent. The signs shall have a 30 percent luminance manual control per the plans.

CONSTRUCTION

The sign external dimensions and letter layout shall be the same as the fluorescent EMS in the Standard Plans. The sign shall be constructed so that a clear front face panel shall be contained within an extruded aluminum frame having fully welded seams and a powder coat painted with high gloss textured black finish meeting the color standards of Federal specifications 595b, 17038. A 6mm minimum transparent polycarbonate or hardened acrylic front panel shall be encased in an aluminum frame, and hinged to allow access to the interior of the sign. A 9.5mm nominal black anodizes aluminum hex cell louver having 95 percent open area and providing 60 degree shielding shall be installed between the lamp clusters and the front face panel to enhance resistance to sun phantom. The louvers shall be secured in front of the modules with captive type retainers.

The sign shall be gasketed with a closed cell neoprene gasket making the sign rain tight. Stainless steel latches shall provide for quick access to the interior of the sign. The sign shall be provided with devices to retain the face panel in a fully open mode assisting the servicing of the sign. All exterior hardware shall be of stainless steel or cadmium plated materials.

The sign shall be vented on the bottom and shall be provided with an interior temperature controlled ventilation fan. Additional ventilation shall be provided such as to ensure the interior of the housing remains below 55 degrees centigrade without compromising the rain tight integrity. All vents shall have an insect screen installed.

Each letter module shall be comprised of multiple pixels in a 5w x 7h configuration. Each pixel shall consist of at least 12 high intensity LEDs. Each pixel shall be 590nM nominal amber in color having an initial nominal luminous intensity of

9.5 cd on the maximum setting. Each module shall consume no more than 16 watts. Each Pixel shall be removable or replaceable on the module without the use of any tools other than a screwdriver, and each module shall be removable from the housing in the same way, thus making the sign fully serviceable.

All LEDs shall be soldered in place, and the LED leads shall not be shortened or a heat removal device installed. The LEDs shall be of the high power AlInGaP technology.

OPERATION

The unit shall be turned ON and OFF by means of 120 VAC, 60 Hz inputs. The LED messages shall be steadily lit when activated. The sign shall be provided with internal power supplies and dimming capability to fully operate the sign. The unit power factor shall be greater than 90 percent, and current total harmonic distortion shall be less than 25 percent.

TERMINAL BLOCKS

Terminal blocks shall be installed in the interior bottom of the sign housing with sufficient number of terminals to accommodate all of the wiring. All wiring shall be bundled, wrapped, and labeled.

DOCUMENTATION

All documentation shall be submitted to the engineer for approval before ordering or fabrication of any equipment. Complete shop drawings shall be provided and shall include mechanical, electrical, and physical drawings.

GUARANTEE AND WARRANTY

The manufacturer shall provide a Certificate of Conformance to this standard and shall replace or repair any sign that exhibits a failure due to workmanship or material defects within 60 months of delivering the sign to the State. Further, the manufacturer shall replace or repair any sign which exhibits light degradation greater than 50 percent within the first 36 months of delivery, or if more than 20 percent of the LEDs fail during that period.

10-3.11 MODEL 500 CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN SYSTEM

Model 500 changeable message sign (CMS) systems consist of a Model 500 changeable message sign, a Model 170 controller assembly in a completely wired Type 1 or similar cabinet and the required wiring and auxiliary equipment required to control the CMS shown on the plans and in conformance with these special provisions.

The Model 500 changeable message signs, wiring harness and Model 170 controller assembly including controller unit, controller isolation assembly and completely wired cabinet, but without anchor bolts, will be State-furnished in conformance with the provisions in "Materials" of these special provisions.

Model 500 changeable message sign system components will conform to the requirements in "Specifications for Changeable Message Sign System," issued by the State of California, Department of Transportation, and to the addendums thereto current at the time of project advertising. Model 170 controller assemblies will conform to the requirements in "Traffic Signal Control Equipment Specifications," issued by the State of California, Department of Transportation, and to the addendums thereto current at the time of project advertising.

Attention is directed to "sign Structures" of these special provisions.

The sign assembly shall be installed on the sign structure. The controller cabinet foundation shall be constructed as shown on the plans for Model 334 cabinets (including furnishing and installing anchor bolts), the controller cabinet shall be installed on the foundation, and the field wiring connections shall be made to the terminal blocks in the sign assembly and in the controller cabinet.

Field conductors No. 12 and smaller shall terminate with spade terminals. Field conductors No. 10 and larger shall terminate in spade or ring terminals.

A listing of field conductor terminations, in each State-furnished changeable message sign and controller cabinet, will be furnished free of charge to the Contractor at the site of the work.

The location of the foundation for each controller cabinet will be determined by the Engineer.

State forces will maintain the sign assemblies. The Contractor's responsibility shall be limited to conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.02, "State-Furnished Materials," of the Standard Specifications.

10-3.12 CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (CMS) SAFETY SWITCH

Each CMS shall have a disconnect switch, which shall be a UL-listed 100 Ampere, 4 pole, non-fusible switch rated for 600 V maximum. It shall have an electrical interlock to prevent accidental operation and a line terminal shield to prevent accidental contact with the terminals. It shall be housed in a NEMA 3R enclosure with a door latch and provisions for a padlock. The housing shall have a front-operated handle for provisions to lock the handle in the OFF position. The housing shall be mounted 1.8 m high on the exterior of the sign post facing oncoming traffic.

10-3.13 CAMERA UNIT

Each camera unit shall consist of a camera, lens, environmental housing and camera unit cable assembly. The camera, lens and environmental housing, combined, shall not weigh more than 6.8 kg. Each camera unit shall be interchangeable with the existing camera units already installed on various traffic operations system (TOS) projects without changes or adjustments to either the system or the camera unit.

Each camera unit shall be assembled, inspected, and tested in accordance with these special provisions prior to delivery to the job site. Installation, operations and maintenance manuals shall also be submitted at the time of delivery.

Applicable Documents - The following documents of the U.S. Military Specification (MIL-SPEC), Underwriters' Laboratory, Inc. (UL), Electronics Industries Association (EIA) Standards, and other Standards form parts of the specification to the extent specified in these standards. In the event of a conflict between the content of this section and the content of the specification, the standards defined in this section shall supersede.

Military Specification Documents	
MIL-I-45208A	Inspection System Requirements, Dec. 16, 1963
MIL-C-45662	Calibration System Requirements, June 10, 1980
MIL-STD-416A	Electromagnetic Interface Characteristics Requirements for Equipment, Subsystems & Systems, Aug. 1, 1968
MIL-E-5400T	Electronic Equipment, Airborne General Specification
MIL-STD-810	Environmental Test Methods, 19 July 1983
MIL-C-5541	Chemical Conversion Coatings on Aluminum Alloys, June 3, 1970

Underwriters' Laboratory, Inc. and other documents	
UL-796	Printed Circuit Boards
EIA-170A	Electrical Performance Standards Color Television Studio Facilities
EIA RS-330	Electrical Performance Standards for Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Camera 525/60 Interlaced

CAMERA

Approved Camera - The cameras listed below have been approved by the Engineer. Further information such as the source of the cameras can be provided upon demand. Any camera submitted by the Contractor that is not one of the approved cameras listed below shall be stringently compared to the specifications set forth in these special provisions before it is approved by the Engineer.

Approved Cameras:

Cohu 8240
Sony SSC-C374
Burle/Philips TC293C-Z0P2X596

1. General -

a. Each camera shall be self-contained and designed for continuous unattended 24-hour operation.
b. Camera performance shall meet or exceed EIA-170A standards.
c. Each camera shall have automatic sensitivity and black level control so that it operates without further adjustment when illumination ranges from the minimum specified herein to that of full daylight.
d. Each active electronic device within the camera shall be solid-state.
e. Each camera shall have a switch selectable electronic shutter. The shutter speed shall range from 1/60 of a second (off) to 1/10,000 of a second in 8 steps. The control of the electronic shutter rate shall be accessible through a side panel opening. Remote on/off control of the shutter shall be accomplished via an output connector on the rear of the environmental housing.

2. Light sensitivity - At a scene with 50 percent light reflectivity and with light level on the scene measured to be 10 lux and greater, each camera with its 10:1 zoom lens shall generate a picture on the monitor specified in these special provisions which resolves all 10 shades of gray on the EIA Television Test Chart. Not every camera shall be required to resolve the same gray scale when the light level on the same scene is measured to be less than one lux.

3. Electrical Power - Each camera shall operate when the applied voltage is between 95 to 130 VAC, 60 Hz ±0.3 Hz, single phase. The power consumption of camera shall not exceed 10 W. All camera circuitry shall be powered by a regulated, over-voltage protected DC power supply contained in the camera.

4. Synchronization -

a. Each camera shall generate synchronization signals by means of a single integrated circuit.
b. Each camera shall operate with the internal EIA-170A crystal as the sync reference source with the field rate of 59.94 Hz.
c. Each camera shall have the capability of synchronizing to an external input source.
d. The synchronization signal at the video output shall conform to EIA-170A.

5. Scanning - Each camera's mode of scanning shall be two-to-one interlaced at 525 lines, 60 fields per second, as specified by EIA-170A.

6. Video Processing -

a. The video output level shall be maintained to within 3 dB for changes in scene brightness of 0.17 to 109 600 cd/m^2 using a motorized iris lens having a transmission range of F/1.2 to F/1200.
b. Each camera shall have a black-level control system.
c. Each camera shall have an automatic white (color) balance control to maintain proper color rendition by automatically referencing to white areas of the scene. Manual control of the white balance shall be accessible through side panel or remotely controlled via the rear connector on the environmental enclosure.
d. Automatic gain control (AGC). The switch selectable fixed gain response shall maintain the output video level to 90 percent video when the light level on the image sensor falls too low to maintain full video output. The video out will be maintained at 90 percent peak-average setting to optimize video output under varying lighting conditions. The controls for the on/off and peak average adjustments shall be accessible through the side panel of the camera.
e. One 75 Ω (±1 percent) source-terminated, single-ended video output jack shall be provided.
f. An adjustable white clipper shall be provided to limit highlight brightness.
g. The video output level shall be 1.0 V peak-to-peak composite (0.7 V video, 0.3 V sync) signal, polarity black negative, across a 75 Ω load impedance.
h. The minimum signal-to-noise ratio shall be 50 dB at 25°C.

7. Imager -

a. Each camera shall be designed to use a 12.7 or 16.9 mm format solid-state, color, interline transfer charged-coupled device (CCD) imager.
b. The imager shall have a minimum resolution of 768 horizontal by 493 vertical active picture elements.
c. When provided with 6.89 lux of highlight illumination on the environmental housing window, the camera shall provide the following resolution with AGC off:

i. Horizontal center resolution shall be 460 TV lines minimum.
ii. Vertical resolution shall be 350 TV lines minimum in the center and all corners simultaneously.

8. Mechanical -

a. All camera circuitry shall be on a printed circuit board which shall be removable and replaceable using no more than common hand tools.
b. Test points and adjustment identifications shall be etched or silk-screened on the boards.
c. Each camera shall be self-supporting and operable when removed from the environmental housing and shall have a lens adapter ring which accommodates a standard 16 mm C-mount. A back focal distance adjustment shall be provided.
d. Each camera shall utilize the rigidity of the environmental housing for strength against shock and vibration.

9. Environmental Operation -

a. Each camera within its environmental housing shall withstand the following requirements:

i. Operate over an ambient temperature range on -10°C to +50°C with the use of heaters.

ii. Peak random vibration of 5 g from 60 to 1000 Hz, with camera in operation.
iii. Shock up to 15 g in all axes under non-operating conditions.
iv. Exposure to sand, dust, fungus, and salt atmosphere as per MIL-E-5400T paragraphs 3.2.24.7, 3.2.24.8, 3.2.24.9, and 3.2.24.10.
v. Up to 100 percent relative humidity as per MIL-E-5400T, paragraph 3.2.24.2.

10. Picture Quality -

a. The quality of the picture shall be such that most objects in low light levels can be distinguished without excess interference from undesirable picture attributes.
b. Undesirable picture attributes include blooming, transfer smear, vertical register shifting.

LENS

1. General -

a. Each lens shall be fully compatible with the camera provided.
b. Each lens shall have a maximum aperture of no less than F/1.2, and a minimum range of F/1.2 to F/1200.
c. Each lens shall be a 16 mm C-mount.
d. Each lens shall have a minimum zoom range of 10 to 1. The lens focal length for a 16.9-mm CCD camera shall be shall be 10-100 mm, 10.5-105 mm or 11-110 mm. The lens focal length for a 12.7 mmCCD camera shall be shall be 8-80 mm. A 1.5-X extender shall be included with the lens.
e. Each lens shall be equipped with a motorized zoom and focus control.
f. Each lens shall have an automatic, motor-driven iris with manual override. The iris shall be controlled directly through the camera in automatic mode and from the camera control unit in the manual mode. The automatic iris shall provide continuous aperture adjustments of the lens as determined by the amount of light reaching the camera imager. The power supply and electronics for iris motor shall be contained within the environmental housing.
g. Each lens shall be fitted with an intra-spot neutral density filter.
h. Each lens must be able to respond to the following inputs from camera control unit (CCU) for lens control:

Focus near	+9.0VDC @ 100 mA
Focus far	-9.0VDC @ 100 mA
Zoom in	+9.0VDC @ 100 mA
Zoom out	-9.0VDC @ 100 mA
Iris closed	+9.0VDC @ 100 mA
Iris open	-9.0VDC @ 100 mA

i. The travel time for the upper limit stop to the lower limit stop for zoom and focus shall be from 5 seconds minimum to 10 seconds maximum.
j. Each lens shall have the capability of at least 10 pre-positioning positions.

2. Environmental Operation -

a. Each lens within its pressurized environmental enclosure shall withstand the following requirements:

i. Operate over an ambient temperature range on -10°C to +50°C with the use of heaters.
ii. Peak random vibration of 5 g from 60 to 1000 Hz, with lens in operation.
iii. Shock up to 15 g in all axes under non-operating conditions.
iv. Exposure to sand, dust, fungus, and salt atmosphere as per MIL-E-5400T paragraphs 3.2.24.7, 3.2.24.8, 3.2.24.9, and 3.2.24.10.
v. Up to 100 percent relative humidity as per MIL-E-5400T, paragraph 2.24.2.

ENVIRONMENTAL HOUSING

1. General -

a. Each camera and lens shall be mounted in a sealed, cylindrical, environmental housing which shall not exceed 165 mm in diameter and 560 mm in length.

b. The housing shall be fabricated of seamless aluminum tubing Type 6061-T6 and shall be finished with heat reflecting, weather resisting enamel. The rear plate shall be fabricated of Type 6061-T6 aluminum.
c. The front of the housing shall be closed with a clear optically flat glass or Lexan window.
d. The housing shall include a sun shroud which shall be strapped to the housing bindings in such a manner as to minimize heat conduction by maintaining air space between shroud and housing. The shroud shall shield the entire top portion of the housing from the sun, and shall extend a minimum of 76 mm in front of the housing's glass plate.
e. The housing shall not interfere with the widest viewing angle of the lens.
f. The housing shall include a thermostatically controlled heating pad rated at 115 VAC, 100 W maximum.
g. The backplate, which is an integral part of the housing, shall have a nameplate attached bearing the manufacturer's camera assembly model number and serial number.
h. Camera connector -

i. The camera connector shall be designed to MIL-C-28462 Series 1 specifications with solder contacts. It shall be PT-07C-20-39 P, the male counterpart to PT-06A-20-39 S SR.
ii. The connector shall be made of the same shell material and pin arrangement as the PT-06A-20-39 S SR connector on the end of the wiring harness.
iii. The pinout of the connector shall be as shown on the plans.
iv. Each camera connector shall be mounted on the rear plate with an airtight connection and a watertight seal for each conductor on its connecting cable.

i. Each camera shall be designed for operating with the housing purged of air and filled with dry nitrogen to 35 kPa.
j. Valves -

i. The housing shall have two valves, both on the rear end plate of the housing.
ii. One valve shall be a standard Schrader valve. It shall have a tube running from the valve to the front end of the housing.
iii. The other valve shall be an air escape/pressure relief valve preset to 140 kPa.
iv. The two valves shall be arranged such that filling with dry nitrogen from the Schrader valve will force gas to flow from front end of the housing to the rear end and vent through the air escape valve.
v. The leakage rate with both valves closed and the housing pressurized to 70 kPa, shall leak less than 7 kPa per year, and less than 0.7 kPa per month.

k. The enclosure shall be factory pressurized to 35 kPa with dry nitrogen.
l. The notation "CAUTION PRESSURIZED" shall be printed on the rear plate of the enclosed.
m. A safety pressure release bolt shall be incorporated such that the enclosure may not be opened without first releasing the internal pressure.
n. A low-pressure (LP) sensor with related circuitry shall be provided to send an LP alarm (dry contact closure) via the camera connector. The LP sensor threshold shall be preset to activate the LP alarm at 14 kPa.
o. Two units of desiccant shall be placed inside the housing but will not obstruct the camera view or operation.
p. A humidity level indicator strip with discrete indications for 10, 20 and 30 percent humidity, shall be installed inside the housing in a position that allows inspection, while facing directly, through the window without obstructing the view of the camera at the widest viewing angle of the lens.

2. Mounting Base -

a. A mounting base shall surround the enclosure to provide a tamper-resistant attachment of the environmental housing to the pan/tilt unit and securely hold the housing in either an upright or inverted position. The combined height of camera housing and mounting base shall be less than 254 mm. The mounting base attachment shall be as shown on the plans.
b. All fasteners and nuts used in attaching the mounting base to the environmental housing shall be of grade 18-8 stainless steel.
c. Each camera unit shall be provided with three stainless steel hex head bolts to secure the camera unit to the pan/tilt unit.

CAMERA UNIT CABLE ASSEMBLY

1. General - Each camera unit cable assembly shall consist of box mounting socket connector and a wiring harness.

2. Box Mounting Socket Connector -

a. Each box mounting socket connector shall be MS-3102E-28-21S-F80.
b. One full set of crimp contacts shall be provided with each box mounting socket connector.
c. The pinout of the connector shall be as shown on the plans.

3. Wiring Harness -

a. The camera unit cable assembly wiring harness shall be 3 m long and shall be COHU AC27E or other cable approved by the Engineer. The coaxial cables' impedance shall be 75 Ω. One end of each wiring harness shall be type PT06A-20-39S (SR) and shall mate with the camera connector. It shall have a 90-degree end bell, Bendix 10-25997-203 or equal, for strain relief. The end bell shall be positioned such that the opening is 180 degrees from the main key on the connector. The other end of each wiring harness shall be type MS-3106E-28-21P and shall mate with the box mounting socket connector.
b. All connectors shall be potted with an appropriate potting compound for environmental sealing.
c. All connectors' pinout shall be as shown on the plans.

10-3.14 PAN/TILT UNIT

General

a. Each pan/tilt unit, with camera unit attached, shall pan 355 degrees minimum in either direction, and tilt 60 degrees minimum from horizontal position to either up or down positions.
b. Each pan/tilt unit shall be capable of minimum ten preset positions for each pan and tilt operation.

Electrical

a. Each pan/tilt unit shall operate with input voltage of 115 VAC, 60 Hz ±0.3 Hz.
b. Each pan/tilt unit shall not exceed 200 W power consumption.
c. The motors shall be impedance overload protected, two phase induction type, rated for continuous duty and shall be instantaneous reversing.
d. The limit switches shall be rated 5 A, 10 million cycles and with external adjustments.
e. Each pan/tilt unit shall be provided with box-mounting type connector.
f. One mating connector with full set of crimp contacts and strain relief shall be provided with the box-mounting connector.

Mechanical

a. The maximum load shall be 45 kg at 127 mm from tilt table to center of gravity in both upright and inverted position.
b. Each pan/tilt unit shall have maximum dimensions of 400 mm high, 355 mm wide and 230 mm deep.
c. Each pan/tilt unit shall not exceed the maximum weight of 27 kg.
d. Each pan/tilt unit shall be constructed in aluminum casting and plate. All internal parts shall be corrosion protected.
e. Each pan/tilt shall have textured semi-gloss beige enamel finish.
f. All bearings shall be heavy duty ball or roller bearing.
g. All gears shall be hardened steel.
h. All gasket seals shall be designed for all weather protection.
i. Each pan/tilt unit shall have a mounting hole pattern as shown on the plans.
j. Each pan/tilt unit shall have a minimum pan torque rating of 34 N·m and an instantaneous minimum tilt torque of 68 N·m.
k. The pan speed at no load shall be 6 to 8 degrees per second, nominal.
l. The tilt speed at no load shall be 3 to 4 degrees per second, nominal.

Environmental

a. Ambient operating temperature shall be from -10°C to 50°C.
b. It shall be able to withstand vibration of 760 µm total excursion from 5 to 30 Hz and a peak random vibration of 5 g from 30 to 1000 Hz.

c. It shall be able to withstand shock up to 15 g in all axes under non-operating conditions, conforming to MIL-E-5400R, Para. 3.2.24.6.
d. It shall be able to operate in atmospheres up to 95 percent relative humidity, conforming to MIL-E-5400R, Para 3.2.24.4.
e. It shall be able to withstand exposure to sand, dust, fungus, and salt atmosphere, conforming to MIL-E-5400R, Para 3.2.24.7, 3.2.24.8 and 3.2.24.9.

Pan and tilt unit mounting

The nuts and bolts securing the pan and tilt unit to the camera platform shall be hex head and made of stainless steel. Before each bolt is fastened, a locking type coating shall be applied to the threads. The coating shall lock the bolts and nuts in place making it impossible to turn bolt or nut without tools. This coating shall last and be effective through at least 10 insertions and withdrawals of the bolt or nut.

10-3.15 CAMERA JUNCTION BOX

The camera junction box (JCB) shall be constructed as shown on the plans and described in these special provisions. All seams shall be continuously welded. All JCB mounting Hex head stainless steel nuts and bolts shall be 6 mm -20 x 25 mm. Steel surfaces on which JCB is to be mounted shall be drilled and tapped 6 mm -20 thread. Each JCB shall be fabricated from 14 gauge sheet steel. Two 8-32 threaded studs for terminal strip mounting shall be welded on the bottom of the box as shown on the plans. After fabrication the JCB shall be hot-dip galvanized.

A twenty position terminal block with No. 8 lugs and cover shall be mounted on the bottom of the box. Permanent terminal position markings shall be used. A laminated wiring schematic shall be permanently attached to the inside of box cover showing wiring from the camera unit box mounting connector to the terminal block.

10-3.16 CAMERA CONTROL UNIT

General

Each part of each camera control unit (CCU) shall be electrically and physically interchangeable with the like part in any other CCU furnished under this contract.

Mechanical

a. Each CCU shall mount in 133 mm of EIA-310 rack space with a maximum depth of 356 mm.
b. The front panel shall be white gloss color Number 17886 as per Federal Standard Color Chart 595a.
c. The front and rear panel lettering shall be black color Number 17986 as per Federal Standard Color Chart 595a.
d. A high-impedance panel jack BNC (Bayonet Nut connector) connector shall be installed on the front panel as shown on the plans. This connector shall provide video input to a test monitor without affecting the remainder of the CCTV system. This connector shall be directly connected to the video input on the rear panel.
e. A glass type, size 6.35 mm x 31.75 mm (AG) slow blow fuse shall be installed on the front panel. The fuse shall be replaceable from the outside of the front panel.
f. Switches shall protrude no more than 25 mm from the front panel and shall be mounted as shown on the plans.
g. The rear panel connectors shall be mounted as shown on the plans and shall meet the following requirements:

i. Connectors C1-C3 shall be of the following type or equivalent:

C1	AMP 206430-1
C2	AMP 206043-1
C3	AMP 206306-1

ii. The pin and socket contacts for connectors C1-C3 shall be constructed with brass contact body material and with stainless steel spring that are sub-plated with 1.27 µm nickel and plated with 0.762 µm gold. Pin diameter shall be 1.575 mm. Contact size shall be 16.
iii. Each C1, C2 and C3 connector shall use the AMP No. 601105-1 or No. 91002-1 contact insertion and the AMP No. 305183 contact extraction tool.
iv. One mating connector with a full set crimp contacts and strain relief shall be supplied with connectors C1, C2 and C3.
v. The connectors C4 and C5 shall be a DB-25 socket connector.

h. Serial cable assemblies (SCA1 and SCA2) with length of 3 m shall be provided to mate with C4 and C5, respectively.
i. Pin and socket contacts for DB-25 connectors shall be copper alloy body; finished with 0.762 µm gold over 1.27 µm nickel.
j. The rear and front panel BNC connectors shall be of copper material with bright nickel (tarnish resistant) finish for the body and silver finish for the contact.
k. Each printed circuit board shall be vertically installed.
l. Each LED shall be equal to Hewlett Packard High Intensity Red Untinted, Non-diffused LED (Part Number HLMP-D105). Each LED shall be mounted as shown on the plans.
m. A front panel on/off switch shall turn the CCU on/off and shall also control AC power to the rear panel power output connector (C1). The indicator used for AC power shall be green when energized.
n. One coaxial cable labeled "AVO" (Analog Video Output) terminated with BNC plug connectors on each end shall be provided. This cable shall be RG-59/U with overall length of one meter.

Electrical

a. Each CCU shall have auto-iris override.
b. Each CCU shall have circuitry to detect the absence and presence of video sync on its video input. Each CCU shall also have circuitry to monitor the low-pressure alarm contact closure from the camera unit. A local/remote control switch shall be provided to override the lens and pan/tilt controls through C4 when the switch is in local mode. When in local mode, the local control alarm shall be active. Alarm status shall be constantly monitored and updated. Upon receipt of a "status query" message, the CCU shall send alarm status message with data as follows:

"0"	None of the alarms active.
"1"	Local Control (LC) alarm active.
"2"	Low Pressure (LP) alarm active.
"3"	LP/LC alarms active.
"4"	Video Sync Absence (VSA) alarm active.
"5"	VSA/LC alarms active.
"6"	VSA/LP alarms active.
"7"	VSA/LP/LC alarms active.

The front panel alarm light shall be lit if any the alarms are active.
c. Each CCU shall have circuitry for a source character generator. The source character generator shall display 16 alphanumeric characters superimposed on the video image. Each character shall be 28 TV lines high and shall be derived from a standard 5 x 7 dot matrix. The programmed characters shall be stored in a non-volatile memory. Upon receipt of "Set ID" message, the CCU shall position from the camera ID in the video image as follows:

"1"	Upper 15% limit of the left viewing area
"2"	Upper 15% limit of the right viewing area
"3"	Lower 15% limit of the left side viewing area
"4"	Lower 15% limit of the right side viewing area

The characters shall be superimposed on the video signal using non-additive mixing techniques.
d. Each CCU shall be designed to prevent simultaneous operation of pan right/left, tilt up/down, zoom in/out, focus near/far or iris open/close.
e. Each CCU shall have power supply(ies) for camera zoom, focus, motors, control and interface circuits. The voltage for zoom, focus and iris shall be selectable internally by one jumper for 12.0 VDC, 9.0 VDC or 5.0 VDC at 100 mA. The CCU shall be pre-configured with the voltage jumper select set to 9.0 VDC. The operation of zoom, focus and iris shall be as follows:

Zoom in	+VDC
Zoom out	-VDC
Focus near	+VDC
Focus far	-VDC
Iris close	+VDC
Iris open	-VDC

f. The maximum power consumption for the CCU shall not exceed 450 W. Power consumption of equipment attached to pin 1 of connector C1 shall not exceed 100 W. Power consumption of equipment attached to pin 12 of connector C2 shall not exceed 200 W.

g. Each CCU shall have eight independently operating 24 VDC relays (options 1 to 8). Each relay shall be single pole, double throw (SPDT), with contacts rated 1.25 A at 120 VAC.

h. Each CCU shall be capable of a minimum of ten presets and capable of controlling camera units and pan/tilt units equipped with pre-positioning feedback potentiometers. Each CCU shall have circuitry to filter out any electrical noise interference on each of the pre-positioning feedback voltage signal for the camera unit and pan/tilt unit.

i. A system reset switch shall be a momentary-pushbutton type and be mounted on the front panel to function as external reset input to the microprocessor. System reset shall not cause existing pan/tilt and lens positions to change. System reset shall be executed without requiring the operator to hold the momentary-pushbutton for more than one second.

j. The front panel of the camera control unit shall have LEDs and switches to provide the following control functions as shown on the plans.

Function	**Hardware**	**Indicator**
Zoom (In/Off/Out)	(ON)-OFF-(ON)	2 LED
Focus (Near/Off/Far)	(ON)-OFF-(ON)	2 LED
Pan (Left/Off/Right)	(ON)-OFF-(ON)	2 LED
Tilt (Up/Off/Down)	(ON)-OFF-(ON)	2 LED
Iris (Open/Off/Close)	(ON)-OFF-(ON)	2 LED
Iris override (Manual/Auto)	ON-OFF	1 LED
Option 1 (On/Off)	ON-OFF	1 LED
Option 2 (On/Off)	ON-OFF	1 LED
Option 3 (On/Off)	ON-OFF	1 LED
Option 4 (On/Off)	ON-OFF	1 LED
Option 5 (On/Off)	ON-OFF	1 LED
Option 6 (On/Off)	ON-OFF	1 LED
Option 7 (On/Off)	ON-OFF	1 LED
Option 8 (On/Off)	ON-OFF	1 LED
Alarm (On/Off)	ON-OFF	1 LED
Control (Local/Remote)	ON-OFF	
Reset	(ON)-OFF (momentary pushbutton)	

k.

CCU connector assignments	
C1	4 contact connector
C2	14 contact connector
C3	37 contact connector
C4, C5	DB-25 connectors

C1 -- AC Power	
Position	Function
1	AC +
2	AC -
3	Equipment Ground
4	NA

C2 -- Pan/Tilt			
Pos.	Function	Pos.	Function
1	Pan right	8	Pan feedback
2	Pan left	9	Tilt feedback
3	AC-	10	Preset -VDC
4	Tilt up	11	NA
5	Tilt down	12	AC+
6	AC-	13	AC-
7	Preset +VDC	14	Ground

C3 -- Camera			
Pos.	Function	Pos.	Function
1	Zoom	20	Option 3 N.O.
2	Z/F/I Common	21	Option 3 Common
3	Focus	22	Option 3 N.C.
4	Iris	23	Option 4 N.O.
5	Iris Override Common	24	Option 4 Common
6	Iris Override	25	Option 4 N.C.
7	Preset +VDC	26	Option 5 N.O.
8	Zoom Preset feedback	27	Option 5 Common
9	Focus Preset feedback	28	Option 5 N.C.
10	Preset -VDC	29	Option 6 N.O.
11	LP alarm	30	Option 6 Common
12	LP alarm	31	Option 6 N.C.
13	NA	32	Option 7 N.O.
14	Option 1 N.O.	33	Option 7 Common
15	Option 1 Common	34	Option 7 N.C.
16	Option 1 N.C.	35	Option 8 N.O.
17	Option 2 N.O.	36	Option 8 Common
18	Option 2 Common	37	Option 8 N.C.
19	Option 2 N.C.		

Note:
N.O. = Normally open
N.C. = Normally closed
NA = Not Available

C4, C5 -- Serial communication ports to and from external device.			
Pos.	Function	Pos.	Function
1	NA	14	NA
2	Transmit Data	15	NA
3	Receive Data	16	NA
4	NA	17	NA
5	NA	18	NA
6	NA	19	NA
7	Signal Ground	20	NA
8	NA	21	NA
9	NA	22	NA
10	NA	23	NA
11	NA	24	NA
12	NA	25	NA
13	NA		

Serial cables			
SCA1		SCA2	
DB-25 Pin	DB-25 Pin	DB-25 Pin	DB-25 Socket
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
7	7	7	7

Environmental

a. Each CCU shall operate in an ambient temperature environment of -10°C to 50°C.
b. Each CCU shall conform to MIL-STD-810D-516.1 and MIL-STD-810D-514.1 shock and vibration test.

CCU messages

a. Each CCU shall communicate through the C4 serial port with the following communication message codes:

DIREC-TION	MESSAGE	CHARACTER		DATA
		1ST CODE	2ND CODE	
Transmit	Alarm status	A	space	"0"-"7"
Receive	Status query	Q	space	NONE
Receive	Pan stop	p	space	NONE
Receive	Tilt stop	t	space	NONE
Receive	Zoom stop	z	space	NONE
Receive	Focus stop	f	space	NONE
Receive	Iris stop	i	space	NONE
Receive	Pan left	L	space	NONE
Receive	Pan right	R	space	NONE
Receive	Tilt up	U	space	NONE
Receive	Tilt down	D	space	NONE
Receive	Zoom in	I	space	NONE
Receive	Zoom out	O	space	NONE
Receive	Focus near	N	space	NONE
Receive	Focus Far	F	space	NONE
Receive	Iris open	J	space	NONE
Receive	Iris close	K	space	NONE
Receive	Iris manual	M	space	NONE
Receive	Iris auto	m	space	NONE
Receive	Set ID word	C	"1"-"4"	16-ASCII char.
Receive	Home position 0-9	H	"0"-"9"	NONE
Receive	Home position program 0-9	P	"0"-"9"	NONE
Receive	Option on 1-8	S	"1"-"8"	NONE
Receive	Option off 1-8	s	"1"-"8"	NONE
Receive	Enter Echo mode	E	space	NONE
Receive	Exit Echo mode	^]C	This sequence is not in a communication packet	

b. After receiving the "enter echo" command the CCU shall pass all characters from C5 to C4 and C4 to C5. The CCU shall disable all camera movement.
c. When the "exit echo" mode sequence is received on C4, the CCU shall return to normal operation.

Serial communications protocol

a. The communication protocol shall consist of 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no parity.
b. Communication handshaking shall use XON/XOFF.
c. The communication packet shall contain the following items: ADDRESS, CODE, DATA, CHECKSUM, CR. The packet is sent as a string of ASCII printable characters. The ADDRESS, which has its $80 bit set in order to signal the start of the packet. The CHECKSUM is generated by Exclusive-ORing the ADDRESS, CODE, and DATA. The communication byte count shall be as follows:

ADDRESS	1
CODE	2
DATA	≥0
CHECKSUM	2
CR	1

d. The receiver will compute the CHECKSUM. If the computed CHECKSUM is correct the receiver will send ACK, otherwise the receiver will send NAK.

10-3.17 VIDEO ENCODER UNIT

General

a. A prototype of the video encoder unit (VEU) is not acceptable.
b. All equipment shall be off the shelf production units.
c. All equipment shall be new and not previously used.
d. The Contractor shall provide a manual per each unit ordered.

Acceptable equipment

The VEU shall be compatible and interoperable with the existing video decoder unit (VDU), Enerdyne Technologies Model DEC1000R5. No other VEU/VDU pairs shall be different or deviate from other pairs.

Qualifying specifications

a. Video encoding --

i. The VEU shall replicate the adaptive digital video standard (ADVS) for digital compression and transmission of video images.
ii. The VEU shall implement frame sensitive algorithms, joint photograhic experts group (JPEG) to perform frame updating. Motion sensitive algorithms motion picture experts group (MPEG) shall not be allowed.
iii. The VEU shall be compatible with integrated services digital network (ISDN) basic rate interface at 128 kbps and shall comply with bandwidth on demand interoperability group (BONDING) protocol.
iv. The VEU shall be compatible with Switched-56 digital service at 56 kbps.
v. The VEU shall be compatible with advanced digital network (ADN) service at 56 kbps.
vi. The VEU shall be compatible with T1 service at 1.544 Mbps.

b. Physical -- The physical size of the VEU shall be as follows:

Weight	9 kg, maximum
Height	135 mm, maximum
Width	483 mm, maximum
Depth	300 mm, maximum

c. Mounting --

i. The VEU shall be mountable in a standard EIA-310 equipment rack.
ii. Each VEU shall be designed and mounted in such a way that it is easily accessible for maintenance.

d. Primary power input and output requirements --

i. All electrical power distribution, service and wiring components shall be UL listed or equivalent and meet the requirements of the national electric code as well as these special provisions.
ii. Power input shall be 100 to 130 VAC at 60 Hz ±3 Hz.
iii. Maximum power requirement shall be 25 W at 120 VAC.

e. Local control facilities --

i. Local operator control of all essential features of the VEU shall be accomplished by the use of necessary discrete front panel controls and/or switches. Each VEU shall have a front panel status display.
ii. The VEU shall store operator set default parameters in EEPROM to retain system configuration after loss of power. These parameters shall be loaded into volatile RAM during operation where they may be modified by operator set operational parameters.
iii. The VEU shall have a front panel status display.

f. Remote control facilities --

i. The control/status ports shall be EIA-232 with selectable data rates of 1200 to 9600 bps and the connector shall be a DB-25 type.
ii. The control/status ports shall provide telephone dialing, remote and local diagnostics testing, and system configuration.
iii. The control/status port shall provide selection of any of the video inputs.
iv. The control/status port shall provide in-band dialing for all interfaces using the AT and/or V.25 bis command set.
v. The control/status port of the VEU shall override in-band control of the VEU via the VDU.
vi. The control/status port shall provide selection of all network interface data rates and/or services.
vii. The control/status port shall provide user selectable video resolution. Minimum resolution settings shall be 560 (high), 280 (standard), and 140 (low) pixels per line.
viii. The control/status port shall provide user selection of 480 lines interlaced (frame mode) or 240 lines non-interlaced (field mode).
ix. The control/status port shall provide user selection of the compression algorithm quantization levels (Q-factor).
x. The control/status port shall provide cropping of the encoded video image at minimum of 104 percent (overscan), 100 percent, 85 percent, and 63 percent.
xi. The control/status port shall provide control over image attributes including, but not limited to, color hue, tint, and saturation. Section of monochrome or color of the VEU digitized video stream shall also be possible.

g. Video interface requirements --

i. The VEU shall be capable of both color and black/white video operation without modification to the hardware. Minimum motion video resolution shall be 560 pixels x 240 lines for the 525 lines, National Television Systems Committee (NTSC) standard, 60 Hz, composite input. Motion handling capability shall be up to 30 frames per second.
ii. The video interface formats shall be the following:

Composite	525 line NTSC 60 Hz
Component	Y/C: Luminance / Chrominance

iii. The video input for the VEU shall be compatible with EIA-170 at 75 Ω impedance with Bayonet Nut Connector (BNC) type connectors and shall be provided as a minimum the following:

3 video inputs composite
3 video input Y/C

iv. All video inputs shall be software selectable from the front panel on the VEU and from the control/status port.

h. Network interface requirements --

i. The VEU shall have hardware and software selectable network bit rates with the following as a minimum: 56 kbps, 64 kbps, 112 kbps, 128 kbps, 384 kbps, 768 kbps and 1.544 Mbps (T1).
ii. The VEU shall have three network interfaces: EIA-530A, DS-1 (T1 service), and V.35.
iii. The VEU shall transmit compressed and digitized video at a minimum of 95 percent of the available channel bandwidth, whenever bandwidth is not used by telephone, camera controls and or remote diagnostics.

i. Diagnostic and alarm requirements --

i. The VEU shall have self-diagnostic features display on the front panel.
ii. The VEU shall blank video on loss of video input.
iii. The VEU shall regain video lost due to excessive temperature when the temperature has reduced to 69°C.

j. Telephone interface --

i. The VEU shall provide an RJ11 telephone jack for voice communication.

ii. The VEU shall provide 16 kbps bandwidth for telephony within the bandwidth allocated for video only when bandwidth is needed for telephone.

k. Camera control interface --

i. The camera control interface shall provide a half-duplex clear channel for camera control and status user data with the following requirements:

The port shall communicate at a user selectable data rate from 1200 to 9600 bps, asynchronous.
The port shall be EIA-232, and the connector shall be a DB-25 type.

ii. The VEU shall provide bandwidth for camera control within the bandwidth allocated for video only when bandwidth is needed for camera control/status data transmission.

l. Environmental --

i. Minimum operating temperature range shall be from -40°C to 70°C ambient, with guaranteed start up at -10°C. An environmental housing with air conditioning will not be allowed.
ii. Operating humidity shall be from 0 to 95 percent, non-condensing.

Accessory items

The following VEU equipment accessory items shall be supplied by the Contractor as specified in these special provisions:

a. Service and Operations manual describing the video VEU as ordered and in accordance with these special provisions.
b. EIA-530A cable assembly shall be provided to connect the VEU to the integrated services digital network terminal adapter (ISDN TA) unit with basic rate interface that is specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

10-3.18 INTEGRATED SERVICES DIGITAL NETWORK TERMINAL ADAPTER UNIT

General

a. Each integrated services digital network terminal adapter (ISDN TA) unit shall provide an interface between data terminal equipment (DTE) such as the video encoder unit (VEU) or video decoder unit (VDU) and ISDN.
b. Each ISDN TA unit shall include an internal network termination Type 1 device (NT1) interface and include Terminal Adapter functionality. No external NT1 shall be allowed.
c. A prototype unit is not acceptable.
d. Each ISDN TA unit shall be of the current standard production units.
e. Each ISDN TA unit shall be new and not previously used.
f. The Contractor shall provide a manual for each unit supplied.

Qualifying specifications

a. Operation --

i. Each ISDN TA shall support ISDN basic rate interface (BRI) service and shall provide three digital channels capable of simultaneous data and voice transmission via a standard telephone line. The three channels shall include two Bearer (B) channels at 64 kbps and one Data (D) channel at 16 kbps (2B+D).
ii. Leased operation shall support 1B (64 kbps) or 2B (128 kbps) clear channel synchronous configurations.
iii. At data rates over 64 kbps, the BONDING delay equalization protocol shall synchronize data over the two B channels.

b. Data rates --

i. Synchronous: 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 48, 56, 64, 112, 128 kbps; selectable.
ii. Asynchronous: 0.3, 1.2, 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps; selectable.

c. Interoperability -- The ISDN TA unit shall support communications with public switched 56 kbps services and switched 56 kbps channel service unit/data service unit (CSU/DSU) as well as other ISDN TA, ISDN terminal equipment, and BONDING compatible inverse multiplexers.
d. D-Channel switch compatibility -- AT&T 5ESS, NTI DMS-100, National ISDN-1.
e. Dialing --Dialing shall be supported in the following ways:

i. Manually from a front panel keypad.
ii. Automatically from up to ten stored numbers.
iii. Automatically through an RS-366 parallel dial port.
iv. Dialing over the DTE interface using the asynchronous AT command set.
v. V.25 bis in-band dialing over the DTE interface using V.25 bis commands.

f. DTE interface -- The ISDN TA shall provide both EIA-530A and V.35 interfaces. The interface to be used shall be selectable. A three meter male/female EIA-530 interface cable shall be provided with each ISDN TA.
g. Network interface -- Network termination shall be designed into the ISDN unit thereby eliminating the need for an external NT1. Connection to the network shall be made by a telephone company provided 2-wire and/or 4-wire 2B1Q U-interface which is connected directly to an eight-pin RJ45 modular jack on the rear panel of the ISDN TA unit. The ISDN TA unit shall provide two RJ45 modular jacks, where one jack shall be designated for dial-up ISDN and the other jack designated for leased ISDN. The dial-up ISDN and leased ISDN operational modes maybe integrated on a single RJ45 jack if the operational modes are user selectable.
h. Local control facilities --Local operator control of all essential features of the ISDN TA unit shall be accomplished by the use of necessary discrete front panel controls.
i. Remote control facilities -- Remote configuration and control of the ISDN TA unit shall be possible using the AT command set in-band over the DTE interface. Remote call setup and termination shall also be possible using V.25 bis in-band dialing.
j. Diagnostics requirements -- Each ISDN TA unit shall be able to perform a variety of tests that allow problems to be identified and isolated. Testing shall be supported manually from the front panel, or in-band from either the network provider or distant end unit. Internal error checking shall be available for both the local and a remote activated digital loopback.
k. Physical --

i. Each ISDN TA unit shall be secured and mounted on a shelf assembly.
ii. Each shelf assembly shall provide for a minimum of four mounting screws in order to mount the shelf assembly in 89 mm (2 rack units) of EIA-310 rack space.

l. Electrical --

i. Power input voltage shall be 115 VAC ±10 percent, 60 Hz.
ii. Power dissipation shall not be greater than 8 W.

m. Environmental --

i. Operating temperature: 0°C to 50°C, minimum.
ii. Storage temperature: -20°C to 70°C, minimum.
iii. Relative humidity: 0 to 95 percent, non-condensing.

10-3.19 CAMERA STATION

GENERAL

The Contractor shall furnish and install the following closed circuit television (CCTV) equipment at each camera station as described in these special provisions and as shown on the plans:

1. One camera unit.
2. One pan/tilt unit.
3. One CCTV pole.
4. One camera junction box (JCB).
5. One camera control unit (CCU).
6. One video encoder unit (VEU).

7. One integrated services digital network terminal adapter (ISDN TA).
8. Connectors and fittings as required.
9. Cable and conductors as required.

CABLES AND CONNECTORS

The camera unit cable assembly box mounting connector shall be mounted on one side of the JCB and shall be prewired to the 20 position terminal block as shown on the plans. The video signal pins of the camera unit cable assembly box mounting connector shall be terminated to a Bayonet Nut Connector (BNC) jack connector via Type RG-59/U coaxial cable stub.

The television control cable (TVC) and television power conductors (TVP) shall be wired to the 20 position terminal block as shown on the plans. The television control power cable (TVCP) cable shall go through but does not terminate inside the JCB. A watertight strain-relief box connector shall installed at the JCB hole for the TVCP cable.

INSTALLATION OF CAMERA STATION

The work to be done at each camera station, as shown on the plans, as a minimum, shall consist of the following:

1. Attach pan/tilt unit to the mounting plate.
2. Attach camera unit to the pan/tilt unit.
3. Install JCB junction box.
4. Terminate TVC and TVP inside JCB junction box.
5. Terminate television video cable (TVL) inside JCB junction box with a BNC plug connector.
6. Install camera unit cable assembly wiring harness (Type JC).
7. Terminate TVCP with pan/tilt mating connector.
8. Connect TVCP to the pan/tilt unit.
9. Terminate TVL inside controller cabinet with BNC plug connector.
10. Terminate TVP, TVCP and TVC with CCU mating connectors C1, C2 and C3, respectively.
11. Adjust limit stops of the pan/tilt unit as directed by the Engineer.
12. Adjust camera unit to provide the optimum picture for the full range of daylight and night time conditions as directed by the Engineer.

CAMERA UNIT MOUNTING

The camera unit shall be secured to the pan/tilt unit using the stainless steel bolts provided with the camera unit. Before each bolt is fastened, a locking type coating shall be applied to the threads. The coating shall lock the bolt and nut in place, making it impossible to turn the bolt or nut without tools. This coating shall last through and be effective through at least ten insertions and withdrawals of the bolt or nut.

The work to be done between the camera mount and the controller cabinet, as shown on the plans, as a minimum, shall consist of the following:

1. Install conduits and pull boxes as required up to the controller cabinet.
2. Install and terminate TVL, TVC, TVCP, and TVP as shown on the plans.

The work to be done at each CCTV controller cabinet, as shown on the plans, as a minimum, shall consist of the following:

1. Install CCU.
2. Connect TVC, TVCP, TVP and TVL to CCU via their respective connectors.
3. Install VEU.
4. Install ISDN TA.
5. Connect CCU to VEU.
6. Connect ISDN TA to VEU.
7. Install 8-position connecting block.
8. Connect ISDN TA to the 8-position connecting block.

The Contractor shall furnish all materials necessary to provide a complete and functional camera station in accordance with these special provisions. Miscellaneous equipment, and materials not mentioned but necessary to provide a complete and fully operational camera station shall be furnished by the Contractor as incidental to the work for which no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

All items furnished under this contract shall be new and shall be the latest version.

The Contractor shall be responsible for demonstrating proper operation of the camera station using test software and

diagnostics which shall be provided to the Engineer as incidental items at no additional cost. Testing procedures are described elsewhere in these special provisions.

CAMERA STATION TESTING

Prior to removal or relocation of existing CCTV equipment including cables, pole, camera, pan and tilt unit, controller cabinet, etc., the camera station will be tested in the field by the Engineer in the presence of the Contractor. Existing equipment that fail during this test period will be replaced or repaired by the State or, if directed by the Engineer, by the Contractor, and such work will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing fifteen days prior to the scheduled testing.

Upon completion of work, each camera station shall be subjected to post-installation tests as outlined herein. All testing shall be performed by the District Electrical Systems Branch personnel, arranged by the Engineer and in the presence of the Contractor. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing fifteen days prior to the scheduled testing. Upon receipt of the notification, the Engineer shall contact the Electrical Systems Branch at (510) 286-6142. The Contractor shall provide all necessary equipment required to access the CCTV equipment for testing.

The testing shall consist of five consecutive days of continuous satisfactory operation of each camera station. If any material and equipment furnished and installed by the Contractor in this project is found defective or otherwise unsuitable, or the workmanship does not conform with the accepted standards, the Contractor shall replace such defective material and equipment at no cost to the State.

Rejected material or equipment may be offered again by the Contractor for consideration provided all non-compliance has been corrected and pretested by the Contractor. After all defects have been corrected, the camera station shall be re-tested until five consecutive days of continuous satisfactory operation is obtained.

The post-installation tests shall consist of, but not be limited to, inspection and functional testing in accordance with these special provisions.

Inspection shall consist of, but not be limited to, verification of correct wiring terminations, correct cable interconnections, good workmanship and compliance with these special provisions.

Functional testing shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

a. Verification of all local mode CCTV operations using the CCU front panel controls.
b. Verify video signal output from CCU with a National Television Systems Committee (NTSC) monitor.
c. Verify the correct operation of the auto/manual iris and power zoom.
d. Verify the correct operation of the pan/tilt unit. The pan/tilt unit shall be functionally tested over 355 degrees in the horizontal plane and ±60 degrees in the vertical plane. The pan/tilt unit limit stops shall then be adjusted to optimize the camera viewing coverage of the freeway as directed by the Engineer.
e. Verify the correct operation of the preset positions.

10-3.20 CAMERA POLES

Camera poles shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.04, "Standards, Steel Pedestals and Posts," of the Standard Specifications.

10-3.21 CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN STATION The changeable message sign (CMS) station shall consist of installing the following equipment, as shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer:

1. One controller isolation assembly (CIA).
2. Cable harnesses 4 and 5.
3. One CMS panel.
4. One CMS disconnect switch.
5. One controller cabinet including foundation and anchor bolts.
6. Dial-up Modem.

10-3.22 DIAL-UP MODEM

1. General -

a. Each dial-up modem unit shall be Hayes compatible and directly connect to Model 170 controller unit. The unit allows communication between the controller and a host computer over the public switched telephone network. The unit shall offer up to 2400 baud communication, auto-dial answer, speed detect and Hayes command set compatibility.
b. A prototype unit is not acceptable.

c. Each modem unit shall be of the current standard production units.
d. Each modem unit shall be new and not previously used.
e. The vendor shall provide one manual per each unit ordered.

2. Qualifying specifications -

a. Compatibility -

CCITT V.22 bis	2400 baud
CCITT V.22	1200 baud
Bell 212A	1200 baud
Bell 103	300 baud

Automatically adapts to calling or called modem

b. Serial Data Format -

Character asynchronous.
7 data bits with any parity type +1 or 2 stop bits.
8 data bits with mark or no parity +1 or 2 stop bits.

c. Line Requirement -

Public switched telephone network.

d. Line Interface -

Meets FCC Part 68 requirements.
Maximum transmit level -9 dBm at 600 Ω.
2-wire full duplex (Tip and Ring).

e. Operation -

Asynchronous full or half duplex.
Automatic and manual call originate and answer.

g. Modulation -

V.22 bis - Quadrature Amplitude Modulation (QAM).
V.22 and 212A - Differential Phase Shift Keying (DPSK).
V.21 and 103 - Frequency Shift Keying (FSK).

h. NVRAM -

Allows storage of two user profiles and four 36-digit dial strings.

i. Command Set -

Industry standard Hayes “AT” 2400B and 2400.

j. Equalization -

Fixed compromise equalization in transmitter.
Adaptive equalizer for 1200 and 2400 bits per second (bps).

k. Performance -

i. Bit error rate < 1:100,000 bits for a Signal to Noise (S/N) ratio of 10 dB for TxD and 45 dB for RxD.

l. Interface Signals -

RS232C levels with CCITT V.24 protocols.

m. Autodialer Type -

DTMF or pulse type dialing, specified in commands.

n. DTMF Tone Pair Balance -

Better than 3 dB.

o. DTMF Tone Duration and Spacing -

Variable from 50 to 255 ms (Register S11).
Default duration 95 ms.

p. Command Buffer Size -

40 characters maximum.
"AT" spaces and <CR><LF> are not counted

q. Guard Tones -

i. Guard tones of 1800 Hz or 550 Hz is transmitted by the answering modem, for echo suppression. Default no guard tone. Guard tone will not be transmitted in Bell 212A or 103 modes.

r. Result Codes -

Ability to limit, abbreviate, or suppress codes.

s. Receive Carrier Detect -

off-to-on Threshold	-43 dBm
on-to-off Threshold	-48 dBm
Hysteresis	Greater than 2 dB

t. Timing -

Carrier Detect Response Time at 100 ms to 25.5 s (default at 600 ms).

u. Indications -

Indicators for SD, RD, OH, CD, AA, and HS mounted on the front edge of PCB.

v. Power requirements -

Input Voltage	Maximum current consumption
+12 VDC	200 mA
-12 VDC	200 mA

w. Environmental Operating Ranges -

Temperature	-37°C to +74°C
Humidity	95% (non-condensing)

10-3.23 SERVICE MANUAL REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor shall provide to the Engineer a minimum of five copies of service manuals for the camera unit, pan/tilt unit, camera control unit (CCU), video encoder unit (VEU), and integrated services digital network terminal adapter (ISDN TA) unit under this special provisions. Each manual shall contain the following sections and sub-sections.

General information section

a. A list of applicable subassemblies that comprise the specified equipment.
b. Overall description of the equipment design features (including all enhance features if applicable), performance, and applications.
c. Equipment specifications summary.
d. Equipment installation instructions.

Theory of operations section

a. Theory of operation of the standard equipment, with unique or unusual circuitry described in detail.
b. Theory of operation reflecting any modifications to the standard equipment.

Maintenance section

a. Recommended test equipment and fixtures, or minimum operational and performance requirements for appropriate test equipment.
b. Trouble shooting information and charts.
c. Removal and installation procedures for replacing assemblies and subassemblies, if not obvious or if improper sequencing of steps may result in component damage.

Replacement parts section

a. Each manual shall contain an equipment replacement parts list including electrical parts, mechanical parts and assemblies.
b. All semiconductors shall be identified by the supplier's numbers and by JEDEC numbers if applicable.

Diagram section

a. Schematic diagrams(s) identifying all circuit components and showing normal test voltages and levels.
b. An overall functional block diagram.
c. Detailed interconnecting diagram(s) showing wiring between modules, circuit boards and major components.
d. Pictorial circuit board layout diagram(s) showing both component placement and printed wiring detail.
e. Diagram(s) showing location of circuit boards and other subassemblies.
f. Exploded view diagram(s) of complex mechanical assemblies.

Physical requirements

a. All pages, including latest revisions, shall be securely fastened together between protective covers (loose-leaf ring binding is acceptable).
b. No page shall be subject to fading from exposure to any normal source of ambient lighting (ozalid reproduced pages are not acceptable).

10-3.24 TRAFFIC OPERATIONS SYSTEM EQUIPMENT TESTING

Prior to shipping to the project, the Contractor shall submit the following items to the State of California, Department of Transportation Laboratory, 5900 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95819 for acceptance testing:

1. Camera unit
2. Pan/tilt unit
3. Camera control unit (CCU)
4. Video encoder unit (VEU)
5. Integrated services digital network terminal adapter (ISDN TA)

6. Extinguishable Message Sign Panels

Approximately 30 days will be required for the testing. The Contractor will be notified upon completion of the testing and shall arrange for delivery of the equipment to a storage location designated by the Contractor. The costs of such testing and the transportation to and from the Laboratory shall be borne by the Contractor.

10-3.25 PAYMENT

The contract lump sum price paid for traffic operations system shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials (except items covered by other bid items), tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing traffic operations system, complete in place, including all the foundations (except for the changeable message sign), poles, manuals and testing, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

The contract unit price paid for each of the following items shall include full compensation for furnishing all materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, as shown on the plans, as specified in these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer:

1. Camera unit.
2. Pan and tilt unit.
3. Camera control unit (CCU).
4. Video encoder unit. (VEU)
5. Integrated services digital network terminal adapter (ISDN TA).